#### WORKS ISSUED BY

## The Bakluyt Society.

THE DIARY

WILLIAM HEDGES, Esq.

No. LXXIV.

#### THE DIARY

OF



# WILLIAM HEDGES, Esq.

(AFTERWARDS SIR WILLIAM MEDGES),

DURING HIS AGENCY IN BENGAL;

AS WELL AS ON HIS VOYAGE OUT AND RETURN OVERLAND

(1681-1687).

TRANSCRIBED FOR THE PRESS, WITH INTRODUCTORY NOTES, ETC.,

R. BARLOW, Esq.

AND ILLUSTRATED BY COPIOUS EXTRACTS FROM UNPUBLISHED RECORDS, ETC.,

COLONEL HENRY YULE, R.E., C.B., LL.D.,

VOL. I.

THE DIARY, WITH INDEX.

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#### DIARY OF SIR WILLIAM HEDGES.

#### PREFACE

The work now issued to the Society requires some prefatory planation as to the manner in which it is presented, and some information also regarding the Diarist beyond what has been supplied in Mr. Barlow's "Introductory Notes":

A-transcript of the Diary was brought to my notice some years ago by the Rev. James Long, to whom it had been lant by Mr. Barlow. How the Diary itself fell into this gentleman's hards may best be told by an extract from a letter with which be has favoured me:

There was a bookseller in the than istreet, named Bonn, from whom I had made purchases on on, or two occasions, and on September 20th, 1875 (so f. find from my log-book), in answer to my usual inquiry for old Voyages and Tracels, he mentioned that he had noted manuscript which perhaps might internal me. A glance showed me that its author, William Hedges, must be the same gentlemen whom Bance Annals of the K. I. Company, ii, pp. 467-506) mentions as the first Covernor, as well as Agent', for the Bengal Factories. So I bought it at once.

There was no mack, not shoup, not the of any description to indicate the previous owned, but I understood from Mr. Bohn that he had it as part of a lot at a sale; and my impression is that he said a sale of some things belonging to Lord Sondes—and this is all I know about the books history. The condition proved that it had been very lightly eatsemed. I say led a markelly, and I think accurately intending to get it printed. But I disconced that the half-dozen copies I intended to distribute among my few friends, as a manusing 'illustration' of early trade under difficulties, would cost nearly as an entire edition, whilst it would probably realismon, interest a cincle modern individual, so I gave up the idea. Mr. Long, however, happened to the inner life and habits of some of the Honourable Company a servant, so I sent him the transcript.

The fourth Baren Sands died in 1874.

There can be little doubt, I think, that the document came originally from the India House, and possibly it formed an item among the papers which were carted away to be destroyed under a certain order issued by the Secretary of State in Council, at the time when the seat of that body was transferred from the old House in Leadenhall Street to Westminster. If so, it is probably not the first of the records then dealt with, perhaps too hartily, which our Society has made accessible to readers; for the quaint and curious Diary of Richard Cocks, of the English factory in Japan, which was so ably clited for us in 1883 by Mr. Edward Maunde Thompson of the British Museum, may likewise have been one of those namaturally exposed foundlings.

On a cursory reading of Mr. Barlow's transcript it seemed to me that though not a document of very high value, its interest was great enough to render it worthy of being printed by our Society, and would be felt by a greater number of readers than its owner anticipated, especially as published information regarding

4 Probably, however the culpable disposal of the present document occurred at an earlier date; for further acquaintance with the old India records has made me aware of the vast masses of correspondence ... om India that had disappeared, apparently before the beginning of this contary. With regard to the more recent descriction of documents it is resorded on 15th May 1859, that the Committee of the India Office, dealing with such neatters, had "reason to apprehend that official documents, sold as waste-paper for the purpose of remanufacture had, notwithstanding the engagement to the contrary cutered into by the purchasers, been otherwise disposed of." And it was directed that in future an officer of the Record Department should In February 1860 it was directed witness the mutilation of the papers. by the Secretary of State in Council that all useless records at Cannon How (Board of Control) and Leadenhall Street should be destroyed. It was letermined that this destruction should embrace: (1) Duplicate rocontain the Registrat's Department; (2) Factory journals and ledgers from the time Presidencies, with the import and expert warehouse builts. (3) The Proceedings of the Board of Trade (I do not know what these were); 4) Proceedings of the Medical Board; (5) The Drefor accounts; (6 "Cutcherry and Admiralty Proceedings"; (7) Interest a counts, and con tragent bills, with a number of miscellandous books of rescant that were neve which had never bee minalised (about thirty-five immense reliques each year). Also all immens "ass of papers in "Mr. Hornidge's Department". It was estimated that t coleswould amount to some 160 torm! But it did not eventually prove t en mystr:

the early settlements of the Company in Bengal is scanty. The proposal to print it was accordingly adopted by the Council.

The Diary had been furnished by Mr. Barlow with the brief fintroductory Notes" (comprising also a Table of Contents) already alluded to, as well as with a few useful foot-notes, and for the turther necessary editing was placed in the hands of a gentleman who appeared to be interested in the subject. Nothing, however, came of this. The first seed was printed off without my cognisance, or I should have suggested some medication of form. But in a sing the rest of the work through the press nearly all the correction, with the insertion of necessary additional foot-notes, fell upon me. And aventually is became evident that whatever fitther editing the best expected must also be provided by me, if the work was in any degree to assume such form as I deem necessary for the reputation of the Society over which I have the honour to precise. To complete such form an index was required, which I have supplied.

But it was obviously desirable also to obtain, if possible, more internation regarding William Heriges and his connections than Barlow had found in Brace's Assada. The search for this gradually led me to extend my researches in the MS. Records of the India Office, the British Missona, and elsewhere, till I found that a volume was growing under my bonds. Much of this is in type, but there is much yet to complete and some curious questions have suggested inconsistes which require a little time and further research to solve. It has been decided, therefore, to issue the Diary itself with Mr. Barlow's introductory Notices, and my Index, as Vol. i, whilst Yol. ii will contain copfors biographical and historical details regarding Hedges and most of the person, named in his Diary, compiled from the various sources indicated above, and will be separately indexed.

<sup>1</sup> Fort-moves at \$2547-32, 26-41, 60-61. 64, 67, 69, 99-100, 167, 133, 141, 158, 117, 1\*0, 182, 137, 200 (note 2), and 259, were supplied by Mr. Barlow. For the rem under I am responsible.

here of the corrections thate now in the Brests ought properly to have been made in the correction of proofs. But when exceeding the proofs I did not come for that the office of Editor had devolved on the same had not made the resemble which I have since andertaken.

X

(should add before classify this perfect that, since the Dorry was printed Mr. Barlow has liberally presented the original (unch of which is in Hedges' body raph)! to the India Office.

H. YULE

1.e. from the beginning to July 3rd, 1622 (p. 28), and again from the words, "This Diary was thus far", etc. (p. 147), to the oud. The intermediate portion is in the writing of copplets,

#### ERRATA

- Nathanael Letter, just Nathanael Letten; and my
- The med passin, for Richard Frenchfelld, read Richard Trenchfelld,
- two names had been misroad by the transcriber of the copy for the
- i. 13 terminal note in parenthesis. The chief facts of Sif Wm. Henges subsequent career will be given in Vol. ii, as well as those 5f his. nephase Robert, who was the chairman of Council, and at a later date President, in Bengal.
- 7 His 29, for Muvadavad. read Muzadavad.
- 8, Kno 19, for Dustuchs, read Dustucks.
- 12, line 8, for Kergavar, read Kengavar.
- 17/ footnote is erroneous. President Beard who died at Madras was this John Beart's son, as will be detailed in Vol. 7.
- 32, in footnote, for Masters, read Master.
- 40, second line from foot of note. Fyre should be Byre or Kyres. See Vol. ii.
- 4t, regarding Mr. Catchpoole's history see Vol. II.
- 65, line 20, purga or pyrya seems to represent a local Balasors serge the
- 64, note. "A generall" was an official letter usually signed to members of the local council.
- 87, time 10, for Emir Pussick, read Emir Pussick, 44, the Mis-wine, "Master of the Ceremonies".
- 22, line 1, for Hohun, read Mohun.
- A. line 25, for Impost, read Imprest.
- lin 8, for Lowdon, road Powdon.

- Page 177, footnote la erreccious, as at 2, 10 John Brand, centre, died & Hugli, Aug. 28, 1685.
  - , 220, line 1, for Spaha, read Spahan.
  - , 234, crase footpote. I see that it this periodic ME has place to distall the course to Medical towards a proper server to make the Medical towards. the latter place.
  - , 245, Rise 1, the original MS, reads borrough, Wes new; in note, the for Tause, read Janse.

1. Y.

#### ANTRODUCTORY NOTES AND TABLE OF CONTENTS

20 THE

#### DIARY OF SIR W. HEDGES.

By Mr. R. BARLOW.

In attempting to explain the following Diary of Mr. (afterwards Sir William) Hedges, commencing Nov. 25, 1681, and terminating abruptly March 6, 1688, it may be desirable to quote Bruce as to the position Mr. Hedges occupied.

"1681-82.—The trade to Bengal, both in its origin and progress, had hitherto been subservient to that of the Coromandel Coast, and under the control of the Agent and Council of Fort St. George. This control, however, had been irregularly exercised, probably from the circumstance of the Agent at Hooghly, and not unfrequently at the lesser Factories, having an eventual title to succession, sometimes to the Government, and often to a seat in the Council of Fort St. George. It frequently occurred also that this control was evaded by the expectation of succeeding to the Government of the Fort, at which an opportunity would be given to justify proceedings improper in themselves, and sometimes the foundation of blame by the Court. These removals of Agents and Factors, managing the Company's interests or the coast or in Pengal, had produced irregularities, the hast and most striking instance of which was the diministion Mr. Master at Fort St. George, and the confirmation of Mr. Job Charneek as Chief of Cossimbuzar. It was there

or was of the Hon. E. I. Company, vol. ii, 466.

determined, on taking into consideration the evils resulting from the dependency of the Bengal Factories on the Fort, to constitute the Agency at Hooghly a distinct and separate Factory from Fort St. George But, in an affair of such importance, that they might act with certain knowledge the Court appointed Mr. Hedges, a member of their Committees (or what in modern times would be termed a Director of the East India Company), with special powers, to be Agent and Governor of their affairs in the Bay of Bengal, and of the Factories subordinate to it, or Cossimbuzar, Patna, Balasora, "Malda, and Dacca; and directed that the Stock of £230.000. appropriated for Bengal, should be distributed as follows: viz., £140,000 to be sent to Cossimbuzar; £14.500 to Patna; £32,000 to Ballasore; £15,000 to Malda; £16,500 to Dacca; and £12,000 to remain at Hooghly. After specifying the Silks. Cloths, and other articles expected from each of these Factories to form the investment of the season, the Court repeated their orders against the Interlopers, and directed that a corporal of approved fidelity and courage, with twenty soldiers, should proceed from the Fort to be a guard to the Agent's person and the Factory of Hooghly, and to act against the Interlopers. Such was the foundation of thus Company's government in Bengal, or what became, in this. sequel, the centre of commerce, and the seat of government in British India."

"It appears", [by letters from the Agent and Council at Hooghly, and the Agents at the subordinate Eastories in Bengal, 27th May, 14th and 19th July, and Sept. 2, 1682] "that Mr. Hedges the Director had arrived at Hooghly," and intimated his commission and the new plays of commercial administration with which he was partially But that he had found both Hooghly and the relief basis. But that he had found both Hooghly and the relief basis. Mogul for levying 31 per cent. Customs.

Cossimbuzar, Ballasore, etc., were struggling to be exampted from this tax, and making such purchases as would make the Company's orders."

It appears from Mr. Hedge's Diary that he decided to visit the then Nuwab, Shaista Khan, at Dacca, to obtain remission of this tax of 3½ per cent., and left Hooghly about Oct. 10, 1682, for this purpose, via Cossimbuzar, so as to consult with Mr. Chamock, the Agent there. He was politely received by the Nuwab on October 29, at Dacca, three days after his arrival, and it appears that the acquaintance he displayed with Turkish and Arabic made a favourable impression. He was accompanied by a Vakeel, James Price, to interpret apparently, but, completely failing to obtain any thing but conditional promises, left Dacca about December 15.

As early as Dec. 1, Mr. Hedges had listened to scandalpossibly true-as to Job Charnock's moral character, and every little trifle from this time seems to have embittered his A second visit to Cossimbuzar, April 15, 1688, dislike. brought about an open rupture; and Mr. Hedges, who could not understand the sugviter in modo, commenced with a fortiter un re examination into several discreditable abuses: on the part of subordinates, and became unpopular, and worse. He was unquestionably a zealous and (pecuniarily) honest man; but his dislike to Mr. Charnock became so notorious, that [April 26] even the native officials found their advantage in fomenting disputes, by which, of course, the Hon. Company were sufferers in the end, and themselves gainers; and after Oct. 12, 1683, the feud assumed a character of hopeless antagonism.

There is an hiatus in the Diary from Jan. 12, 1684, till July 2nd of that year, in consequence, it is stated, of his sending this very diary home by "yo Herbert, Capt. Henry, Udall", "to my brother Sambrooke"; and on July 17, Mr. 15.4

Bruce's Annals of the Bast India Company, vol. it, 400

received private information, by a ship from Madras, that he had been dismissed by the Court.

1684 .- In explanation of this dismissal, Bruce states:-

"As Mr. Hedges had been appointed by the Court to be Agent, with a Council, at Bengal, independently of any subordination to Fort St. George, it is material to look at the proceedings of this supervisor and at the effects of his measures on the sales and export from Madras, as well as on the general interests of both establishments."

"It might have been expected that Mr. Hedges, from his

dismissed from the service.

"This circumstance induced the Court to recode from the plan of rendering Bengal independent of Fort St. George, and to appoint Mr. Gyfford the Agent at the Fort, to be Agent at Bengal, with the title of President over both settlements."

Governor or Chairman of the East India Company, he not only lost the confidence of the Court, but the opportunity of controlling their servants abroad—and, therefore, he was

Gyfford assumed formal charge at Hooghly Factory

Aug. 30, 1684, and certain entries in Mr. Hedges' Diary, under date Sep. 1, 1684, and Feb. 6, 1685, sufficiently prove that Mr. Bruce was correct as to the "opening letters".

Mr. Hedges remained at Hooghly, after his supersession, until Christmas 1684, when he somewhat precipitately quitted, and joined the *Recovery*, a barque which he had apparently chartered, and loaded for a voyage to Gombroon.

Accompanied by his nephew, Mr. Robert Hedges, Mr. Nathanael Letter, and Mr. Robert Dowglasse, "chirurgeon", Mr. Hedges left "Barnagore" on Dec. 31, 1684, reached Balasore Road, Jan. 10, 1685, receiving there a severe protest from Mr. John Beard, "Agent at Hooghly", for abducting a Mr. Gough from his duties, etc. The Recovery proceeded, however, the same night, and reached Madras Feb. 2. Mr. Gyfford happened to be in the Fort, and received Mr. Hedges politely with a "salute of 15 guns".

Leaving Madras Feb. 7, 1685, the Recovery had a tedious passage, and was in danger among the Maldive Islands on March 6, 7, and 8. She reached Museat April 29, and left for Gombroon May 15, 1685, did not, however, go there, because a squadron of seven or eight Dutch ships were in the Port. He steered for Cong, arriving there May 27, 1685; and here Mr. Hedges left to travel thence by Lar, Ispahan, Bagdat, Mosul, Diabekir, Aleppo, Iscandroon, Tunis, Sardinia, Toulon, Paris, and Calais, to Dever, arriving at the latter port on April 4, 1687, after a journey of two years and three months from Bengal. The actual time Mr. Hedges held office in Bengal was:—

From July 21, 1682 Till August 30, 1684

<sup>2</sup> years 1 month.

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| Defence left the Downs  |               | - '      |             |          | Jan.   | 28   |
| Mr. Richa               | rds, Chief of | f Balas  | ore, died l | Feb. 2.  |        | -1   |
| ,, left St. Jago        |               |          |             | 3.       | March  | 1 4  |
| ,, off Cape Agulh       | 88            | -        | ¥ •         |          | May    | 25   |
| The first r             | narinez dicd  | -of S    | curvy—Jt    | me 16.   |        | :-   |
| " sighted Ceylon        |               |          |             |          | July   | 7    |
| , reached Balason       | re Roads      | _        |             |          | 15     | 18   |
| Mr. Hedges left in the  | loodhope, an  | d proce  | eded to H   | ooghly   | 1)     | 21   |
| Assumed charge of the   | Factories at  | Hoogh    | ly, etc.    |          | ,,     | 24   |
|                         | had lost Bar  |          |             | .)       | "      |      |
| Left Hooghly for Dacce  | , to negotia  | te with  | the Nabo    | b -      | Oct.   | 14   |
| Calls en route at Coss  | imbuzar to    | confer   | with M      | . Job    |        |      |
| Charnock -              |               |          |             | 130      | , ,,   | 19   |
| Interview with Shaista  | Khan, at Da   | BCC8     |             | 0.10     | - 31   | 29   |
| is informed of the Nuv  |               |          | the Com     | pany's   |        |      |
| trade -                 |               |          | • 1         |          | Dec.   | 7    |
| Left Dacca after a stay | of 51 days    | 4        |             | . /      |        | 15   |
| Return to Cossimbuzar   |               | -        | • •         | *        | 1)     | 26   |
| Counted the bales of Si | lk in store ( | 500 no   | t yet price | ed) -    | ,,     | 27   |
| Returned to Hooghly I   |               |          | • .         |          | 99     | 30   |
|                         |               |          |             |          | 1689.  |      |
| Left Hooghly for Balas  | ore to "desp  | atch" t  | he ships b  |          | Jan.   | 22   |
| N.B There seem at th    | ia tima to h  | ava haa  | n 7 Sloom   | front :  |        |      |
| as occasion require     |               |          |             |          |        |      |
| 6 Goodhope              | Sagres He     |          |             |          |        |      |
| adapollain              | John Han      |          | MADVOY.     | ٠, ٠     |        |      |
| rrivall                 | 0 0.64 74.44  |          | *           |          |        |      |
| homas                   | Mr. How,      | Mr Sec   | tt (Anril 4 | 1688\*   |        |      |
| anyer                   |               |          | (2.2 pr. 1. | ,,       |        |      |
| illy .                  | afterward     | Lost o   | n Balasor   | e bar.   |        | 3    |
|                         | June 24       |          |             | 7 7 1    | · .    |      |
| Mr. Hedges dispatched   |               |          | d Wash      | السنه    |        | - 84 |
| Balasc.e                | WIO DEJETH    | ve, was  | n. Design   | TOOL     | Jan    | 04   |
| Mr. Tyler, an Interlope | r heines alan | Kernan B | T           | . i      | Feb.   | in   |
| Mr. Hedges visits the   | Neiloham      | Raint    | LOUIS TOURS | WILLY TO | ren.   |      |
| Balasore to plan a      | Saltnoise (1) | rinjad,  | OHU I VIU   | THE CHA  | March  | . R  |
| bioni a                 | ~mapema ()(   | MOM II   | • `         |          | winter |      |
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| Dustony  | ***           | ., 28     |
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|--|--|---------|
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| plaint   | 30   |
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| Mr. Hedges quits Hooghly and goes on board Recovery, these   | , 4  |
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| Calls on the Dutch Padre for his interest to procure a   | <b>) 20</b>                                |
| Dutch flag to fly in his Budgero. The Dutch  | 1  |
| "Directore" decline to genuit such an innovation   |  |
| The Recovery drops down to Great Tambah  |  |
| The Report & Gold Gows to Oxens Themen -   | 19 01                                      |
|  | -  |
| Reached Hidgellee  | 1000.                                      |
| Rows in the Budgess sound the first the state of the stat | <b>Jan</b> . 5                             |
| Rows in the Budgero round the Leland of Redgeres.  | rysess (********************************** |
| Recovery anchors off the Brace, and presents Mr. George  |  |
| Heron with 50 Rupess for piloting service.   | 17.0%                                      |
| Sailed into Balasore Road, and received cargo  | 9 10                                       |

<sup>1</sup> The English were expelled from Bantam by the Datas on the 1082.

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| A protest, received from Mr. Beard for taking R. Gou       | oh .       | 100      | u,       |
| away, unnoticed. Vessel leaves the road at midnig          | zht        | Jan.     | 10       |
| Recovery falls to leeward off Madras, and anchors off      | St.        | 10 mg    |          |
| Thorné   | •          | Feb.     | 2        |
| Hedges politely received by Mr. President Gyfford wi       | ith .      |          | ,        |
| Recovery leaves Madras for Muscat and Gombroon             |            |          | 7        |
| Mr. Hedges recapitulates his grievances (52 letters seizes | ai .       | . 11     | • ."     |
| Meets Syam Merchout with 106 passengers for Gombro         |            | ·        |          |
| (off Comorin)  | */25       |          | 26       |
| In a difficulty among the Maldives (about Lat. 6° 40' N.   | ١.         | March    |          |
| Anchor to the westward of one for the night                | , -        |          | 9        |
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| Allowance of water reduced to 3 pints. Sun vertical        | _          |          | 7        |
| linaginary discovery of a plot                             |            | "        | 12       |
| Sight Miserie (Moseirah) Island                            |            | •        | 23       |
| Anchor at Muscat (and remained 15 days) -                  |            | 11       | 29       |
| Mention made of Sir Thomas Grantham                        |            | , **     |          |
| Left Muscat and waited for the Welcome to tranship goo     |            |          | **       |
| for Bussora  |            | May      | 15       |
| Passed Gombroon, and proceeded to Cong.                    | -          | •        | 37       |
| Mr. Hedges ill there nearly 2 months (hiaru                | a).        | ,11<br>1 | ٠.       |
| Sets out for Lar in a litter, July 29. Arrives there       | .,.        | Aug.     | 5        |
| Castle at Lar described shortly as 126 miles from Gor      | n-         | <b></b>  | •        |
| broom  | ·-         | -        | 11       |
| Some brass Portuguese guns there, one 94-inc               | ch -       | , "      | <b>-</b> |
| bore, dated 1618.  |            |          |          |
| Leave Lar for Ispahan, via Shiraz                          |            | ,,       | 18       |
| Reach Shiraz (192 miles from Lar), and remain 6 days       |            | "        | 25       |
| Pass over a bridge of four arches at Zurgoon -             |            | ,,,,     | 29       |
| Visit Chil-Minar (Persepolis).                             |            | ,,       |          |
| Enter Ispahan (219 miles from Shiraz)                      |            | Sept.    | 9        |
| Entertained by Mr. D. Edwards, "Chief of ye Hon. Com       | p. ,       |          | 7        |
| Persian affairs"   | •          | ., 1     | 9        |
| Engaged a house at Julia in the suburbs, for warehous      | e.         |          |          |
| etc.   |            | "        | 11-      |
| Visited by the King of "Swedeland's" envoy, and by the     | ne         | .,,      |          |
| Dutch do.  |            |          |          |
| Has the honour of a gertle nod from the Shah               | <u>.</u> 4 | ·        | 18       |
| Visited by the Pope's Nuncio, and visited the King of      | of         |          | 1.5      |
| Poland's Ambassador  | -          | 19       | 30       |
| M. Varino, a French watchmaker, in the character of        | A          | - 2      | *        |
| Guide -  |            | Oct.     | 80       |
| Do. do.  |            | Nov.     | A        |

|  |            |          | 168       | 5.  |
|--|------------|----------|-----------|-----|
| Mr. Hedges hires 125 camels and 13 Mules       | e          |          | Dec. 1    |     |
| In comp. with his Nephew, Mr. Douglas, an      | d Mr.      | Letter,  |           |     |
| starts from Ispahan -                          |            |          | **        | 13  |
| Compelled to remain two days at Cogga, be      | causo:     | a camel  | -         |     |
| broke its leg                                  | -          |          | 3,7       | 20  |
| •  |            |          |           |     |
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| A sick camel driver supposed to be frozen      | to d       | eath at  |           |     |
| Feraspa  | -          | 3 3      | Jan.      | . 5 |
| A Robbery of silk and money at Kergauar        | •          | •        | ,,        | 6   |
| Detained at Kirmausha for Duties, etc.         | 16         | - •      | Jan. 11 o |     |
| Bread of barley and acorns at Aslan Chesmes    |            | •        | Jan.      | 30  |
| Much snow, succeeded by torrents of rain, a    |            | msura    | Feb.      | 10  |
| In danger of losing goods, and lies in the gul | llies.     |          |           |     |
| Reach Bagdad after 71 days from Ispahan!       | •          | •        |           | 21  |
| Takes a house, and receives a Phirmaund        | to be      | treated  |           |     |
| with respect                                   | •          | -        | **        | 23  |
| Heavy bustom duties, and reflections.          | ,          |          |           |     |
| Curious arrangements for the journey to Alex   | ppo.       |          |           |     |
| Remain at Bagdad 50 days, till                 | •          | •        | April     | 11  |
| Visit the Birs el Nimrood                      |            | -        | 19        | 14  |
| Engage Usier-Beg, for 550 dollars, to supply   | r 50 hc    | rremen   |           |     |
| as a guard as far as Mosul                     |            | ` •      | **        | 19  |
| Pitched near the Zab                           |            |          | 19        | 28  |
| Arrive at Moral (about 195 Geog. miles N.,     | 18° V      | V. from  |           |     |
| Bagdad) · · ·                                  | <i>"</i> . |          | ٠.        | 33  |
| Consin Letter leaves on a raft on the Tigri-   | s for .    | Bagdad   | May       | 12  |
| (Stay at Mosul 25 days.)                       |            | •        |           |     |
| Leaves Mosul and ferries over the Tigris en    | route t    | o Diar-  | •         |     |
| bekir  |            |          | ,,        | 26  |
| Description of Cura                            |            | -        | June      | .3  |
| The Pasha of Kirkooke                          | -          | - "      | ,,        | 10  |
| Extortion of Mehmet Usier                      |            |          | ,,        | 13  |
| Reach Diarbekir (about 176 Geog. miles from    | n Mos      | nl) -    | ••        | 19  |
| Remained 16 days.                              |            | ,        |           | ď   |
| Theft and Justice                              |            | 26       | July      | 2   |
| Leaves Diarhekir for Aleppo (51° W., dist, 15  | 9 G. r     | niles) - | 11        | 6   |
| Severe illness on the road, and remedy         |            |          | ,,        | 11  |
| Reach Aleppo (just 12 miles from Cong)         |            | -        |           | 29  |
| (Remained in extreme ill health 84 days.)      | -          | 1.       |           |     |
| Quite Aleppo for Scanderoon (N. 67%, W. 59     | an.        |          | Oct.      | 26  |

Distance not stated; it is about 380 geographical miles as the crow  $\theta$  flies.

Leaves Scanderoon, with Nephew Hedges, in a French " Provincial" ship for Marscilles -Nov Touches at "Solinus" (Cyprus) Left Cyprus Gale off Candia -Dec. Pass on eastern side of Sardinia 19 Abreast of Corsics, and run South in a Northerly gale Take refuge in Turis Bay -Leave and put back again. Kindnesses. Quit Tunis finally Jan. 16 Anchored for refuge in Palma de Sol (Sardinia, West side) Left and returned three times. 28 Hard gale-drove-so cut away mainmast Resigned passage, and embarked in a Settee 81 An occurrence at St. Pietro, and at Orestano (Sardinia) Reached Toulon (and went into Quarantine) Released, and arrived at Marseilles Set out for Lyons Feb. 28, arrived March Reached Paris March 13, and left 26 Reached "Callis" March 29, and embarked for Dover 2 P.M. 8 Landed at Dover Interview with Lord High Chancellor Jefferys July Married 1688. March 6

Knighted

<sup>(</sup>Subsequent career unknown; but a Mr. Hedges, possibly the nephew Robert, was Chairman of the "English", Company, or President on alternate weeks with Mr. Halsey, of the "London' Company. See Bruce, vol. iii, 50.)



# A Journall kept by WILLIAM HEDGES from ye day of his, receiving a Com'ission from ye Right Worp!! ye Gov', Dep'y, and Comittees of ye Honble. English East India Compy to be their Agent and Gov' for their affaires in ye Bay of Bengall and in the East Indies.

Viz.

#### THE LOG TO BENGAL

1681,

November 25, 1681, my combission was given to me. by y Right Month S Josia Child, Bur, being then Gov. and Thomas Papillon, Deputy.

Nov. 30 .- Departed from London towards Deal.

2966 2 -Arrived at Deal.

The Defence, Capt. We Heath, Command, on whom I was ordered by y' Hon's Comp' to take my passage, with my wife and family, arrived in y' Downs, whereof I, gave y' Comp', notice by letter from my selfe and M' John Beard. The same night I ree' the Company's dispatches to me by M' Zinzan.

Dec. 19.—The Resolution, Capit Francis Wilshaw, Com'and', arrived in the Downer.

1682. Aon. 4.-The shippe Expediction, Capt. Ally, Com'and, an Interloper, arrived in y Downes from Forto Novo.

Jun 13.-The Engle, President, and Berkeley Castle arrived in y Downes from y Coast and y Bay of Bengall. The Society, Persia Merchant, and Becondiston from Bantan.

Jan. 28.—The Resolution and Defence, about 4 o'clock in y' afternoon sailed out of y' Downes with a fair wind.

Jan. 29.—About 2 in y afternoon, we came up with y Isle of Wight.

Jan. 30.—By 12 o'clock at noon we got up with y Lizard. The Cale.

continuing so freshes, we can 9 knots.

Feb. 2.—It pleased God to take out of this world M', John Richards. appointed Chief of Balasore.

Feb. 3.—By observation were in y Latitude of 42 Degrees.

Feb. 6. This day little wind. By observation were in y Lat. of 394.

Feb. 8.—Were in Latie of 38° 80' by observation,

Feb. 10.—We had a good observation, and were in y Lat of 85° 40'.

Feb. 11 and 12 .- Calme.

Feb. 18 .-- We were in y' Lat' of 332, but saw neither Porto Santo nor y' Madera Islands.

Feb. 14.-Lay becalmid.

Feb. 15 .- We were in y' Late of 31°.

Feb. 16.-We saw y' Pike of Tenerifie.

Feb. 18 .- We gott up with " Island of Teneriffe.

Feb. 20 .- Little wind, but were gott into y Late of 26° 80' N.

Feb. 21.—The wind began to freshen at N.E. and N.E. and b N.

Feb. 22.-From yesterday noon to this day noon we had a fine fresh gale at N.W.; by our log we had run 117 miles. Our course S.W. and by S. and were in y. Lat. of 24° N. This afternoon, the gale freshening at N.N.W., we steered S.S.W., and by 8 o'clock this night judged ourselves within y' Tropic of Cancer.

Feb 23.—These 24 hourse y gale continued fresh. By y log we ran 158 miles; our course S.S.W. The wind at N.E. and N.N.E., our

Lat\* 21° 30' N.

Feb. 24.—These 24 hourss a fresh gale. Have run by our Log 165 miles, our course S.S.W.; wind N.E. and N.E. by E., Lat\* by observation, 18° 50' N.

Feb. 25.—These 24 hours y gale continued. Have run 163 miles, our course S. b W., and y wind N.E. b E., Lat' by observation, 16° 14' N.

Feli, 26.—We saw y Isle of May [Mayo], being in y Lat, of 15° 7' N.

Feb. 27 .- By 7 o'clock in y' morning it placed God to the safety to S' Jago, being y thirteenth day since we came out of Downes. Here we met with y Bhrbadoes Marchant, a small wand of Plymouth, James Cock, Master, bound for Barbadoss 1880 mules, and Africos, bought at y' Iale of " May", by following letter to y' Honorable Comp', viz.:

#### "From about

" May it please your Honors,-

"On y' 28 Ult this shippe and y has Downes, with a fair wind, web continued 30th by Noon we were up with the pleased God to take to himselfe M. John B

his foot in his cabbin 3 nights before, which we apprehend (by y great effusion of blood out of his mouth and nose before he died) broke something within him. God prepare us all for y like change!

"The Wind continuing still in our favour, on y 3" Instant we gott into y' Latitude of 42°. On y' 18" Detto we were in 384 degrees, but so far to y' Eastward of Porto Santo and y' Madera Islands, that we saw them not. Here we were so troubled with calmes and contrary winds, y' it was y' 18" Detto before we came up with Teneriffe; and this morning (God be praised) both our Shippes and men arrived here in safety, all in good health, with y' lose, only of one of y' Resolution's said vs. Thomas Coops, who dyed the 16" Instant.

"In Port we mett y Barbadoes Merchent, a small Shippe of Plymouth, James Cock, Master, bound this night for Barbadoes, by whom this is intended. After us, this morning, came in a small Dutch Shippe, bound for Saranam, who shall carry its duplicate. Our business here being only to water and recruit ourselves with fresh provisions, we shall lasten its despatch (what possibly we can) to proceed on our Voyage with all expedition, which we pray God may have an end no lesse prosperous and gracefull than it has a beginning.

"These 2 Shippes sail so much alike y' we cannot say which sails best

We designe, God willing, to goe Without Madagascar.

"This being all that has happened to us remarkable in this voyage, we com'it you, your affaires, and ourselves to y Divine Protection, resolving always to approve ourselves,

" Your Honors'

" Most humble, faithfull, and obedient Servants,

"FFRANS WILSHAW.
"WM. HEATH.

Wm. Hedges.
John Beard."

March 4.—This morning, between 10 and 11 o'clock (having supplyed ourselves wh water and fresh provisions), we sett call from S Jago.

March 5.—From y time of our departure yesterday from S. Jago to 12 o'clock this day, we have run, by our log, 207 miles; our course S.E. by S.; the wind at N.E.; our latitude, by observation, 12° 88′ N.

March 6.—These 24 hours fair weather and fine fresh gale. Run 120 miles, course J.E. b. S.; wind, N.E.; latitude by observation, 10° 56' N.

March 7.—These 24 hours fair weather, a gentle gale. Run 98 miles, course S.E. b. S., wind N.E., latitude, by observation, 9° 30' N.

March 8.—These 21 hours fair weather, gentle gale. Rvn 88 miles; course S.E. b. S.; wind N.E.; latitude observed, 8° 13' N.

<sup>1</sup> John Beard. Mr. Beard, after a service in India of tweaty-four years, did at Madras July 7, 1706.—See Bruce, Annals, vol. 116,

March 9.—These 24 hours fair weather, little wind. • Rus 67 miles; course S.E. b. S.; wind, N.E.; latitude per observ. 7 12 N.

March 10.—These 24 hours fair weather, little wind, much lightning in y morning. Run about 53 miles; course S.E. B. S.; wind N.N.W.; latitude 6° 81′ N.

March 11.—These 24 hours fair weather, little wind, much lightning in y night. Run 85 miles: course S.E. b. 8.; wind N.N.W.; Lat. 6° 0' N.

March 12.—These 24 hours most part caime, rsuch thunder and lightning in y night, with divers showers of rain.

March 13.—These 24 hours very little wind, some smart showers of raine. Run these two days hat 27 miles; course and wind various; late 5° 9′ N.

March 14.—These 24 hours little wind, much thunder and lightning, with great showers of raine. Rua 41 miles; course S.E. b. S.; wind N.N.W., 4° 37′ N.

Murch 15.—These 24 hours fair weather, little wind. Run 39 miles, course S.E. b. S.; wind S.W. and S.S.W.; lat. 4° b' N.

March 16.—These 24 hours fair weather, very little wind. Bun 25 miles; course and wind very variable; the sun. so near our zenith, could take no observation; latitude, by estimation, 3° 48' N.

March 17.—These 24 hours fair weather, little wind. Run 22 miles; course S.E. b. E. and S.S.E.; wind variable; latitude, by account, 3° 35′ N.

March 18.—These 24 hours fair weather, a pretty fresh gale, but directly contrary. Run 57 miles; course W. b. S. to S.E.; wind variable; by calculation we have gott but 22 miles to the S<sup>2</sup>; lat., by judgem<sup>4</sup>, 3° 16′ N. The Sun being this day in our Zenith.

March 19.—These 24 hours much rain, with some gusts in y night, out a smooth sea. Run 64 miles; divers courses from S.E. to E.S.E.; the wind variable from S.W. to S.S.W.; lat., by sec., 2° 47′ N.

March 20.—These 24 hours much rain and great gusts—soon over. Run 59 miles; course from S.d. b. E. to S. b. W.; wind variable; lat, by Judgem", 2° 3′ N.

March 21.—These 24 hours fair weather, fine gale and a smooth sea. Run 63 miles; course from 8 to E.S.E.; wind variable. Latitude, by account, 1° 18' N.

March 22.—These 24 hours fair weather, Hete wind. Run 30 miles, course E.S.F.; wind at south; lat, by judgement, 1 5 N.

March 23.—These 24 hours fair weather, little wind. Run 45 miles; course from E.S.E. to W.S.W.; wind S. and S.S.W.; latitude, by observation, 1° 16° N.

This being the first day we could observe since the 15th instant, by which we find ourselves mistaken in our account 11 minute, besides what we have gained to y southward since yesterday accu.

March 24.—These 24 hours fair weather, smooth see, and fine fresh breeze. Run 83 miles; course from S.W. to W.S.W.; wind S. and S.S.E.; lat. obs', 0° 40' N.

March 25.—These 24 hours fair weather and fine fresh gale, and moderate heat. Run 110 miles; course from S.W. b. W. to S.W.; wind S. b. E. and S.S. E. By observation we find ourselves just under y Equinoctiall Line at noon, the Sun's Declination being 5° 57′. Our Meridian Distance from y Lizard, 6° 38′ to y westward; and from S Jago, the place of our last departure, 6° 32′ to the eastward, where we crossed the Line.

March 26.—These :'4 hours fair weather, smooth water, and fine fresh gale. Run 72 miles; course S.W. b. S. and S.W.; wind 2. b. E. to S.S.E.; lat., by obs. 0° 36' to y southward.

March 27.—These 24 hours fair weather, little wind. Run 56 miles; course from S.S.W. to W.S.W.; wind from S.S.E. to 8.; lat\*, by observation, 0° 45'S.

March 28 .- These 24 hours quite caline.

March 29.—These 24 hours quite callac. We putt out our boat, and found we had a current, which set us near two miles an houre to the westward, so that these 2 days past we may reasonably believe ourselves about 90 miles farther to y Westward than we expected.

Murch 30.—These 24 hours calme. Run, by y' log, but 9 miles; course S.W.; wind S.E. b. S.; latitude, by observation, but 51 minutes S. March 31.—These 24 hours fair weather, a fine fresh gale. Run 65 miles; course S.S.W. and S.W. b. S.; wind S.E.; lat. 1° 59' S.

April 1.—These 24 hours fair weather and a fresh gale. Run 97 miles; course S.S.W. and S.W. b. S.; wind S.E. and S.S.E.; latitude, per obs., 2° 48' S.

April 2.—These 24 hours fair weather, little wind. Rua 61 miles; course S.S.W. and S.W. b. S; wind S.E. and S.S.E.; lat\*, by judgement, 3° 28'. Weather being cloudy, could take no obs.

April 3.—These 24 hours fair weather and a fresh gaie. Run 102, miles; course S.S.W.; wind S.E.; lat. 5° 18' S.

April 4.—These 24 hours lair weather and a very fresh gate. Run 192 miles; course S.S.W. and S.W. by S.; wind S.E.; latitude 7° 1' S.

April 5.—These 24 hours fair weather and a fresh gale. Run 190 miles; course S. and S. b. W.; wind E.S.E. and S.E. b. E.; lat. 8° 49° 8.

April 6.—These 24 hours a fine fresh gale. Run 90 miles; course South and S. b. E., wind E. b. S. and E.S.E.; latitude 10° 9° 8.

April 7.—These 24 hours fair weather and a fine gale. Run & miles; course S., S. b. E., and S.E. b. S.; wind E.S.E., E. b. S., and East. No obs., but, 'y account, lat. 11° 31' S.

April 8.—These 24 hours fair weather and a fresh gale. Run 112 miles; course S.S.E.; wind E.N.E.; lattende, 18: 3: 5.

April 9.—These 24 hours fair weether, little wind. Run 73 miles; course S.E. b. S.; wind E.N.E. and E. by N.; lat. 14° 10' S.

April 10.—These \$4 hours fair weather, little wind. Run 74 miles; course S.E. b. S.; wind E.N.E. and N.E. lat. 15° 12' S.

April 11.—Trom yesterday noon to this day noon fair weather, little wind. Run 59 miles; course S.E. b. S.; wind N.E. b. E.; latitude 16° 2′ S.

April 12.—These 24 hourse fair weather but very little wind. Run 28 miles; course S.E. b. S.; wind E.N.E. and N.E.; lat. 16° 26' S.

April 13.—These 24 hourse fair weather but very little wind. Run 30 miles; course S.E. b. S.; wind (as seldom even in these parts) at North and N. b. W.; lat. 16° 59' S.

April 14.—These 24 hours fair weather and a fine gale. Run 95 miles; course S.E.; wind N.W.; latitude 18° 5′ S.

April 15.—From yesterday noon till 8 o'clock this morning fair weather and a freel, gale—having then much rain and gusty weather; and being in y' latitude of Saint Martin de Vaz and two other Islands, we lay by till 5 in y' morning, at which time we made sail, but saw no land. Run 116 miles; course S.E. b. E.; wind N.W.; latitude 19° 41' 8.

April 16.—These 24 hours very little wind. Run but 23 miles; course S. b. E. and S.S.E.; wind N.W. b. N. and S.W.; lat., by judgin", 19" 41, (?) weather cloudy these 2 days past; had no observation.

April 17.—Thes. 24 hours fair weather and little wind. Run 50 miles; course from y S.S.W. to S.W. b. W.; wind from S.E. to S.S.E.; latitude, by observation, 20° 27′ S.

This morning we saw a sail about 4 leagues to leeward of us; about 5 in y afternoone we spake with her. She proved to be the Crowne, Cape Dorrel com, an interloper. She wanted [was less than] 2 months from England. Came not through y Downes, but went on the Backside of y Goodwin Sands. They told us plainly they were bound for Rugley. M Pitts and two or three passengers more were aboard of her. After saluting each other, we all made y best of our way, but, she sailing best, was almost out of sight next morning.

April 18.—These 24 hours fair weather, with a fine fresh gale. Run 102 inites; course from S. b. W. to S.W. b. S.; wind from E.S.E. to S.E. b. S.; latitude, by judgment, 21° 87′ S.

This afternoon, at 4 o'clock, Capt' Wilshaw, sailing better than our shipps, desired to part company, and tooke his leave of us, making y best of his way after y' Interloper.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Martin Vas" is in long, about 28° 51' W., lat. about '0° 28' S.—, R. P. B.

<sup>\*</sup> See Bruce, val ii, p. 466.

alles; course S. b. W. to S.S.W.; wind from y S.E. b. E. of E.S. E. latitude, by judgement, 22° 50' S.

April 20.—These 24 hours fair weather and little wind. Ron 4, miles; course S. b. W.; wind S.E. b. E.; lat. 23° 31', by which account we are past y Tropic of Capricorne.

April 21.—These 24 hours fair weather and a fine gale. Run 21 cates; course from y' S. to y' S. E. and S. W.; wind variable from W. to S.S. E. at 24 18' S. Capt Wilshaw still in sight.

April 22.—These 24 hours fair weather, very little wind, but a greet rolling sea. Run 38 miles; course S.S.W. and S.W. b. S.; wind S.S.R. and S.E. b. S.; lat. 24° 32′ S. Capt. Wilshaw in sight.

April 23.—These 24 hours fair weather and very little wind. Mave run but 19 miles; course from E.S.E to S.S.E., wind from S. to W.; latitude 24° 47° S.

April 24.—These 24 hours fair weather—a small gale. Run 65 miles; wind W. and W.N.W.; lat. 25, 50, S.

April 25.—These 24 hours gusty foul weather, with much rain and lightning. Run 123 miles; course S.S.E. and S.E.; wind from W.M.W. to S. b. W.; lat. 27 18' S. This morning our main top gallant mast broke. Capt. Wilshaw not above 3 leagues ahead of na.

April 26. These 24 hours gusty weather, with showers of rain. Run 79 miles; course E.S.E. and S.E. b. E; wind S. W. b. S. to W.; lat. 27° 56' S.

April 27.—These 24 hours a tresh gale, with great guots of wind and showers of rain. Run 130 miles; course S.E. b. E.; wind from S.W. b. S. to W.; lat. 29° 14′ S.

April 28.—These 24 hours wind continuing very fresh, with some violent gusts and showers of rain. We have run 165 miles; course S.E. b. E.; wind W. to W.S.W.; lat\* 30° 53′ S

April 29.—These 24 hours it blew for the most part very fresh. Run 150 miles; course S.E. b. E.; wind N.W. b. W; intitude, by judgment, 32° 32′ S.

April 30.—These 24 hours it hath blower very fresh, with great gusts and showers of rain. We have run 185 miles; course E.S.E.; wind N.W. to W.; lat., by jindg", 38 57 S.

May 1.— These 24 hours it hath blowen very hard. Yesterday is y' afternoon we ran 11 knotts 6 fathom, with our top gallant sails standing, which were us somer taken in but our fore topiast broke, and y' storme increased to y' violence, that till midnight we could carry no more sail than our fore course and sprit-sail: the wind bely then something shated, we sett our main still and main-top-sail, and have run 180 miles: course E. b. S. and E.S.E.; wind W. to W. b. S.; lat., by obs., 34' 16' S. We judge y' aire here as abarpe and cold as it is at any time in y month of March in England.

May 2.—These 24 hours we have had a fine moderate gale, and have run 120 miles; course E. b. S. and E.S.F.; wind S.S.W. to S.W.; lat. 34 S1'. (The last night we gott up our new fore-top-mast, and sett y sait.)

May S. -These 24 hours fair weather and a gentle gala. Distance run 109 miles, course E.S.E.; wind W.S.W.; lat., by judg., 35 12. Our

long" from y merid, of Lizard is 20" to y Woof y cape.

May 4.—From 12 o'clock yesterday till 5. It y afternoon was quite calme, and then it began to rain most violently as it hath still continued with little or no intermission till this day noon, always blowing so hard that we could carry no more sail than our two courses. This is y greatest storme we have had (God be praised for it) lines we left y Downes. Wind at S. b. E. and S.S.E.; course E. and E. b. N. We judge the violence of this storme has driven us back 15 or 20 miles to y Northward; lat., by judge, is 84° 59'. Distance run 35 miles.

May 5.—From resterday noon till towards midnight it continued raining exceeding hard, but y storme nothing abated till 8 o'clock this morning, since which time we have carryed our fore-top-rail, halfe mast high. We have run 90 miles; course E. b. N. to N.E. b. E.; wind S.E. b. E. to S.S.E.; latitude 34° 37' S.

May 6,—These 24 hours it hath blowen very hard, without rain. We have run 75 miles; course from S.S.W. to S.S.E.; wind S.E. to E.; lat., by judgment, 35° 15' S.

May 7.—These 24 hours y storme hath continued so violent that we lay under a main-course till 8 o'clock this morning, since which we have sett our other two courses: the wind still blowing very hard, with drizzling rain. We have run 54 miles; course E.S.E. and E. b. S.; wind at N.E. and N.E. b. N.; lat\*, by judgment, 86\* 14' S.

May 8.—These 24 hours we have had more rain than wind. Distance run but 68 miles; course E. b. S. and E. b. N.; wind N.N.E. to N.E. b.

N.; lat., by judgment, 36° 28' S.

May 9.—These 24 hours have had but little wind, except what came in guste, with lightning and rain. Distance run 41 miles; course E. b. S. to E. b N.; wind N.N.E. & N.N.W.; ist., by judgement (having seen no sun for obs alone y 2" instant), 36, 40, S.

May 10.—These 24 hours we have had very temperatuous and gusty weather. Distance run is 72 miles; course from E.N.E. to N.E. b. E.;

wind from E. to S.E.; latitude, by judgement, 86° 1' 8.

May 11.—These 24 hours the storme has increased to that violence, y for the most part we have layer a try, with a malnasit and misen only abrowl, y sea being exceeding great as y we continue still driving to y northward. Our distance run is 89 wilds; course E. S. S. and E.N.E.; wind S.E. h. S. and S.E.; lat., by judgment, 35° 21' 15.

May 12. - From yesterday noon to 8 d'clock this morning (y' storme

May 13.—These 24 hours we have had little-wind, with a great rolling sea. Distance run 47 miles; course E. b. N.; wind S.S.E.; lettinde, by observation, 34° 42° S.; so since y 9° instant we have been driven back two degrees (except 2 minutes) to the northward.

May 14.—These 24 hours we have had very little wind. Distance run 83 miles; y course E.S.E.; wind W. and S.W.; latitude 34 44 S.

Easy 15.—Yesterday about 5 in y'afternoon a fresh gale sprung up at S.W., and continued freahening to y'degree that, between 4 and 5 this morning, it broke our main top-mast. This is y'second topmast we have lost in a fortnight's time, besides 2 top-gallant masts. Our dist run is 180; course E.S.E.; wind S.W. b. S. to S.W.; lat\*, by observation, 35° 10° S.

May 16.—These 24 hours y gale being fresh we have run 148 miles; course E. b. S. to E.S.E.; latitude, by judg., 85° 15' S. About 12 last night we gott up our main top-mast, and sett its sail.

May 17.—A small gale. Run 79 miles; course E. to E.N.E.; wind S.S.E. to S.E.; lat., by account, 95° 40' S.

May 18.—These 24 hours for y most part a small gale, but second-panyed by great and sudden gusts and darke cloudy weather. Run 88 miles; course E. b. N to E. S. E.; wind S. E. b. S. to S.; lat. obs. 34° 23′.

May 19. These 24 hours it hath blowne exceeding hard, especially since morning, being able to earry no more sail than our courses, which hath driven us considerably to y' northward. We esteem oursalves here within 100 leagues of y' Cape; at this time of y' years it is counted atrange not to have a fair wind to weather it, but such is our ministrated to have had more calmes and contrary winds (since we left St. than has been known by our most experienced mariners. Our decimal run is 108 miles; course E. to E.S.E.; wind S. A.L. to S.; lat., by observation, 34° 7′ S.

gale at S.E. L. E., course S. b. W. Dist. run 60 miles; lat., by obe; 34° 5'; variation of y'compass this morning being 8° 40', going S. b. W. 8 points leeway to W', yet they imagine from the Mag. var. they are 50 leagues to S.: we judge ourselves about 40 or 50 leagues to y' westward of y' Cape.

<sup>1</sup> Note.....Variation 8° 40'. It does not appear whether East 5° West, probably V'esterly, because in Sir Thomas Roc's Journal (1615) 15 with 8° E. It is now about 28° West.

<sup>\*</sup> Mag. Var. -- In vol. ili of Astley's Voyages (Land., 1746), p. 885, de

May 21.—Gale moderate. Bun 74 miles; course S. h. W. and S.S.W.; wind S.E. and S.E. b. E.; lat., by obe., 85° 0' South.

May 22 .- From 6 o'clock yesterday afternoone it hath blowns hard and made a great sea. Our dist, run is 89 miles; odure E. and E. b. N.; wind S.S.E. and S.E. b. S. fat.; by obe, 34° 16' S.; so that in these 24 hours past we have been driven back 44 miles to y' northward. 'Tis bad plying to windward when y'see runs very high, and y' wind blows so hard, that the topsails can hardly be carried up half y mast,

May 23,-These 24 hours we have had a constant fresh gale, Run 84 miles; course S. and S.S.W.; wind E.S.E. to S.E.; lat., By obe 34° 48' S.; so that notwithstanding y' distance run of 84 miles, y see and current are both so forcible against us, that we have gott but 32 miles these 24

hours, to the southward.

May 24.—These 24 hours the gale has been moderate; this morning it sprung up fair at N.N.E. Our distance run is 65 miles; course S. to

E. b. S.; wind E.S.E. to N.E. b. N.; lat., obe, 35° 56' S.

May 25 .- From 10 last night till noon this day it hath blowns exceeding fresh. Our dist. run 129 miles; course E. to E.N.E.; wind N. b. E. to N.N.W.; lat., by obs', 85° 81' S. Having this day seen many seaweeds, a scal (?), and some such birds as appear only about y' Cape, at 4 o'clock this afternoon we hoisted out our boat, and casting y' lead, struck ground at 49 Fathom depth, which by y tallow was white, and hard as chalke. We judge Cape de Agullias bears North, at 40 miles distant. Blessed be God we are come thus far on our voyage in perfect health and safaty, not having lost a man (except Mr. Richards), either by sickness or any other accident, since we left England, which wants but 3 days of 4 months, and is just 2 months this day since we passed y' Equinoctial Line.

May 26 .- These 24 hours it has blowne very hard; at 7 o'clock this morning we sounded again and struck ground (of a whitish sand) at 90 fathom. Distance run 159 m.; course E. b. N., E. b. S. and E. S.E.; wind

from N.N.W. to y' W.; lat., by obs., 85% 20' S.

May 27. - Gale continued very fresh. Run 156 miles; nourse E.S.E.; wind W.N.W.; lat. obs 39° 59' S.

May 28 .- These 24 hours it has blowns exceeding fresh, with very great sea. Our distance run is 149 miles; course E.S.E., wind W.N.W.; lat. ols. 86° 18' S.; 4 months since we left the Downes this day.

scriptive of the Cape of Good Hope, "the declination of the needle has much varied here. According to anthors it was 6 degrees N.E., about a century ago. The Missioners, in 1685, found it to be 0° 11' 30" N.W. Mr. Kolhen, in 1705, observed it (0° 11' 55") the same way." The Admiralty Chart of 1867, corrected to 1879, makes the variation 30° 9' W. (increasing 0° 1'80" annually),

May 29.—These 24 hours it has blown very hard, and from 5 collast night to 8 this morning it has blowne a storme. But 155 and course E.S.E.; wind N.W. and to y' N'; lat., by obe; 56° 57° 5.

May 80.—Very gusty weather, with a great sea. Dist. in solve; course E.S.E.; wind W.N.W.; lift. obs. 86"58'.

May 31.—These 24 hours gale has been more moderate, but y ses great, Distance run 127 miles; course E. b. S.; wind W.N.W. to S.W.; lat., by judgement, 36° 30′ S.

June 1.—These 24 hours little wind, and for y most part contrary, with a great sea from S.W. Dist. 62 miles; course E., N.E., S. b. E., E. b. S., E. b. N. to N.; very variable; lat., by judgement (y weather being exceedingly toggy and drissling) 86° 54' S.

June 2.—Fresh gale N. b. W. to W.N.W., thunder and much lightning, with darke cloudy weather, course E.S.E. Distance run 138 miles, latitude, by judgement, 36° 54' S.

June 3.—These 24 hours it has blowne an exceeding great storme, and so continues, with much lightning and frequent violent gusts of rain sixt bail, which putts us from all our sailes, except the fore sail; y seas very great and lofty. Our distance run by log 197 miles, but by y variation its judged we have run neer 220 miles; course E.S.E., E. b. S. and E., wind W. and W.S. W.; lat., by an imperfect obs, 36°0' S.

June 4.—These 24 hours y' storme has and does still contiène with y' same violence and rage as it did yesterday, with terrible guats and showers of rain, and seas running mountains high, which made us roll exceedingly. Dist. run 195 miles, but conceive we have gone much farther; course E.S.E.; wind from S.W. b. W. to W.N.W.; latitude, by judgement, 55° 36' S.

June 5.—These 24 hours y storme has encreased (and still continues) to be a mere frett of wind, y whole sea being like a perfect breach, with most violent gusts every 1 or 4 hour, accompanied with fierce showers of hail and rain. The last night we shipped 4 seas in y great cabbin, two from a port (which it forced open) over y head of y rudder, and 2 more from one of y gullery windows. We had not a foresail and spritssilly abroad; y latter broke its sheet, and could not be sett again till y more land. Our dist, run by log is 214 miles; course E.S.E. and E. b. S.; wind W.; latt, by obe, 34 54 S.

June 6.—From yesterday noon till 12 o'clock last night y storms night tinued in its full force, as it has been for these 3 days past, and then abated so gradually that at 8 o'clock this morning we ran but after the rate of 2 miles an hour, with both topsails abroad. Distance run 134 inites; course E.S.F.; wind S.W. and S.W. b. W.; lat., by judgement, 34 45 S.

June 7.- From yesterday noon till ? or S o'clock at night y' gale continued increasing very gradually, when, for street boars following.

we ran 10 or 11 miles an hour. Our dist. run is 194 miles; course S.E. b. E. and E.S.E.; wind W. b. M. to N.N.W.; late by judgement, 34° 59' S.

June 8.—From yestersoon till 12 at night y gale continued exceeding fresh, in which time only we ran 119 miles, and then it fainted away, so that in these 24 hours our distance ran in y whole is but 170 miles; course E.S.E.; wind N.W. to W.; lat., by obe; 34° 35′ S.

June 9.—These 24 hours fair weather (more than we have had this month), and a fine gentle gale, with smooth water. Run 78 miles; course E. b. S.; wind W.N.W.; lat. obs. 34° 14′ S.

June 10.—Fine, pleasant weather these 24 hours; smooth water, and steady fresh gale. Dist. run 144 miles; course E. and E. b. N.; wind N. to N.W.; lat., by obs., 38° 20' S.

June 11:—Fair, fresh, steady gale, smooth water. Dist. 177 miles; course, E. b. N.; wind N.N.W.; lat. 31°57'.

June 13.—Little wind, smooth sea, dark cloudy weather. Dist. run 74 miles; course from E.N.E. to E.S.E.; wind from N. to N.E.; lav., by judgement, 39° 21' S.

June 18.—These 24 hours wind has been contrary, a fresh gale and dark cloudy weather. Run 84 miles; course N.N.W. to S.E. b. E.; wind E.N.E. to N.E.; lat., by judge", 31° 55'.

June 14.—Wind has continued contrary, very fresh gale from N. to N.E. b. E., with much rain and dark cloudy weather. Run 73 miles; conse S. W. to E.N.E.; lat\*, by account, 32° 5' S.

June 15.—From noon yesterday to midnight, little wind; from that time it has blowne very hard, with continued and (more or lesse), and exceeding dark cloudy weather, and, which is worst of all, by wind still continues contrary. Our dist. run is 63 miles; course N.E. to E. b. N.; wind N.N.W. to N. b. E.; latitude, by indgement, 81° 89° 8.

This day we threw Robert Pattison, one of our Quarter Masters, overboard. He is the first mariner that has dyed in this shippe, and lay many days sick of scuryy.

June 16.—Between N. 224 12 o'clook leat night y wind came up fair, and so it continues. Our distance run is 98 miles. A great sea and dark cloudy weather; course E.N.E. to N.E. b. N.; wind N. to S.W. b. S.; lat., by, obe, 30° 8′ S.

Time 17.— These 24 hours y gale has been very fresh; a great ses, with dark cloudy weather. Distance 167 miles; course N.E. b. N. and N.E.; wind S.S.W. and S.W. b. S.; lath, by observation, 27° 50′ S. We judge ourselves this day 1000 leagues from y Cape, which (considering y contrary winds we have had) is esteemed a very good run from y 25% ultimo.

June 18.—These 24 hours fair. Run 154 miles; course N.E.; wind ... S.S.W. to S.E.; lat, by obs., 25° 8' South.

June 19.—These 24 hours from gala at S.E. b. S. to E.S.E., with darks cloudy weather. Dist run 154 miles; lat, by judgement, 22"57'S. This morning we are passed y Tropick of Capricorne in 50" 35' merid, distance to cantward of y Cape, and in 16' degrees variation.

Jame 20.—These 24 hours the gale has been very fresh, E. b. 8. and E.S.E., but, going close-hauled y distance run is no more than 134 miles; source N.E.; lat., by obs. 21°S. Variation 14° this morn.

June 21.—These 24 hours it has blowne so hard-from y' E. b. S. to S. E. that sometimes we have been forced to hand both our topsalls. The morning our fore-topsail split, and going close hauled. Our distance run is but 133 miles; course N.E. to N.N.E.; lat., by obs. 18' 49' S.

June 22.—Three 24 hours it has blown exceeding hard, capecially ingusts with raine, which were very violent, contrary to our expectations of ar within y Tropick, we have carried no more saile than our courses and fore-topsail, reefed, upon y cap. Our distance run 123 miles; course N.E. b. N.; wind E. b. S. and E.S.E.; lat., by obs., 17 4 S. Yesterday in y afternoone our fore topsail was split a second time.

June 28.—These 24 hours for y' most part it hath blowns a "storme from E. b. S. and E.S.E., with exceeding hard and frequent gusts of drizzling rain. Till 8 o'clock this morning we have not been able to set our top-ails, recfed 1 of y mast; y' weather extream darks and cloudy, with a very great sea. Dist. run 97 miles; course N.E. b. N. and N.E.; lat., by obe, 15° 29' S.

June 24.—These 24 hours it has blowne hard, with dark cloudy weather; the main-top sail handed all right. Run 106 m.; course N.E. b. N. to N.E. b. E.; wind E.S.E. to S.E. b. E.; lat. obs. 13" 54' S. Var. 11".

June 25 —Very fresh gale at E.S.E., with divers great gusts and raine, dark cloudy weather, and a great sea. Dist. run, 136 miles; course N.E. by N.; lat., by obs., 12° 0' S.

June 26.—These 24 hours y gale has continued E.S.E., very fresh, with frequent great gusts and violent showers of raine, with little intermission, the weather exceeding darks and classify. Dist. run 138 miles; course N.E. b. N.; lat., by judgement, 9° 54′ S.

June 27.—These 24 hours y' rain has been so violent that it has seemed (in a mainner) one continued showre, the wind blowing hard by guess from E.S.E. to S.E., and weather so dark and cloudy that we have not seen the sun, either for observation of latitude at neon, or applitude at night or morning, these 2 days. Distance run 108 miles; course N.E. b. N.; latitude, by judgement, 8" 6' S.

June 28 .- From yesterday noone till 5 o'clock this morning darks

<sup>1</sup> Reckoned from Lizard.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Mag. var., 1875, 13° W.

cloudy weather, with frequent gusts and raine. At 2 this morning we tacked for fear of y' Islands of Candi and Ady, and stood to y' Southward till towards break of day, supposing ourselves in 7 degrees—the latitude of these Islands. Dist. run 98 miles; course N.E. by N. and S. b. E.; wind S. b. E., E.N.E., and N.E.; lat., by obs., 7° 19' S.

June 29.—These 24 hours fair weather, a fine fresh gale E. b. S. and E., and smooth water. Dist. run 119 miles; course N.E. b. N. and N.N.E. This morn, by amplitude, y varia was 8°; lat., 5° 31′ S., course now altered to N. b. E.

June 80.—From noon yesterday to 6 this morning, fine gentle gale; since then, calme, darke, cloudy weather, with much rain, thunder, and lightning. Distance run 85 miles; courses N. b. E. and North; wind E. b. S. and E.S.E.; lat", by judgement, 4° 6′ S.

July 1.—These 24 hours very little wind, and that sometimes contrary, y weather exceedingly dark and cloudy, with great showers of raine. Distance run 57 miles; course from East to N. b. E.; wind N.N.E. to N.W. b. N.; lat., by judgement, 8° 27' S.

July 2.—These 24 hours dark cloudy weather, little wind and smooth water. Dist. run 83 miles; course N. b. E.; wind S.W. and S.S.W.; lat., by obs., 1° 56' S. Variation this morning, by amplitude, 7 degrees. The like var. of 7 degrees this evening, which has caused us to steer N.

July 3.—These 24 hours fair weather, little wind from S. b. W. and S.S.W., smooth water, but y weather darke and cloudy. Distance run 80 miles; course North; lat., by obs., 0° 28' S. This night, about 9 o'clock, we judged ourselves past y Equinoctiall Line.

July 4.—These 24 hours fair weather and tine fresh gale, especially since 8 o'clock last night, and smooth water. Distance run 118 miles; course N.; wind S. to S.W. b. S.; lat, by obs., 1° 80' to the Northward of the line. Variation this morning 7° 48'.

July 5.—These 24 hours fine fresh gale, S. b. W. and S.S.W., smooth water, but dark cloudy weather: Distance run 103 miles; course N. and N. b. E.; Lat., by judgement, 3° 13′ N.

July 6.—These 24 hou... fresh gale W. b. S. and W.S.W., with great guste of rain and dark cloudy weather. Distance run 146 miles; course North; lat\*, by obs., 5° 18' N.; and y' longitude or meridian distance from y' Cape, 55° 1'. No azimuth nor amplitude these two days to know y' variation.

July 7.—From yesterday noon to 6 o'clock at night, a fresh gale and dark cloudy weather, in which time having run 35 miles North without seeing Zeilon (Ceylon), and judgeing our selves to y' Westward of y' Island, we steered East all the night. By 5 o'clock this morning we saw land about 4 leagues off, and so continued sailing y same distance.

<sup>1</sup> Query, Diego Garcia ... in lat. 7° 26' S., long. 72° 80' E.?

for y shore; course E, b. N.; wind ht W. and W.S.W.; A fine, from gale this morning. We sounded, and had ground in 50 fatherns. The sum afforded us no observation.

East, and then lay to till 5 o'clock this morning we absend
East, and then lay to till 5 o'clock this morning, when, making sail, we
steered N., N. b. E., N.N.E., and North by East again. Y whole
distance run 106 miles; wind at W. and S.W. b. S.; lat\*, by obe;
6° 38' N. The gele continues fresh, with indifferent weather. This
night a Dutch sloop came off to us from Batticalo Fort, Zeilon.

July 9.—This morning y Dutch aloop left us, assuring us he assured, and believed no English ship was yet passed by this Island. There is hours a fair and a moderate gale. Distance run 100 miles; course N.N.E., N. b. E., and N.; wind S.W., b. S.; lat., by obs., 7° 56' N.

July 10.—These 24 hours fair weather but little wind, and a very great rolling sea, which makes us believe here is a great ourrent, that sets against us to y' South', in regard our distance run (being 69 miles by our Log), is more than twice as much as we find we have really run by our observation, which is 8° 50' N.; course N. b. E.; wind at S.S.W. and S.W.

July 11...-From yesterday noon till 8 at night little wind; then it came up very fresh; which makes our distance run 153 miles; but finding, by our observations, we have not advanced to the North full two degrees, we are forced to cut off 33 miles of our log, concluding a very strong current setts against us to the S'; course N. b. W. and North; wind W.S.W. and W. b. S.; lat., by obs., 10° 47′ N.

July 12.—These 24 hours very fresh gale and great sea. Distribution 178 miles; course N. and N. b. W.; wind W. and W. by S.; lat., by obtain 18° 5' N.

July 13.—These 24 hours hath rather smooth water, and a fair model rate gale. Distance run 116 miles; course N.E. b. N. and N.N.E.; wind W. b. S. and W.N.W.; lat., by obs., 14"56' N. We judge y current now setts for us.

July 14.—This 24 hours it hath blown haid, with exceeding dark, cloudy weather. Between 11 and 12 o'clock last night we were maddenly a back-stays (taken aback) with a violent gust of wind and sala; accompanyed with much lightning and thunder. Our distance run 132 miles; course in y night N.E.; before night yesterday, in y afternoon, N; this morning, by break of day, N.N.W.; wind from y W.S.W. to y W.N.W.; latitude, by judgement, 16° 87 M.

About 2 o'clock this afternoon we may Main Land, and sailed within 7 language of it till night, steering N.E. and N.E. b. E.

July 16.—These 24 hours fair weather and a fresh gale. Distributed from y N.N.W. to y' E.N.E.; wind from y' Washington, N.S.W.; lat, by obs., 18° 10' N.

July 16.—These his limits it has blown viery front, with hard putts of rain and dark cloudy weather. We lay by all last night all 10 o'clean this moratog, y Captain being desirous to see y Jagernot Papodes, for his better astisfaction, which we discovered this moratog about 6 officer. Distance run 106 miles; course from y N.N.E. to E. b. S.; wind from y South to y W. and S.W.; last, by judgement, y sun being in our senith, 19° 50' N.

July 17.—These 24 hours a fresh gale, with gusts of rain, and very dark cloudy wasther. From 7 o'clock last night till 5 this morning we lay at anchor in 18 fathers water, and then make sail. Dies run,

78 miles; course N. b. E. to E.; wind W. and R. W.

About 2 in y afternoon we doubled y Point of Palmiras, and between 6 and 7 in y evening we came to an anchor in y Bay.

July 18.—About 8 in yo morning we had gott out our Long boat, and weighed our Anchor. At 11 o'clock this morning we archored again, about 8 or 10 miles distant from a Ship and 5 small vessels we saw in yo Road, and 15 or 16 miles from yo shore; however, soon after we came to an anchor I sent away Capt. Raynes in yo Pinnace, ashore with a letter to yo Chief and Council of yo English Factory at Ballasore; and Mr Garret (one of our Mates) in the Yall to yo Master of yo first Yacht he can speak with, to come off to us, and Pilot our Ship into yo Road.

Y. Copy of yo letter wrote to yo Factory is as follows:-

"Aboard of y' Defence in Ballason, Bast, 18, 1682.

"Sirs,
"The Hon" E. India Company have made y severall Factories
in this Bay a distinct Agency from that of Fort S George, and having
sent us hither for y Government of their affairs, We don't the Chief
and Second (at least) of your Factory, to come off as soos as say be,
to consult with us concerning y management of their business; and
that you would dispatch y Sloops to us with all expeditions wherein the
will not only do an acceptable piece of Service to y Research that the
wise oblige,

Sira Your most humble dervants. Window Humbers Confession States South

"To y Chief and Counted of the

July 19.—We weighted anceof again and a service food 2 or 3 miles to 2 sloops which middles were it ap to 15 and sending for yo Masters abound, the one was yo Good Home. George Herne, Master; the other yo Madapollam. John Hampton, Master. They told us the Ship we saw in Port was the Crown, Capt Dorrell, with Mr Pitts, who had been here 11 days before. That Mr Pitts had hired a great house at Ballasore, carried divers Chests of money ashore, and was very busy in buying of goods. We were likewise informed that two other small Ships in our sight, over against Piply, were English vessels, arrived but 3 days before us; one of which was commanded by Capt. Say, of about 200 tons. The Commander's name of yo other Ship they did not know but were informed they all wanted Pilots to carry them and the River to Hugly.

July 21.—About 1 o'clock in yo Afternoon I took my leave of Capt. Heath and all others on beard yo Definee, and embarked on yo Company's Sloop yo Good Hope, of 100 took burden, for Hugly, in company with yo Madapollam (and M. Sloop) on which embarked Mr Beard and his Son, W. Tadd. Mr Rushworth, Mr Leseley (yo Minister) and his Son, with souldiers.

On our vessel were all my family, Mr Johnson, Capt. Heath, and Capt. Raines, besides Mr Byam of Ballacon and Mr Hill, a young man sent down by Mr Vincent, with orders to the Company's Ships for the delivery their goods. This night about 9 o'clock we anchored on y Braces.

July 22.—This morning early we began to weigh our Anchor, but you wind blowing hard and you see running high, and having broke our Windlace, were forced (not being able to weigh our Anchor) to out off shout 20 fathoris of our Cable! Whilst we were endisayouring to weigh, you Made to be the state of the property of the property of the state o

12

family, M. Langly, M. Bray, and M. Ravenhill, came up with us. This Night we got up far as a little Village called Rangamate, and there Anchored.

July 23.—This morning about 8 o'clock we weighed and sett sail with a small breeze, scarce stemming ye Current, but ye gale soon freshening we got up as high as a Village called Great Tanna, by 12 o'clock, from whence I sent one of ye Boatmen with a letter to Me Vincent at Hugly as follows:—

"From aboard of y sloop Good-hope, off Great Tanna,
"July 28, 1682.

"The Hon" E. India Company have thought good to make y severall Factories in y Bay of Bengall an agency distinct and independent from that of Fort St. George, and having sent us hither for y management of their affaires, we request you to dispatch to us, with all convenient speed, y Company's and some other boats, to carry us to Hugly; being about 60 persons. Please to cause convenient accommodation to be made for our reception, and y favour you shall show us berein will be thankfully acknowledged by

"Sire, Your most humble Servents,

" W. H. and W. J."

This letter was signed only by myself and the Was Johnson (M' Beard and M' Dodd; on the Maddepollam, not being in sight), and was directed—"To ye worsp! Mathias Vincent, Esq., Chief for ye Hones E India Compre affairs in Bengall and Orixe, .... I Councell in Hugly."

July 24.—Early in yo Morning I was met by M. Littleton, and most of yo Factory, near Hughy; and about 9 or 10

Great Tanna was built where now stands the house of the Superintery dent of the Botsuical Garden, about 6 miles below Calentia, and detaut from Hooghly about 20 miles by lend; S. Masters writes in 1676.—"In Tannah stands an old first, of nind walls, who are built in proposity moursion of y Arraosness, for it seems about ten or market, who since that they were see, bold that none duran labels level death and river than the place; the Arraosness density taking the people of the

attended by severall Boats and Budgarows, guarded by a Firelooks, and about 50 Rashpoots and Peons well arrand. He invited me to go ashoar with him to the Dutch Garden where he had provided an entertainment for me, and made preparation for my reception. I went along with him, and stayed till evening, expecting M Beard's arrival in y other sloop, who not coming in time, we went together to the Factory, and there parted company.

All transactions from this day to y 10th October are entered in the publick Diary.

October 9.—The severall affronts, insolencies, and about dayly put upon us by Boolchund, our chief Customer Control a generall stop of our trade), being grown in the contract Agent and Councell for yo House E. India County office Hugy resolved upon and made use of divers expedients for redress of their grievances; but all means proving ineffectual 'twas agreed and concluded in consultation that the only expedient now left was for the Agent to go minself in person to the Nabob and Duan at Deccal as well to make some settled adjustment concerning ye Customs, se to endeavor the preventing Interlopers trading in these parts for y future; in order to which preparations were caused to be made. Mr. Richard Frenchfeild and Mr. William Johnson were appointed to go along with y' Agent to Decca. " The thought convenient to go by yo way of Merdadpore wwne within d or 5 hours travell of Cassumbasar, to here opportunity to speak and consult with M. Charnock and ions others of yo Councell there, what course is best to the in this exigency. Preparation of Budgerows and other with Provisions, etc., being the made and seeing continued of the state of the s continued chief customer here and liberty gra Presents, etc.

October 10.—The Agent with all his retinue, peing 28 English men in Souldier's garts, and In Reshpects and Peons, embarked on two Bidgerows and divers small boats, between 6 and 7 o'clock at night, to go towards y English Gastien, to which place Permesuradas, contrary to his promise, sent privately divers armed boats to selse some of jours. This night they took one boat laden with 18 half-pieces of fine cloth, and carryed it with them so quietly, that we heard not of it till y next morning. This evening I was followed to ye Garden by Mutoradass, who pretended he was sent by Permesuradass to adjust all differences betwirt us before my departure; and here in the presence of Mr. Bearde and the rest of y Councell twas agreed on and constuded betwixt us, that for a present of 2,000 Rupeer we should have free liberty to receive and send away all our goods of which he was to accept our entrys without weighing or seeing them, we being obliged at the end of two Months to pay Custom for the said goods, it is that time we did not procure a Pherwanna frem the Duan of Decce to expuse us from it.

October 11.—In the morning notice we give me that one of our boats with 18 kalf-pieces of the was is left from as by Permesticalass his Servents. His missiscillated from a particle with some Societies, additing these to being away y boat from y Mearbar, or wastering these to being away y boat from y Mearbar, or wastering these to being away y boat from y Mearbar, or wastering these they also they with some threats from y Governour's Servents, about each was got 3 or 4 miles above y English Genish wastering to be the particle of the part

close upon us;" and finding them not to be scared with ye bare presenting of Guns and Pistolls to their breasts without firing of them : (which was the only thing they desired that some person might be wounded or killed by usil and the length of their lances secured them from Oudgells, we were prevailed upon to stay an hour in that place for ye Governour's answer. Before the expiration of this time we were overtaken by ye Caddies Neig, ye Meerbar's deputy, and yo Dutch Director's Vakill (by the way tis observable y. Dutch omit no opportunity to do us all the prejudice the lyes in their power), who came from Permesuradass beseeching me to return to y English Garden, where, they assured me with many oaths and protestations, Permeeuradass should come to me to beg my pardon, and become friends again. which was all their design before I went to Decca, for fear of doing him prejudice there. If we refused to accept of this proffer, they assured us we should never proceed on our voyage without killing some of yo King's Souldies, and what the ill consequence of that might be we were left to consider. But these gien returning to Hugly without any promise of my going to ye Garden, about midnight attempted once more to force my way through three books which lay athwart my boat, and sent my Nepher with some Souldiers to yo head of my boat, with a good Beanhoo's one hand and a Can in yo other. Their lances prevented as before, youse of his Bambon, and on presenting his Gun he had dre lances clapped to his breast, hidding him take his choice which he would kill, and yo survivers of them would do y like to him. During this scuffle the stream ran is strong that we fell near a mile astern towards Hocky, where we fastened our boat and lay the remainder of this

Ostober 18.—This morning I returned to y English Garden and sens for M. Beard and M. Rilis to come and consists with

us what course was now best, to be taken for y Honourable Compy most advantage. Here I was met again by y Cape's "Neip"; Muttradass, and an eminent Mogall Merchant, who with many oaths faithfully promised, if I would continue at y Garden this night, Permesuradass should come and cast himself at my feet, begging to be reconciled, and if I would grant him y favour to accompany me to y factory, I should return again with all my boats as soon, and to what place, I thought good, without any obstruction; and so we parted for this night, before which time it was resolved by y Councell that if I should not prevail to go this way to Decca, I should attempt to do it with y sloopes by way of the River of Rogues, which goes through to y great River of Decca.

Getober 13.—This morning Permesuradass sent Muttradass again to excuse his not waiting on me this morning, "but he would not fail to do it to-morrow", which appearing to be only a trick to protract time, and (as we were credibly informed) that Mr. Pitts (who was designed for Decca) might go before us, I caused all ye boates to racke what haste they could abourd of ye sloopes, where we arrived about 4 or 5 o'clock in ye afternoon. Here I was met again by ye Cazes himself, with divers of ye chief persons in towns, beseching me not to stir this night, and to-morrow morning he would bring Permesuradass to me without fail. I gave little credit to these fair words, but ordered 2 sloops, the Gred Hope and the Lilly, to be ready to sail ye next morning.

October 14.—Permesuradan sent divers persons to let me know he would visit me aboard my Budgere by y sloops side, but would not go aboard y sloop; desiring also that I would send a boat to bring him to me. When he was come to y side of y Budgero he send to give that posters and

Rogue's River, now Channel Creek, was so called from Bornspusse outlaws using it is a station from whence they made of prostral attacks on the shipping. There and the Muca contributed to the business of the bonds outland.

desired I would come down out of y sloop into ye Radgera At my first coming down he embraced me with much respect before y spectators. After mutual Salages, y Cases and he used all yearguments they could invent to persuade me to it ashore and make friends in the Factory, assuring me, with great protestations, if I would grant him that request he would not only permit me free liberty to go which wer pleased to Decca, without stopping yo boats with presents. but likewise write in my favor to Bulchund, his Master, at-Cassambazar. I answered in fine to this frivolous request, not apprehending any advantage he could possibly receive by it, more than to delay my time; however, I went ashour immediately, and took him in my hand, walking together in that posture from yo boats to yo Factory, he being guarded by Peous and Servants, and I by yo Souldiers and Peons of Factory, with most of all yo Englishmen in town. Being home he had little more to say but to assure me of his reprect and friendship for yo future, and that I might go which way I pleased, and that if I would send a servantwith him; he would immediately send me yo letter promised my favour, to his Master.

Output 14.—As he went out of one of the factory doors?

The out of the other, towards the Sloops, where resolute
taken for my going to Decca by way of Gasumbuser, as
y most usuall, though it is believed by others the
a might be performed in less time through the River of
the All things being put again into y Budgerous cut
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prisoned; the like he did to our Peons and on our extends; and those Peons and Boatmen that he could not take he sent for their wives and children or other near relations, beating and imprisoning them, that their Husbinds and Fathers might leave our service; making also proclamation, by beat of Drum throughout the town, that if any Hars would run away from us he should be free, and liberty given to go where he or they pleased.

About 6 o'clock this night we get up to y' English Garden, where y' Servant I sent for Permesuradas's letter to Bulchund, met me, and told me he saw no hopes of getting y' letter, but was ordered by Permesuradass to tell me he would have me stay there till he sent to search my boats to see what was in them; and if I refused to stay there he would certainly stop me again at Trippany' some miles further up the River; but, resolving now to be abused no more in this manner, a sent all y' laden boats before, with M' Johnson to see them make all the haste that might be, and not to stop all night. Next to them went the Souldiers with y' other Budgero. I followed that, and 2 stout fellows, an Englishman and Spaniard, in a light boat, came last of all.

About 2 hours within night a boat full of armed men up very near to the Spaniard, who speaking y language demanded who they were, and commanded them to start but those in y bout returning no answer, nor regarding that he said, he fired his Musket in the Water, at which the satern. About an liour after, when we were got up as a trippany, the armed boat came up with y Spaniard with who commanded them to keep off, otherwise he would be a satern.

The junction of three streams (arr count)
Chogdah. "Tribeny" ghaut is about two miles and arrives of India for Dec. 3rd, 1857, mentions that the confirmed at Allahabad (Gunga, Junna, and the imaginary called Tribeni, i.e., three braids of hair. I would of India.

short imaget them though he shot do made the time before; so the bost fall actorn, and perceiving that we resolved not to stay at that place, we saw them no more.

a great shady tree near Santapore, where all our Salarite boats are ordered to stop, till we can have assurance from Permesuradass that we shall receive and send it on our Sloops, after entrys were made of it. At this place M. Wood, who has charge of yo said Petre Boats, came to me. I gave him a letter to M. Beard to be sent by an express to Hugly, and so proceeded on our Voyage.

October 16 .- Early in yo morning we passed by a Village called Sinadghur, and by 5 o'clock this afternoon we mit as far as Rewee, a small village belonging to Woodersty a Jemadar, that owns all the country on that side of the water. almost as far as over against Hugly. It is reported by ye country people that he pays more than twenty Lack of Rupees per enn. to ye King, rent for what he possesses and that about 2 years since he presented above a lack of rupees to yo Mogull and his favourites, to divert his intention of hunting and hawking in his country, for fear of his tenants being ruined and plundered by the Emperor's lawless and unruly followers. This is a fine pleasant situation, full of great shady trees, most of them Tamarins, well seered with peacocks and anotted Deer like our fallow-deer: we saw 2 of them nen the River side at our first landing.

October 17.—This day about noon we got to a Village

October 18.—We direct at Balles and after a few hourse repose, rowed on, and tracked all night.

<sup>1</sup> Now Santipur, lat. 28' 14' N. ; long. 88' 80' K.

There is a Bales on the Jellinghee River, in about late 45 45 1, long 88' 30' E.; about E. b. N., 10 miles from Pleasey, on the Blages, rather

October 19.—We rested about 5 o'clock at Uddumpers, and lay till 12 at night, then rose and tracked all night as herore. About 10 last night M. Johnson parted from us towards Meerdaudpoor with intention to go from themes to Cassumbassar, and come with M. Charnock, M. Catchpoole, and M. Rickman, to meet me at Meerdaudpoor aforesaid.

<sup>1</sup> Mr. Job Charnock was chief at Cossimbastr in 1680. Bruce first mentions him in 1680 (Annais, vol. it, p. 450). Near the northern wall of St. John's Church, once the "cathedrai" of Calcutts, is a rather oriental-looking open mausolesm, of black stone and break, containing four upright memorial slabs within, vis., to Charnock; to his youngest daughter, Mrs. White, 1701; to Wm. Hamilton, surgeon, 1717; and to Mrs. Martha Eyles, 1743. There were twenty-eight inscribed slabs, lying nearly horizontally round the exterior in 1843.

According to Bruce (Annals, vol. il, p. 450), Job Charnock's merits were handsomaly acknowledged by the Court of Directors in 1680. In a letter to the Government of Fort St. George, the Court wrote that they "would rather dismiss the whole of their other Agents than that Mr. Charnock should not be the Chief of Committees".

The slab is of an exceedingly black stone, and the inscription is in relief:

"D. O. M.

Jobus Charnock, Armig, Anglus, et nup.: in hos Regno Bengalensi Dignissim' Angloru' Agens

Mortalitatis star exuvias
Sub hoc Marmore deposals ut
Ip spe beater resurrectionis ad
Christi Judicis adventum
Obdormirens

Qui postquam in solo non Suo perigrinatus esset die Reversus est domina agis sen nitatis decino dies Jaminist 1682 n.

"Parite jaoet
Maria Joil ficinogualta
Caroli Fyre, Anglergie
hicea Preferai

Coleapoor, and at 6 this night M. Charnock; M. Catchpoole, M. Barker, M. Rickman, M. Threder, and M. Harding came to me here. I consulted with those of Councell with me, and those of Cassumbazar, who all unanimously agreed that my speedy going to Decca and application to y. Makes and Ministers there, was y. only probable means now left for redress of y. Habita Compt. grievances, and recovery of their priviledges for y. future.

October 21.—We lay at Colcapoor, and about 5 o'clock this afternoon set forward towards Decca, and lay this night near yo mouth of yo Ganges, where yo River being broad and rapid with great shoals, we durst not adventure into it until daylight.

October 22.—We rowed down yo great river the most part of this morning. We went within a point of yo South, either East or West. In yo Afternoon we went much Northerly. Half an hour before Sunset we fastened our Budgeroes to yo shore to provide and dress our suppers. We reposed ourselves here till 12 at night, and then rowed on till morning.

October 23 .-- We continued rowing all day in yo most

Conjux carimina Que obiit 19 die Feb' A.D. 1698-7."

The adjoining slab, to the memory of the Youngest daughter, who died in her first confinement, aged 21, is peculiar for a very well-worded, (Latin) epitaph, in the course of which the writer drifted into Greek, describing her as "Teo Marapirov Jobi Charnoch, Filia Natu minima", etc.

Orme, who evidently is not partial to Gharmon, speaks of him (vol. il, p. 12, Military Trans. in Hindostan) as having been imprisoned and scounged by the Nabeb; perhaps it was in the sense of having been chaptened, that the writer of the above considered him blassed.

Mr. Catchpoole continued in anytice, and was ultimately President if the Settlement cutte Island of Pulg Condore, where he was mardered in a general mutiny of the Maky soldiers, March 2, 1705, Beautitude of S. L. C., vol. iii, p. 606.

might, and then rought on till morning. shoet, and supposing it to be y toward of white the street a Budgeroe to row to y shore; town it to be a half burns up. Ohn course this meening has been from W South Dan to W North East, About I could thus when mean we got to the Character of Assessment from whether we were presently dismissed. At It take afternoon we perwhere to dose our own and business's suppers, and repeate tiffiald at right and then rowed on till meeting

Custon 25. By 12 o'clock this day we see Chan Caun' patient, in sight of Decca, where we were that by y Second the Third (y' Eisst being levely dead) of y Dutch Factory White Budgeto; and by M' Pounset, M' Eyes, and M' Oros Tactory. Mr. Herry, their late chief lying so weal atter a Rt of the Gout and Poswer that he was not able t come with them. We left this Garden between 3 and 4 places, and got to the Factory at Decce by d.in y afternoon.

this heavy the 11th day since we less Hagly.

Access 26. In the seconing Mr Pouncet and James Price, Websel want to acquaint Ray Handelall, y Naboh's Victor, of my errival last night, and deales that he woulds appoint a time when I might wait on him, and the Nabob; " said Ray very courtemply told them I might take my own per of pr-memors, in he appropriate and added thou pophixe The distance a principle bearing at \$1000. Corre A TANK OF BUILDING AND ALLEGED BY THE 

of my persuase, sector I am material.

Some he has ever above to not these

so visit the Nahou this night but so way in the sector of the sect

Free Proposition Comments

and kindness to me.

October 29 .- At 9 in v moming I waste Will after | hour's attendance; sent officers in processoe, being sat under a large canopy of of orimson velvet richly embroidered with mild and deep gold and silver fringes, supported by plated over with gold. I was directed by of Tour I Master of the Ceremonies, to sit over against nearer ve canony than his Duan or any other my first entrance ye Nabob was very tong in and vesting divers principal officers sent with diligence with recruits for their army lately in Asham and Sillet, two large plentiful countries lousney distant from this City, which are all le one little place held out and kept by 40 or 50 only; ye rest of ye Souldiers being all fied out of y Amondst ye rest I saw a Portuguess who was to h mander of 5 or 600 of his countrymen. This ha business continued ? of an hour. Whereit was done sailed my Vekeel, James Price, and hid him tall the reference into this Country; continuing his disc manding questions of me for j of an hour long out it was since I left England! How Sold these I had been at flee; and House Monthless I was one of the Garagnets endative to know, harting this arrand of my quality : Ma

speak those languages, in which I was immediately examined by a person placed (I suppose on purpose) near to me, to know whether yo report was true or thin, and for a good space after he was my Interpreter, with which they were pleased; and admired to hear from a Frange (as they call us). He enquired also whether I had seen yo Emperour of Germany? and in what part of yo World yo kingdom of Spain stood, and whether all yo Dollars brought into those parts came out of this Country, with many more such like questions. When he gave me leave to depart (according to their customs) he rose up, and going away, stood still, and told me I should go first out of his Presence, which (I'm informed) is greater kindness than he has ever shewn before to any Christian.

This Afternoon I went to visit Haggi Sophee Chan, you King's Duan, where I was entertained with Coffee, and stayed about half an hour. He bade me welcome, and afterwards spoke to me himself in Arabick, demanding how I liked this country, and whether I thought it as good as my own, etc. This being you first visit, when matter of business is never mentioned, I took my leave and returned to you Finglish Factory, which is at least 3 miles distant from this, or you Navob's Durbar, a most inconvenient situation for doing of business, being far from you Courts of Justice, Custom house, and you water side; for taking up or sending away of goods.

October 80.—I was visited by ye three Dutch Factors in Afternoon, viz., Jso Bonstoe, Alexander Urwin, and Jacob Graith, who supped with me. (31st) I sent to acquaint Haggi Benkee Chan, ye King's Duan, I intended (God Willing) to wait on him in ye afternoon. This day, at dinner time, Navob sent his Chief Cook and Butler with 8 or 10 Dishes of mest (with a Compliment) from his own table, which I am said is intended for an extraordinary favour.

A little before synset I went to Heart Section Character after some few questions and discourse little in Archide promised me to renew my Phurwanna for y free passing and receiving all our goods for y remainder of y Secver Months formerly granted, and then invited me to stay and sup with him.

November 1.—This morning I sent all ye presents to ye Navob's Durbar by James Price, and followed them myself at 9 o'clock. When I was almost got thither, a Peon, sent by James Price, told me ye Presents were returning to ye Factory, Ray Nundelall being sick, without whose presence and assistance it would not be convenient to give them. So I went to Mierza Muzaffer's house, where I was this day invited by him to dinner, and returned to ye Factory again the ye Evening.

This Afternoon I sent James Price to mind Haggi Sophes. Chan of Phurwanna which he promised, who assured him order should be given for the doing of it.

November 2.—I sent James Price to visit Ray Nundelall; before mon he brought me word y Ray returned my salute, was much recovered of his distemper, and that I should be welcome to him to-morrow morning.

This afternoon I sent James Price again to press Haggi Sophee Chan for yo Phurwanna, who was put off till to-morrow. This night I received letters from M. Beard of yo 25. Ultimo, at Hugly, advising that on yo 20. detto, Ramgivan, our Vekeel there, was sent for by Permesuradass, Bulchund's Servant, who immediately clay't him in prison. Y same day [ha] was brought forth and Slippered; the next day was best on yo Soles of his feet, yo third day Chawbuct, and yo 4. drub'd till he could not speak, and all to force a writing in the cought out this year. He hath given a writing for B. 5000.

y last message Mr Brand rece from Permentiades was that if he sent not presently Rupees 50,000, he would beat Ramgivan to Death, so that unless speedy relief can be obtained at Decca, they must either pay Custome or y Ships cannot go home this year.

November 3.—I went in y morning early to inform Ray Nundelall of the injuries done us by Permesuradass, but he, being much indisposed at present, desired to be excused from y trouble of business. I acquainted his Chief Writer with all our concerns, who promised this afternoon to tell them all to his Master.

November 6.—Ray Nundelall, being so well recovered as to be able to go to yo Durbar, I sent yo presents this morning, and gave them to the Nabob, who told me he did not like so much cloth, but desired rather some rarities, which would be more acceptable to him. When yo Durbar was over, I sent to know of yo Ray when he would please to accept of his presents, who ordered them to be brought on yo 9 Instant.

November 7.- I waited on Suffede Mahmud, Haggi Sophee Chan's Son, yo Fousdar of Hugly (who would not admit me. in ye morning). After half an hour's discourse, with various entreaties and fair promises, he assured me he would use his best endeavors to procure yo Perwanna so long promised, and accordingly went with me to his Father, where, after a long discourse betwixt them, yo Fousdar told me his Father was out of power, a new Duan being on his way thither, and, therefore, he could not grant my Perwanna. I told him Permesuradass was not out of Power to do us mischief, and his authority was derived from him. At last, with many arguments and earnest entreetys to know the reason of this unkindness and breach of promise, he told me Bukshund had advised him and ye Nabob, "if he trusted us and gave us time for payment of our custome in 7 Months we would leave ye Country and pay none at all.

To which I replied I would give security of Merchants in yo place (which was accepted), and to-morrow morning promised to bring them to him.

This night I was invited to sup with Coda Bux Chan, the Bucksi of this place, who is first Cousin to Orang Zeb, and marryed to this Nabol's daughter. He has assured me he will speak to yo Nabob for my dispatch, and favour me on all occasions what Iyes in his power.

November 8.—I sent for some Gentu Merchants to be our security to ye Duan for our payment of Custome after 7. Months, if a Phirman be not procured in that time, which being a day, as also to-morrow, wherein their religion obliges them not to do any business, they desired to be excused till ye 10th instant, so [we] were forced to have patience till that time.

November 9.—I sent James Price to waite on Ray Nundelall, and to know when he would accept of his present, whose answer was, "When he would have it we should have notice to send it to him," and when he would permit me to discourse with him in private, for which last this afternoon was appointed: whilst my Vekeel was talking with yo Ray, a letter was brought him from Mr. Pitt.

This afternoon I waited upon Ray Nundelall, and discourst him fully concerning Bulchund and his Servant Permesuradass's villainous practices at Hugly. I told him, likewise, of my desire to have him procure me a new Phyrmaund, to which he returned thus short teply, "Your business shall be done for you"; and appointed two of his Servants to treat with me concerning your Price and Wording of your Phirman.

November 10.—In yo morning I sent letters to Hugly well
James Price to treat with yo Nabol's Servants concerning
yo Phirman. All they did was to discourse of yo former (?),
and consider yo best methods to go about it, and so parted. I
"treated with yo Merchant for being our security, whose demands were so unreasonable, requiring an obligation for pay-

ment of 1½ per cent., per Mensem, interest for so much money, and so long time as he should stand engaged for us, we were forced to send for another Merchant, whose demands were likewise very great. In fine, y° necessity of closing with him, if we intended to take off y° present stop on our trade, made me agree to y° lending of him Rupees 20,000 gratic for his security, and becoming obliged to him for payment of whatsoever sum y° Custome shall come to more than y° said Rupees 20,000, if a Phirman to clear as of Custome be not procured in 7 months' time.

November 11.—I send James Price, with our new security, to Haggi Sophee Chan for our promised Perwanna, and also to treat with ye Ray's servants about ye Phirman. This evening ye King's Duan granted an order (by his Son's mediation) to give us a Perwanna for passing our goods 7 Months from this day, upon our Entrys, without Payment of Custome.

November 13.—News being brought me last night that Nabob (in yº 82nd year of his age) had a Son born this day, and 'twas expected I should make him a visit, and give him a present, I went this morning to yº Durbar, and gave him is Gold Mohurs and 21 Rupees, which he accepted so kindly that I took yº opportunity to request his Perwanus in conformity to that granted by yº King's Duan; and that another Ferwanna might also be sent, with two of his own Servants, to recover all the monies unduly and foreibly taken from us by Permesuradass at Hugly, which was likewise granted

November 14.—I visited y' King's Duan and his Son, sopheede Mahmood; y' Duan promised me a Perwanna for recovery of y' money paid to Permesuradass upon sight of that fromised by y' Nabob.

November 15.—I sent away two Perwandahs to Cassumment to be shewne to Bukhund, and their Copy to Hugly.

This afternoon Ray Nundelall sends me word of Nabob would not give me his Perwanna on Permestiralize, to retain y money forced from us, till I procured, such a Perwann first from y Duan. I sent James Price immediately to Haggi Sophee Chan, desiring him to grant me y said Perwanna, but as James was in y house; going to him, he was suddenly taken with such a violent fit of an Agua that he was foxed to return home; re infecta.

November 16.—The King's Duan not being to be spoken with at all in the morning, I wrote a letter to his Son, desiring him earnestly to solicit his Father for the said Perwanna, and facilitate his granting of it to me in the afternoon, when I intended to wait upon him; advising him, likewise, that Permesuradass was forcing Rupees 5,000 more from us at this time, and stopped the proceedings of our goods to Ballasore, giving all the furtherance he could to ye Interlopers.

In the Afternoon I went to y Duan, where, after a long discourse with himself and his Son, he told me he durst not give his Perwanna for y recovery of any money that is once appropriated to y King; showing divers letters written him to that purpose by y King's order. Upon which I took leave, and went immediately to complain of this proceeding to Ray Nundelall, who told me y Duan did not deal so justly with me as he ought to do, and advised me to apply myself to y Nabob y next Durbar day (which is on y 18th Instant), and he would know y Nabob's pleasure in this business.

November 17.—This morning I received a letter of ye 8th instant from Mr Beard, advising me he was in so great fear ye Ships would not go away this year, it had put him upon making ye best terms he could with Permesuradass, to whom he had promised 4,000 Rupees, as a gratuity for Bulchund, to let our goods pass to and fro without molestation.

November 18.—I went to yo Nabob who, after a little pause, enquired of me how many ships Mr Pitt had brought into this Country, to which I replied four or five. He then

asked whether he belonged to yo Compy. I answered in yo negative. He further demanded whether it were usuall in this country for private Merchants to trade in these parts that were not of yo Company? I replyed No; at which an eminent person stood up and assured yo Nabob the contrary, and all I could say would not disswade from that opinion.

At last yo Nahob came to this resolution. If he were a private merchant, as I assured him, he should pay Custome, and give good security before he left yo Country that he would do no prejudice to any of yo Mogull's Subjects after his departure. As to my request for a Phirman "not to pay Custom" to be procured of the King, he told me it would be chargeable and tedious for him to get it, but he would willingly give me his letter in my favour, which, with a Servant of my own, would be sooner got on more reasonable terms.

That he would write to Bulchund to displace Permesuradass, and give me his Perwanna to cause all the money forcibly taken from us, to be paid into our Security's hands, till such time as it be known whether we can procure a Phirmaund from y' King in 7 Months. So we parted.

November 20.—I sent James Price to yo Nabob's Durbar, but Ray Nundelall's Uncle being dead, he could not be there; so no business was done for us.

This morning I agreed with a Merchant here to give him Dollers, to the value of 20,000 Rupees, to receive yo like sum in Hugly, Mr. Beard complaining he had not money in yo Factory to buy Victual's, and could not get any at interest. In yo Afternoon I went to yo King's Duan to know upon what terms we should send our money to yo Mint, who, after some difficulty, granted his Perwanna for yo payment of only 3½ per Cent. Custome, and that to be paid only at one of the two Mints of Decca or Rajemall, and in no other place, which has cut off Bulchund's pretences not only of Rupo 50,000 for the treasure imported this year, but also yo arrears of you former years, which is very materiall if we should not

have ye good fortune to obtain a Phirman to excuse our payment of Custome in 7 Months' time. Besides, I hope, upon showing this command to ye Nabob, he will grant his Perwanna to recover all the money forced from us by Permesuradase, at Hugly.

Normber 21.—I wrote to Mr. Beard, and sent him a bill of Exchange for 20,000 Rupees and a copy of yo Duan's Perwanna, that Gold and Silver are to pay but 34 per Cent. Custome, at yo Mint only, and not to be demanded in any other place. This afternoon I sent-copies of yo said Purwanna to Rajemall and Cassambazar.

November 22.—This being y' Nabob's Birthday, when all persons that expect favour or respect at Court-give him presents, 'two thought convenient that I should do the like; and, being on y' way, a Peon was sent' to me by Ray Nundelalls chief writer, desiring I would not go this day to visit 'y' Nabob, for casons be did not then think fit to acquaint mediant James Frice to speak with him, and returned to y' Factory.

Normber 23.—I went and presented y Nabel with 21 Gold Mohurs and 50 rupees, and so returned; matters of business being not to be discourst on this day.

\*\*November 23. \*\*This morning early news was brought me the new Town was yesterday at Jattrapoor, one glayes journey from this place.

November 29.—This morning, notice being given me that yonew Duan was at a Garden near yo City, I went to give him a visit, and was respectfully and kindly received by him, with assurance of doing us justice upon all occasions, and furthering our trade what lyes in his power. In yo Afternoon took my leave of Haggi Sophee Chah, yo late Duan.

Moumber 30.—This being yo Moors feast of "little Byram", no fusiness could be acted by me this day, so I sent James to yo Durbar to enquire whether M. Pitt and Capt and was paint for hither, as Hay Naudelall had promise the

yesterday. His answer was, that this being Byram, no business could be done till to-morrow morning.

December I.—I sent James Price to Ray Nundelall's. This morning a Gentoo sent by Bulchund, Governour of Hugly and Cassumbazar, made complaint to me that Mr Charnock did shamefully, to yo great scandall of our Nation, keep a Gentoo woman of his kindred, which he has had these 19 years; and that, if I would not cause him to turn her away, he would lament of it to the Nabob, which, to avoid further scandall to our Nation, with fair words I prevailed with yo poor fellow to be pacified for yo present.

I was further informed, by this and divers other persons, that when M. Charnock lived at Pattana, upon complaint made to yo Nabob that he kept a Genteo's Wife (her husband being still living, or but lately dead), who was run away from her husband and stolen all his money and jewels to a great value, the said Nabob sent 12 Souldiers to seize M. Charnock, but he escaping (or bribing yo men) they took his Vekeel and wept him 2 months in prison, yo Souldiers lying all this while at yo Factory gate, till M. Charnock compounded the business for Rupees 3000 in money, 5 Pieces of Broad Cloth, and some sword-blades. Such troubles as these he has had divers times at Cacsumbazar, as I am credibly informed; and whenever she or Mr Charnock dyes, yo pretence will certainly lye heavy on yo Company.

This morning early I received a Genh from Hugly knowledging ye receipt of ye Nabob's and Duan's Perwannas sent them for ye free passing of our goods, which Permesuradass would not obey, saying he was Bulchund's servant, and expected, orders from him. I went immediately to Nundelall and acquainted him how little ye National wannahs were regarded, who advised me to complainted ye Nabob, which I did, and received this answer would order Bulchund to suffer all our goods to be treated.

out of his service, and would order a tipstaff or messenger to go and see it put intexecution"; so took leave and returned to yo Factory.

December 3.—I went to visit yo new Duan, after I had shewen all our old Phirmans and Perwannas in our favor for a free trade without payment of Custome, he told me thous were once of value, but now signified nothing. The King having ordered that if Custome were not paid at Surait it should be paid here, excepting yo respite given us of 7 months for ye procuring ye King's Pharman to the contract. At prosent he confirmed the Nabob's (Haggi Sophi Chan's) wanna by his Chop, that no custome should be deper for money, save at yo Mint, and that but 31 per C ~ December 4.—James Price brought me draw wannes granted to me ye 2nd Instant suradass should be turned out of himse; that that our goods moula pass free without interruption that an Assole or most ger, together with Bulchund's forced from us should be restored. Vekeel, should be sen y see this perwanna put in execution. These 3 heads were at into one Perwanna.

The next stranna was directed to Bulchund and the The next stranna was directed to Bulchund and the Foundar of Lugly, to seize M. Pitts and Captain Dorrell and bring to make to give security not to use any hostility bring to more Mogall's Subjects when they are gone out of the Mogall's Subjects when the M

Prwanna granted was for relief of grievances at the speed to the signed to in such case, I will make a round proffer for a and so make all the speed I can to see ye Company's

Assols mus, nean Yashood, Turk, and Perg, a state researnger,

affairs dispatched at Cassumbazar and Hugly for ye ship's reparture.

freember 5.—This being Tuesday, and no Durbar day,

nothing could be done for obtaining the Perwanna.

December 6.—Received letters from Mr Charnock, etc., returning the Nabol's and Haggi Sophin Chan's Perwanna, which Bulchund refused to obey.

December 7.- I went to yo present Duan's to desire a Perwherea for the free passing of our goods, who told me plainly We was pay Custome at Surfat or in this place, and would When I alledged such We must be force us out of the Country, his answer was: mmediately when we pleased." I made complaint of this Vikoelal, who are Numbelall (in presence of Bulchund's 2 tola hin. I went the me to acquaint ye Nabob with what I with you have Juan. I to yo Nabob's Durbar, where I met with you have Duan. I to yo Nabob's Durbar, where I met Duan took his part, insisting on our paying Custome. The Nabob [?] used divers argument at our favor, and offering himself to be my security to yo Vaire . Rupees 50,000. At last he commanded yo Duan to give to his Perwanna for y" free passing of our goods the remainder x y 7 months, saying he would write to yo King for a Phirma. to free us from this Pretance, as we have been formarly. It charnock had taken the paines to present these 2 Perwowns himself, tis probable, with a small present, he might have prevailed with Bulchund to have our goods freed. However, at this rate any pitifull Vekeel is as good to act yo Company's Service as himself.

Observation Who went from Decca this evening.

December 9.—Mr. Beard, supposing me on my return to Hugly, wrote Mr. Pownset a letter dated of Int Instant advising that yo ship Society was safely arrived at Ballasore. She set sail out of yo Downes yo 30th May, and not touching at any place by yo way, lost 17 men of yo Same

This morning I went to yo new Duan, Emir Seid Amud, who made great difficulty to grant his Perwanna for yo free passage of our goods. At last he refused mine, and promised to accept of Gullab Ray's security, that if we did not produce yo King's Phirman in 6 months' time (1 month being expired), we should pay Custome immediately, according to our Talical or entrys, and upon these terms he promised to give us his Perwanna in yo afternoon. So I left James Price and Goolab Ray to wait yo Duan's leisure, and get yo business effected, which they did, and brought yo said King's Duan's Perwanna accordingly.

December 10.—The Nabob sealed and signed all ye Perwannas, formerly [formally] granted, for ye free passing of our goods—turning out of Permesuradass,—and recovery of our money forced from us, appointing an Assole<sup>2</sup> or messenger, together with Bulchund's chief Vekeel, to carry ye Perwannas and see them put in execution. The Perwannas, for bringing up Pitts and Capt. Dorrell, were likewise sealed, and promised to be all given us to-morrow morning.

December 14.—This morning I sent away two Expresses; one to Cassumbazar, with yo King's Duan's Originall Perwanna and its copy, to be presented to Bulchund for taking off and freeing yo stop on our trade. The sther Express was with yo copy of yo said Perwanna to Mr. Beard at Hugly.

December 12.—This morning I dispatched away two expresses more, with copys of yo Nabob's perwannas, "to Displace Permesuradass, and recover our money of him"; one to Cassumbazar, and yo other to Hugly, to give those Factories notice what I had done, that they might be sending their goods to yo ships at Ballasore.

As soon as these letters were sent away, I went immediately to Ray Nundelall's to have had yo Scapy, or Nakok's

Talltah or Tallka, an inventory or invoice.

<sup>2</sup> See note, p. 53.

horseman, consigned to me, with order to see y Perwanna put in execution; but, having thought better of it, y Ray desired me to have patience till to-morrow morning. He would then present me to y Nabob, whose commands to y Seapy and Bulchund's Vekeel would be more powerfull and advantagious to me than his own. I took his advice and returned to the factory; after y Ray had assured me at his house, he would prevail with y Nabob to write to y King for a Phirman for us, and our business should be all done according to my desire.

December 13.—I went to yo Rays in yo morning, and with him to yo Nabob's Durbar, where yo Nabob gave me yo Persyanna before mentioned, and called the Seapy and Bulchunds Vekeel commanding to see yo Perwanna carefully observed in every particular. I then desired him to undertake the procuring a Phirman of the King, who replied: "It was better for me to do it myself by a Vekeel which would cost less money, and be sooner got than if he sent for it", with which answer I took my leave of him.

This afternoon I took my leave of Coda Buxe and Mierza Maduffa, Orang Zeb's Sister's Sons, in return of the severall Visits they had made. The former is married to the Nabob's daughter, and yo letter to the Nabob's Eldest Son's daughter. Next I took my leave of yo new Duan, and, lastly, of yo Dutch Factory from whom I received divers Civillitys.

At night I received letters from Cassumbazar advising Bulchund's stomach was come down, promising Mr. Charnock to let our goods pass, and to be very good and friendly to me for ye future, his Vekeel here having advised him, ye Nabob was exceeding angry he disobeyed his Perwanna.

December 14.—This morning early I went to Ray Nundelail's with a letter from my self (in case his indisposition should prevent my speaking to him) to mind him of his promise to me divers times, "That the Nabob would write to yo King for our Phirman"; but, coming to his house, we found. y Ray's distemper so much increased upon him, that he commanded his Servants not to suffer him to be disturbed with any business. So I was forced to return home, and sent James Price to y Ray's Deputy at y Durbar, for our Maulds Perwanna, and for the copy of that Perwanna to bring up Mr. Pitts and Capta Dorrell.

In y' Afternoon I went again to visit ye Ray, and take my leave of him, who gave me great hopes of prevailing with yo Nabob to procure us a Phirman, assuring me, twice, he would (God willing) take the very first opportunity to acquaint the Nabob with my request, and to inform James Price with the Nabob's resolution, and for that purpose advised me to leave James Price behind me to take the Nabob's' answer in case my occasions would not permit me to stay for it myself. I replied ye time was so far spent that ye Honbie Compy occasions would not permit of my longer stay at this place, but I would leave my Vekeel and his present with M1. Pownset at ve English Factory, and so took my leave of him. This night I received a letter from Mr Hill at Rajemant advising ve Drog. (Darogah) of ve Mint would not obey a Copy, but required at least a sight of ye Originall, and that confirmed by ve new Duan, which shall be sent him to-merrow morning before I go from honce.

December 15.— This morning early I wrote my instructions to be left with James Price, and dispatched an express to Maulda and Rajemaul. To yo former I sent a Perwanua for the relief of all their grievances, and turning out of James shire Beigh, who had given them yo occasion of their laments. To Rajemaul I sent yo old Duan, Haggi Sophi Chan's Perwanna, Chopt both by the Nabob and new Duan, for its especimation, "That Castome of Money is to be demanded only at yo Mint, and there to pay but 3½ per cent."

After I had made these dispatches, I waited you can also of Goodob Ray, who brought me a copy of the memorial sent unto yo Nabob by Ray Nundelall (his indisposition to 4 suffer-

ing him to go in person), under yo Ray's own hand, of my proposals for a Phirman, not doubting of giving me a satisfactory account of yo Nabob's undertaking my business in two or three days at farthest. I gave Goolob Ray an obligation under hand and seal, to accept his bills on me as far as Rupees 6000, for Procuring a Puirman, and then took my leave of Decca and went aboard yo Budgero for Cassumbazar and Hugly, resolving (God willing) to make yo best of my way thither, having been 51 days since my first arrival at Decca.

Just as I was taking my leave of Decca City, I was visited by Mirza Maduffa (the King and he being Sisters' Children), who, seeing a glass of wine and water filled for me to drink to him, he desired to take it out of my hand, and drank part of it to me, telling and desiring that this might be a token betwixt us, as yo wine and water, although just now two distinct body's, were now inseparably united, and see should our friendship be as long as we lived.

December 17.—About 12 o'clock at noon we got to ye' Chowkee, where, after we had shown our Dustick and given our present, we were dismissed immediately.

December 18.—Bulchund's Vekeel not coming up with us a coording to yo Nabob's command, and his own promise, I sent away the Assole, with a Peon and yo Nabob's Perwanna, to be accompanied from thence by Mr. Charnock, etc., to Balchand, and to require another Perwanna of him in contract by yo Nabob's, to displace Permesuradass at Hugly between my arrival there

December 20.—I received letters by a Cessid from Mrdehnson and Mr Catchpole, dated yo 18th Instant, from Maxondavad, Bulchund's residence, advising they had initial Bulchund, and got him to clear Mrs. Meverell's bero for Pattana, and Mr. Anthony's 4 boats for Raje-mail, who had lain there 2 days without hopes of being refrace. They likewise cleared 4 boats with yo Company's

<sup>1</sup> New Moorshedahad . \*

treasure for Rajema. II, which [had] lain stopt before I passed by for Decca, and those boats which lay laden at Cassumbarar (which Bulchund declared he kept there so long, because no Englishman came to him for their proceeding to Hugly).

They prevailed also with Bulchund to write me a complementall abliging letter, assuring me 'twas M'. Charnock's fault that ever he stopped our goods, or detained them so long; and that for the future he was resolved to court my Friendship to which I returned him an answer by the same express.

December 21.—One of Bulchund's Vekeels overtook me this morning, and after customary salutations, passed on to inform his Master of my coming.

December 23.—I wrote to Mr Beard advising him of my arrivall this evening at Mierdaudpoor, and intention to visit Bulchund on my way to Cassumbazar.

December 25.--In ye night we lay a mile short of Muxoodavad. In ye afternoon I met with Me Johnson and Me Catchpool, coming to pay their respects.

December 26 .- In yo morning I went to give Bulchund a visit according to his invitation, who rose up and embraced me when I came near him, enquired of my health and bid me welcome to Muxoodavad, assuring me of all yo friendship and kindness that lay in his power. And for my better satisfaction commanded divers Perwannes to be written directed to his several officers, requiring them not to give ye least trouble or disturbance to our trade, but to let all thing's pass with ye same freedom that ever it did. Balchund told me he heard I had given Goolob Ray security for our payment of custom upon our entrys, in case a Phirman should not be procured; that he was now going himself to Decca; that he would take and bear my obligation, and be my security himself; and would not fail to get an order from the Nabob to settle a Mint at Hugly or at Cassuinbazar, as I had formerly desired him. In recompence of which he requested me to remit one part of my Perwanna touching ye displacement of Permesuradass, who, being thoroughly acquainted with his business, could not be turned out but to yo King's and his great prejudice. That he would command Permesuradass not to meddle in our affairs, that he should return all yo money forcibly taken from us, and would send another "Droga" or Customer, or purpose to take our Tallicas, and send them to him to be forwarded to Decca. These fair promises, together with yo consideration of yo time for lading and departure of our Ships was far spent, and if he should be cross and stubborn (as he is naturally inclined to be) yo lading of our Ships and their departure might be much delayed, I consented to his proposal; and as soon as I had despatched all my business here, and got yo Perwannas (which was not till after six at night), I went to Cassumbazar, where I arrived a little after 8 o'clock.

December 27.—This day I spent wholly in seeing and examining what store of silk, &c., was now in ye Company's Godowns, where I found the quantity of more than 500 bales of silk not yet prized, which I immediately caused to be brought out and prized whilst I was there, which was accordingly done, Mr Charnock promising 500 great bales, and 200 chests of silk should follow me in 10 or 15 days at farthest. And this night about 9 o'clock we took boat for Hugly.

December 29.—We lay to at Nuddia, on yo Point of Cassumbazav Island, and after our boatmen had eaten, rowed all night, and ye next morning by 2 o'clock were past Sanctapoor.

December 30.—By 8 o'clock in yo morning we got to Trippany, and dined at Hugly, where (God be praised) we arrived all in good health.

December 31.—Permesuradass y Customar sent 2 of his hier servants, desiring me to permit him to give me a visit, which I appointed him in y afternoon. Being come, he ex-

Le., Darogah or Customs official.

<sup>·</sup> About sight miles below Murshidsbad.

Priced.

<sup>4</sup> Santipore, about 81 miles.

<sup>5</sup> Comparoller of Customs.

pressed his great joy to see me so well returned from Decompassing many compliments upon me. That he was a serval and did no more than his Master commanded him. That now, being otherwise directed, he would show me all respect and kindness imaginable, suffering all goods whatever to pass; that I desired him.

# January 1683.

January 6.—This day I received a letter from Charles Crosse 3,¹ at Decca, whom 1 had ordered James Price my Vekeel to acquaint with all the Honble Compy's concerns, and to give me a constant advice of all his proceedings. Mr. Pownset having divers times declared if I left James Price behind me, he would give him 500 chawbuks² the next day after I was gone out of towne, and slipper him out of doors, so [I] was forced to order Mr. Pownset not to concern himself with James Price during his stay at Decca.

Mr Crosse advises me that James Price had made an agreement with yo Nabob to procure us a Phirmsund from yo king; that whilst they were discoursing ye business, ye Nabob received a letter from Bulchund, advising him that y' Custome of this year's goods already registered (besides great quantities not yet come down) amounted to 75,000 Rupees, on which the Nabob demanded 3 years custome at that rate for procuring a Phirmaund; but this discourse passing over, yo Nabob began to talk of writing to yo king, and that he should be at great charge at court (to get our said Phirmaund) in Durbar expences, &c., which James finding no other remedy promised to pay; so yo Nabob ordered Goolob Ray our security to give him a Bill of Exchange payable to his Vekeel in Dellys for Besides which sum Rupees 10,000 for Court Expences. Cossadass ye Chief Secretary-Mutsuddies, and ye Nabob's

<sup>1</sup> l.e., third in rank.

<sup>2</sup> Lashen.

Chief Eunich will be paid all their money before hand, as also yo Nabob Rupees 5000, and yo rest when yo Phirmaun arrives. Though this be chargeable, 't will be done effectually and money better given than over was in this country.

For discharge of these for going sums James Price has drawn his bill on me for Rupees 20,000, payable to Goolob Ray's Vekeel at 13 dayes sight, which I have accepted. Mr. Crosse further advises yo Nabob's letter to by King is drawn out foul—when it is fair written, and James Price has seen it despatched, he intends to make all the haste he can to Hugly.

So that my going to Decca has in yo first place got 7 months time for procuring a Phirmaund; 2<sup>ndly</sup>, taken off wholly yo Pretence of 5 per cent. Custome, on all Treasure imported this and yo 3 preceeding years, besides 1½ per cent of what [was] usually paid, at yo mint for some years past; 3<sup>rdly</sup>, procured yo general stop to be taken off all our trade, our Goods now passing as freely as ever they did formerly; 4½, got a command to turn Permesuradass cut of his place, and restore yo money forced from us; 5½, and last, prevailed with yo Nabob to undertake yo procuring a Phirmaund for us from yo King, of which there being no great doubt to be made, I shall make this short estimate of the advantage we shall certainly receive from it this year:

| 6 per Cent |            |     |     |          |        |         |
|------------|------------|-----|-----|----------|--------|---------|
| sure Ir    | nported is | š   | ••• | •••      | •••    | 3,000   |
| The Custo  |            |     |     | ls outwi | rds at |         |
| 3½ per     | Cent is    | ••• |     | •••      |        | 7,000   |
| In all     | •••        |     | *·  | •••      | •••    | £20,000 |

besides great expense, not to be abused in yo valuing of our goods. If God gives me life to get this Phirmaund into my possession, yo Honbie. Compy shall never more be much troubled with Interlopers. I bless God for this great success I have had, beyond all men's expectations, in my voyage to Decca.

The two Perwannes procured to fetch up M, Pitt and Capt. Dorsell were compounded with Bulchund for a good sum of money, and h per cent paid by them for all their goods; with other great presents: though these men are so shameless as to deny it.

January 10.—This day I received letters from James Price at Decce, advising yo Nabob's letter to yo King for procuring our Phirmaun, was sent away to him some dayes since. Letters from Cassumbazar advised Thomas Bromly dyed yo 29 Ultimo.

January 21.—Ye Fousda, sent me word ye Perwannas taken out by me at Decca for ye seizing of Pitt and Dorrell were now dome to his hands, and he was sending orders to seize them if possible at Ballasore. I shall not fail to give ye Nabob notice of this treachery in his officers.

January 22.—About 5 at night, I went abourd yo Madapollam Sloop with the Honbie. Compy's letters, Invoices, and · Bills of lading for dispotch of yo Defence at Ballasore, which I resolved to go myself and see performed with more expedition. We got no further than over against yo Dutch factory by 8 oclock, when I received a letter from Mr. Beard. advising, I was no sooner put off from ye shore but Pormesuradass began to play his old villainous tricks with us again; forcing away yo Master and all yo men of yo boat whereou yo remainder of our Decca fine cloth, and 28 Bales of Silk were laden, to complete yo Defence's Tonuage; so that Mr. Beard was constrained, with ye help of \$\beta\$ or 7 Souldiers, whom I sent immediately to his assistance to take all ve goods out of that boat and lade them in another Vessell, which I brought away with me.

Jeonary 23.—This day having little or no wind, we got no farther than Barnagur, though we rowed with our beat all y way.

January 24.—By break of day we weighed anchor, and being a meer calm could get no farther than y Ebb would carry us which was not altogether so far as Jan Pardo. By

yo way I met with yo Arrival Sloop, who I hastened to bring away yo goods for yo Society. Yo tide being spent, and not a breath of wind stirring, were forced to come to an anchor, and lye here all night.

January 25.—This morning by daylight we weighed anchor and with so little wind that we could but just stem your than the wind that we could but just stem your than the wind that we could but just stem your than the wind that we will you for the wind that we will you for your than the weight will be weight and make all you haste he could to Hugly, to take in what goods he found ready for your society.

About 9 oclock this night we found your Thomas at an anchor, we hailed her, and commanded her Master to come abourd. But he not having a boat, we were forced to anchor by her, and send our boat for her Master, whom I ordered to take 28 Bales of Silk and some Bales of Cloth out of yo boat we brought from Hugly, and to bring them to me aboard of your Befence, with all possible diligence. We anchored this night on you head of your Diamond Sand.

January 26.—This morning early we weighed anchor with the tide of Ebb, bus having little wind got no further than the Point of Kegaria Island, where, meeting with yo tide of Flood, were forced to drop our anchor. About 5 this afternoon you Ganges came up to us, whom I ordered to take in 588 Bags of Salt Petre that lay ready for him in two boats within Kejeria River, and make yo best of his way to deliver it aboard of your secretary; and then to return to Hugly. This evening at 7 oclock we weighed, but growing calme, and being to pass through your narrow sands of Point Irgelee, we chopt to an anchor and lay there all night.

that "the portion of the Hoogly river, now called Hoogly Bight, was then named the 'Narrows'." Above Hoogly Foint the river was specially considered the River of Hoogly, in contradistinction to the Booplarain, or "Old Ganges", up which, at a far earlier period. Chinese Junks may have traded to Tambook.

January 27.—Before day this morning the Gale freshening in our favour we weighed, and after it was day, finding we could stem the tide, made y best of our way towards y Braces. About 1 oclocks as soon as we had got clear of them, both wind and tide failing of us, we dropped our

all sair till 9 to night, when y wind proved contrary, so anchored again and lay till morning.

January 28.—At daylight we discovered the Defence and you Society about 2 leagues to windward of us. We made sail, and after 4 hours turning of it, we found we rather lost than gained, so came to an anchor. About 2 in the afternoon, we weighed anchor with a small breeze. About 4 your Defence and Society's Pinnaces came and carried us aboard your fence.

. January 29.—The Madapollam Sloop delivered her lading, and was immediately dispatched away to Hugly.

January 30.—The Thomas arrived with y 28 Silk taken out of the Purga, and was dispatched for Hugy, y same night.

January 31.—This day was taken up in comparing yo Boatswaines severall receipts with yo Bills of Lading, and at night I gave yo Defence her Dispatches.

## February 1683.

February 1.—This morning y' Defence set sail for England, and by 2 oclock in y' afternoon was out of sight. Soon after y' Defence was under sail I went aboard of y' Society, and lay there this night.

February 2.—I came ashore in Capt. Gayer's Pinness to you Bankshall, about 7 miles from Ballasore, where I was met by Mr. Byam, and your est of our Factory, together with all of our Merchants that trade with us. The Foundary of vernor, sent his brother to salute and bid me well as the content of the conte

these parts. Whilst I stand dinner at this place Capt. Dorrell and Mr Pitt passed by in their Sloop, with 4 Guns and about 30 English Seamen to work y vessel and row in y Crown's pinnace, to tow y cloop. About half an hour after 4 oclock I went in my Palenkeen for Ballasore, and arrived there about half an hour after 6.

February 5.—This morning yo Crown and yo other in Interlopers sailed out of yo road: together with Mr. Littleton in a sloop for Fort St. George.

February 10.—M. Tyler arrived in a vessel of his own, laden with Elephants from Tenassarim, advising me he met yo Defence yo 5th instant in 18 degrees with a fair and fresh gale of wind, steering due South.

February 26.—This night y Society set sail out of Ballasore Road.

February 28.—I went to see Nilligree Hills. I went out of Ballasore at 7 in the morning, and got to yo tent, which was pitched by a Tank in a grove of trees, at yo foot of yo hill beyond yo town, by half an hour after 10.

### March 1683.

March 1.—I went out a hunting with yo Ragea, who was attended with two or three hundred men, armed with bows and arrows, swords and targets, or javelins. I went with them beating yo woods till 11 o'clock: at which time finding yo Sun very hot, and having had no other sport than one hare killed with an arrow by a black fellow in yo woods, I returned to my tent. But Mr. Frenchfeild, and Capt. Raynes, resolving to see all that could be shown them, continued with yo Ragea in yo field. In yo afternoon they found a great Tiger, one of yo black men shot a barbed arrow into his Buttock. Mr. Frenchfeild and Capt. Raynes alighted off their horses and advanced towards the thicket where yo Tiger lay. The people making a great noise, yo Tiger flew out upon Mr. Frenchfeild, and he shot him with a brace of Bullets into

y breast: at which he made a great noise, and returned again to his den. The Black Men seeing of him wounded fell upon him, but the Tiger had so much strength at to kill 2 men, and wound a third before he died. At night y Rages sent me the Tiger.

Mirch 2.—In yo morning early I went up the Milgres Hill, where I had yo view of a most pleasant fruitful valley between yo hills, which they told me was 18 Course long. Yo Hills afferd store of Iron, which furnishes all this country. Yo Valleys are full of Rice, Gram, and divers sorts of Pulse. This evening I returned again to yo factory at Ballasore.

Merch 5. - 1 went to ye Bankshall to mark out and appoint

Plat of ground to build a Godown for ye Houble Company's
Salt Petre, and having chosen the most convenient place,
returned immediately to ye Factory.

March 7.—This afternoon about 4 o'clook I left Ballasore, and went down to yo Bankshall to embark on yo Shoop Lilly for Hugly.

March 8.—About 1 oclock this morning I went on board you Lilly, and sailed over you Bar, where we had but 1 foot water, a few inches more than our Vessel drew. You wind being contrary we were forced to lie at an anchor all this day till 10 oclock at night, when we weighed and made sail with little wind.

March 2—All ye last night and this day it continued calm till towards night, when we had a small breeze which brought as over ye first Sand or Brace, where we anchored all night.

March 11.—This morning before Sun rising we weighted anchor with a small breeze in our favour, and being got up with Kegaria, we went on shore in our Boats, and landed at an old ruined Costle with mud walls and thatched. We saw one small Iron Cun mounted and an Iron Paterson. It Island

is exceeding pleasant and fruitfull, having great store of wild Hogs, Deer, wild Buffalos, and Tigers.

This afternoon we stood off towards Sagor, and anchored between Cock Island and ye Oyster River.

March 12.—We went in our Budgeros to see ye Pagodas at Sagor, and returned to ye Oyster River, where we got as many Oysters as we desired, and lay at ye mouth of ye River.

March 13.-We weighed and came to Jan Pardo.

March 14.—We weighed and got to Hugly by 7 oclock at night, all in good health, God be praised for it: This night we had an extraordinary great Storm: New moon to-morrow.

March 17.—Wrote y° Chief and Councell in Dacea in answer to theirs of the 2<sup>nd</sup>, 12<sup>th</sup>, and 22<sup>nd</sup> Ultimo. "That y° Nabob's goods were brought up and delivered to his correspondent, Ubbeeb Allah; and that they (being acquainted with y° customs of y° place) knew best what to do about trusting Mirza Maduffer"; so left it wholly to them.

March 18.—Ordered Matthias Harrison to deliver over you charge of you Sloop Lilly to Edward Tench. He and several others having petitioned you same of me and you Councell, to find out you Channels, Sands, and dangerous places in this River.

March 19.—Dispatched said Sloop for ye purpose before mertioned.

✓ March 20.—Received a Gen<sup>11,1</sup> from Maulda advising, "That since they had sent all their goods for this year, a Merchant hath brought in 6 Bales [of] Silk [on] account [of] his last year's investment: who desires to know whether we will take it for the ensuing year, or return it him back again, and he will bring in his remains in White Cloath."

# ATT A CONSULTATION.

March 21 (Wednesday)—Having received advices. Metchlep. of your arrival! of 3 Interlopers upon your Coast and suddenly designed for you Bay, we took into serious consideration your most speedy and effectuall way to frustrate their designs in these parts. Whereupon I produced a Paper where in all your considerable Merchants of B. llasore have obliged themselves not to trade with Interlopers, under your penalty of 1000 Rupees americe, and told them that in a few dayes I did not doubt to procure you like from the Merchants in Hugly. This being thought your most effectuall way to prevent their trading in these parts, it was ordered that advice be given to your several! Chiefs in your Bay, of your said Interlopers designe hither; and that they endeavor to procure the like obligation of your Merchants belonging to their Factories.

Boberay and Oberam, both Mr. Pitts's servants, and able men, desired to be entertained in yo Honble Compr's service, which was referred to a farther consideration.

Manuridas, sent by Bulchund as Droga of our Customes, complained for want of money for his expenses, according to ve country custome. It was ordered he be given an allowance, and referred to me to agree with him ye cheapest way I can and most for ye Honbie Company's advantage.

20 chests of treasure having been sent up to yo Mint at Rajamaul to be coyned, it was ordered, "That out of yo Product thereof, 30,000 Rupees be sent to Dacca, 60,000 Papees to Maulda, and yo remainder be sent down to Hugly, to forward yo next year's investment.

Ordered, 10,000 Rupees of yo 60,000 Ro for Maulda, as a forestalment, be sent to Mr. Job Charnock, &c., to discharge a debt owing by Maulda Factory to Deepchund at Cassambazar.

Ordered That some money (as little as may be) be given

Metolilepatnam, kodie Manalipatam

out to y' Maulda Weavers, as y' best expedient to recover in y' old remains.

Having received advice from Mr. Samuel Anthony, that one of their inerchants had brought in 6 Bales of Tanna Silk on account of last years remains, and also another Merchant had brought in 140 Pieces of Cossacs; it was Ordered That ye silk be taken at price current, and ye 140 Pieces of Cossaes be bought, if cheap.

Mr. Jonathan Prickman, 2<sup>nd</sup> of Maulda, being dead, it was Ordered, That Mr. Samuel Anthony succeed as 2<sup>nd</sup>, and Mr. Robert Hedges (who was appointed by yo Honble Compy 3<sup>rd</sup> of Dacca, but that place being supplyed by Mr. Crosse, before his arrival in yo Country) be third; and Mr. William Jolland to be there an assistant upon all occasions.

The Coynage at Rajamaul being at present in yo charge of Mr. Hill only, and that in case of mortallity it would be of Absolute Necessity to have one allways with him as an assistant, it was Ordered That James Smith be sent up thither accordingly.

Ordered 6 chests of Treasure be sent, from hence to Ballasore to forward you next years investment; and that Mr. Ja. Byam be ordered to forward youlding a Salt Petre Godown, at you Sandy Point near our Bankshall; and to provide Twenty Anchors and 6 cables.

Mrs Deborah Richards, yo Relict of Mr. John Richards, not getting yo Stock she brought out with her, coyned, time enough, by reason of our troubles to return to England yo last Shipping: did therefore make it her earnest request to be permitted to remain in yo Honble Compres Factory at Ballasore till yo next Shipping; intending then to return home, which was accordingly granted.

Wrote to Cassumbazar advising them that we had ordered Mr. Hill to send them down 10,000 Rupees to discharge the dent owing to Deepchund, and ordered them to send Mr. Hill them been and scales, to supply his present occasions.

Wrote to M<sup>r</sup>. Hill to deliver, out of y° product of y° 20 chests of Treacure sent him to be coyned, as followeth. 50,000 Rupees to Englesavad, 10,000 Rupees to M<sup>r</sup>. Charnock, and 30,000 Rupees to Dacca, and to send y° remainder hither.

Wrote to Dacca advising that Mr. Hill was ordered to send them 30,000 Rupees towards ye years investment.

J March 23.—Wrote to Maulda, advising that Mr. Hill had orders to send them 50,000 Rupees Siccas, and ordered them to give out money to their Weavers and Merchants for this years investment, and that we had ordered 10,000 rupees to be sent to Mr. Job Charnock, &c., to discharge their debt owing by their Factory to Deepchund at Cassumbazar. And we did further enorder them, not to deliver out money to any person whatsoever till he las first obliged himselfe (under a Penalty) not to trade with any Interlopers. ✓

March 24.—Dispecded letters to M<sup>r</sup> Byam advising that in a few days we intended to send them 6 chests of treasure by the Ganges. We recommended to their care the speedy building of y<sup>o</sup> Godown for Salt Petre near y<sup>o</sup> Seaside, and ordered them to provide 20 anchors and 6 cables for y<sup>o</sup> Hon<sup>blo</sup> Comp<sup>gro</sup> Sloops.

Received a Gen<sup>II</sup> from Patana dated ye 5th Instant, with their Diary tor ye last month, advising "That they had endeavoured, by using all possible means, the getting out ye Nabob's & Duan's Phirwannas, retarded by ye Nabob's Officers, who made use of all wayes and means to draw money into their Master's Coffers; granting orders one day, and disannulling them the next.

#### ATT A CONSULTATION.

March 26.—Ordered y' Boberay, Mr. Pitt's Servant, be entertained in y' Honbia Comp' Service at 15 Rupees per mensem, as an expedient to frustrate y' Interloper's designation these parts.

Angresahad, the English factory at Malda. [Y.]

10.74

Being informed that Manurudas, being Bolchund's servant, would not take a monthly allowance, I deckired it before yo Councell; and it was agreed that he be given money as occasion should fall out, to supply his expences, and keep him from disturbing our affairs.

Information was this day brought in against Mr. Francis Ellis by most of yo Merchants in Hugly; that he, the said Ellis, had taken bribes to yo value of 4000 rupees or thereabouts, to pass yo Honble Compy's goods [in] yo Shipping. Part of which being positively proved against him, & 900 Rupees being confessed by him, it was there upon ordered that he be dismissed yo Honble Compy's Service, and that Mr. Joseph Dodd forthwith take yo charge of yo Warchouse upon him, & that the money which shall be proved to be taken by yo said Ellis to pass yo Honble Compy's goods, shall be endeavored to be secured for yo Honble Compy's use.

Post Maridian.—Mr Samuel Hervy, Chief of Maulda, (at present in Dacca) having been divers times ordered to repair to his Chief-ship, where there is great want of him, for yo better management yo Honbio Compy's Affairs; and no signe yet appearing of his departure; It was agreed that orders should be drawn up, and sent to yo said Hervy, requiring him to repair to Maulda within 6 days after yo arrival of

the letter with him at Dacca, and in default thereof to be forthwith dismissed yo Honble Comp<sup>y's</sup> Service.

(Signed) W\* Hedges W\* Johnson

John Beard Rich Frenchfeild.

Joseph Dodd

The Petition of Rogoodee, Weaver, to W. Hedges, Agent,

Showers. That on yo Agent's going to Ballasore, yo said Agent' gave orders to take Mulmulls' of yo Merchants on account of Agreement made for yo Company, upon which

<sup>1</sup> Mulmull (malmal) is muslin,—[X.]

Mr. Ellis called your Petitioner and told him, that a me would give him any thing, he would take your Petitioner's Mul mulls; upon which your Petitioner promised him 100 Rupees, and brought Ramnarrain, one of y' Merchants, for his security. After which y' said Ellis told your Petitioner's that he would not take 500 Pieces of your Petitioner's Mulmulls unless your Petitioner gave him 200 Rup., which your Petitioner (being Poor) could not doe. For which reason Mr Ellis returned your Petitioner his Cloath again though some of it was sorted by Mr Ellis to be received For Which your Petitioner desires you would be pleased to doe him justice.

The Petition of W. Hedges, Agent, from y Hugly Merchants, viz. - Muttrasaw, Rupsuliman, Rogoodee, Giachundsaw, Rogonaut, Horkissincotuna, Ramchundparamanick, Ramnarrain, Mudducaun

SHEWETH. That to have their goods taken for agreement made with y° Company, they have been forced to give Mr Ellis, warehouse keeper, each of them, a Bribe, as por y° underwritten account, in mony and goods, appears: for which your Petitioners complain to you, desiring Justice:

Muttrasaw, 1,150 Rupees in mony and goods; Giachundsaw, 73 Rupees; Horkissincotma, 102 Rupees 8 Annas in mony and goods; Ramnarrain, for Mulmulls taken from him Rupsuliman, Rogonaut, Ramchundparamanick, Muddueawn Rogoodee, 4 Annas upon each piece, for 4,453 Pieces, amounts to 1,113 Rupees 4 Annas, for which he has taken out of one Chest of Dollars, delivered Rogonaut, 500 pieces of Eight or account.

Mr. Ellis acknowledged he was proffered & Rupee per piece of cloth, and declared he was ready to take all yomoney they would give him.

March 27.—Wrote Mr. Hervy at Dacca, advising him there we thought it good to give him a positive order to repair to his Chiefship at Maulda, within 6 days after y receipton

y° letter at Dacca, to be on his way towards Maulda, clear of y° Factory and City of Dacca: and in default, to be forthwith dismissed y° Honbie Company's Service.

Wrote to Mr. Pownsett, &ca., Ordering them to deliver Mr. Hervy his letter immediately upon receipt thereof, and to take notice of ye time when it comes to their hands.

#### ATT A CONSULTATION.

Merch 28.—Mr Joseph Dodd being ordered up to this Place as one of ye Councell of Hugly, and there wanting one to supply his place as 2<sup>nd</sup> of Ballasore, It was thought fitt that Mr Wm Prickman be sent in his stead, and Mr Robert Sherman be ordered thither to keep yo Honble Company's Books.

Ordered—15,000 Rupees to be sent to Cassumbazar from Rajamaul, to pay a debt owing to Deepchund, by ye Factory.

Ordered—6 chests of treasure to be sent to Ballasore, and that Mr George Heron goe with them on y' Thomas, and his charges up again overland be defrayed by y' Honble Commany.

March 29.—Wrote to Pattana, advising them to be carefull of ye Quality, as well as y Quantity, of goods en-ordered to provide against this year's shipping.

March 31.—We advised them at Ballasore of ye dismissing Mr Francis Ellis ye Company's Service, and putting Mr Joseph Dodd in his stead, and that Mr Wm Prickman is appointed to supply Mr Dodd's place: and ordered Mr Robert Sherman hither, to keep ye Hon. Comp. Books; and that instead of ye Ganges, we had resolved on sending ye Thomas with Six chests of Treasure.

# April 1683.

## ATT A CONSULTATION.

April 2.—Ordered yt Muttrassaw be trusted with 6 chests of Treasure, and his Bills be taken on yt Merchants at the three to yt value of 50,000 Rupees.

It being thought necessary for me to go to Cassumbazar, Mr. John Beard was appointed to act as Chief in my absence, and to follow such orders and directions as from time to time he shall receive from me'and my Councell.

April 3.—Wrote to Balasore that we had sent them enclosed 2 bills of Exchange for 56,000 rupees: viz. One from Muttradas for 50,000 rupees, which is to be paid by severall Merchants of that place, who are so receive said money on goods to be provided this year: The other is on Kimchund for 6,000 Rupees, which is to be advanced, over and above, to ye aforesaid Merchants, a list of whose names, and what mony each of them was to receive, was likewise sent.

#### ATT A CONSULTATION.

April 4.—Mr. How being ordered to goe upon y' Thomas to Ballasore with Petre, to lye at y' Banksaul, declared he was not able to carry her over y' Barr, whereupon Mr. Scatt was ordered to goe with him as his Pilott.

Having received 25,000 Rupees Siccas from Rajamaul, it was ordered that ye remainder of ye treasure in ye warehouse here, be sent up thither, in ye same Bostes ye Rupees came downe in.

Wrote a dispatch for  $M^r$ . How and  $M^r$  Scott, ordering them to depart hence with  $y^o$  first opportunity.

#### ATT A CONSULTATION.

April 5.—Agreed with Chitternullsaw and Muttradas, Merchants of this place, for 1,500 Bales of ye best Tissinda Sugar, each bale to weigh 2 Maunds 64 Seers, Factory Weight, at 10 Rupees per Bale, and to be brought all in by ye 15th of 7ber next ensuing. Agreed likewise with ye afore said Chittermaul for 1,500 bales of Beerboa Sugar, each bale to contain 2 Maunds 64 Seers, Factory weight, at 8-ru, per bale, to be brought all in, within ye above mentioned time.

This day M<sup>r</sup> W<sup>m</sup> Johnson and M<sup>r</sup> W<sup>m</sup> Rushworth departed hence towards Cassumbazar.

Wrote a Gen<sup>n</sup> to Ballasore, advising them we had sent 600 Baggs of Salt Petre to be ready against next shipping, and that they assist y. Master of y. Ship Thomas to turn said Ship into a Ketch: and that what mony shall be disbursed on that account they shall place to account current, Hugly.

Wrote a Genil to ye I resident and Councell at Surratt.

# ATT A CONSULTATION AT HUGLY.

April 7.—Having informed yo Councell that yesterday a certain number of Merchants came to me, and offered to undertake y providing what goods we shall have occasion for this year, to be paid for when said goods were brought in, and at as cheap rates as if money were given out beforehand; It was resolved, "That the giving out of mony upon goods of any sort should be deferred at present, till my return from Cassambazar, or farther consideration had upon yo same.

Y' Honorable Company having a Godown at y' water side, built of mad and straw, which hath been burnt several times, and one part of it or other always tumbling down in y' raine times, and y' repairing of y' same being a greater charge to y' Hon. Comp' than y' building a new one; It was Ordered (as well for y' security of y' Company's goods as y' saving of charges), That a new one be built of Brick.

Ordered-A Boat be built at Ballasore for yo Ketch Arrival.

April 10.—This afternoon, about 5 of ye clock, I went on board of ye Hon. Company's Budgero, for Cassumbazar, accompanied by Mr. Joseph Dodd and Mr. George Heron in another small Budgero of their cwne, and 10 Ulocks for Souldiers, Cooks, Butlers, Servants, Peons, &c., and by 7 this evening we gott to ye English Garden together with Mr. Beard and most of our Factory. Here I received letters

<sup>·</sup> Utik, or Halik, vulgarly "oclock", a clumty Ganges boat. [Y,]

from Ballasore, advising that ye We and Ine [William and John], Capt. Read, Comander, an Interloper, had arrived in ye road bound for Hugly, they mett Mr Edwe Littleton on ye coast, who dispatched them downe hither.

This night we gott up near Santapore.

April 11.—We, lay at Bogatcher, a very pleasant and delightfull country: y' Gemidar [i.e., the Zemindar] invited us ashore, and shewed us store of Deer, Peacocks, &c., but it was not our good fortune to get any of them.

April 12.—We got as high as Nuddia, in Cassumbazar River, by 8 e'clock in yo morning, and lay yo night at a place called Goalparra. The river from this place upwards towards Cassumbazar being full of shoals, our boatmen advised to lye still till morning; yo wind blowing hard at S.W.

April 13.—By 2 orlock in ye afternoon we got up to Ullumpore [Qu. Allumpore i].

April 14—By 1 oclock in y° afternoon we gott up to. Maula, about 3 cosses short of Cassumbazar: from whence I went in a Palankeen by land, and arrived at y° Factory at Cassumbazar at 6 oclock in y° evening.

April 16 (Naylor accused).—I called a Consultation and accused M. Naylour of trading with Interlopers, which being proved by three letters under his own hand, he was judged guilty by all present, his Person, Papers, and Goods ordered to be seized, to see whether we could find farther testimony against him, out of his owne books and writings.

April 17.—The Chief of ye Dutch and his wife, second, third, and fourth, gave me and my wife a Visitt, and according to ye usuall custome of these parts stayed and supped with us.

Upon search and examination of such Papers of Mr. Naylor's as we could find (the most material, together with his mony and goods having been conveyed out of y Factory (without Mr. Charnock's knowledge, he pretends) some days before my arrival)—he had bought 6 Bales of Silk this

year—I found that he, the said M<sup>r</sup> Nayler, had privately sent away from hence A Bales of Silk to M<sup>r</sup> Beard by M<sup>r</sup> Charnock's Dustick, for account of M<sup>r</sup> George Herron, Master of the Sloop Goodhope of which M<sup>r</sup> Beard never gave me the least intimation: nor did he acquaint me that Capt Dorrell had informed him of Capt Pitts's correspondence with M<sup>r</sup> Naylor, when I was at Dacca, till I showed him M<sup>r</sup> Naylor's letters; when M<sup>r</sup> Beard told me (in y<sup>e</sup> presence of M<sup>r</sup> W<sup>m</sup> Johnson) he was informed of Naylor's trading with Interlopers 3 months since, but never gave me y<sup>e</sup> least notice of it before.

Harding accused.—Upon information given me by most of your Factory that James Harding, now entertained by McCharnock as his Servant, had formerly been dismissed you Hon. Compy's Service for Blasphemy and Athisticall tenetts, and that he was a person notoriously scandalous both in life and conversation (George Pitman, a Throwster, offering to depose that he saw Harding lye with Mr. Elliott's woman slave). I ordered him not to eat at your Company's Table, and reproved Mr. Charnock for entertaining so vitious a person; to which he gave me your hearing with little or no reply, resolving, I suppose, to satisfie me for your present, and admit him again as soon as I leave yo Fectory.

I was also informed of one Ununteram (ye same person who slippered ye Merchant who poisoned himselfe in ye time of Mr. Vincent, which cost ye Company a considerable amount of mony), being employed by Mr. Charnock in all ye Company's affaires; which, Mr. Charnock positively denying, I brought ye said Ununteram to confesse and affirme he had done all ye business of concernment in ye Factory ever since ye first month after Mr. Charnock's coming to be Chief. So little regard is to be given to what Mr. Charnock affirmes upon any occasion, as will more eviderally appear in ye following relation.

Request being made on behalf of M. Naylor that he might

be admitted to walke and discourse with any in y Factory, Mr. Heron obliging he should not goe without y Gates, as soon as he had his liberty he went immediately to Mr. Charnock (then in y Hall), desiring him earnestly to take notice of y houre of his false imprisonment. I sent for Mr. Charnock to know whether Naylor had said any such words to him, which Mr. Charnock positively denied, with many asseverations, till I was forced to call Mr. Samuel Langley affirme them to his face, and caused him to recollect in memory.

April 19.—Received letters from Dacca by way of Hugly advising M<sup>r</sup> Hervy left Dacca y<sup>o</sup> 8<sup>th</sup> instant, and was upon his way towards Maulda.

This day Bolchund sent a kinsman of his to compliment me and bid me welcome to Cassumbazar, assuring me a kind reception if I thought good to come and see him.

April 20.—I called a Consultation to peruse M<sup>r.</sup> Naylor's books and Papers. In his coppy book of letters began in January last, was found a letter to M<sup>r.</sup> John Beard of y<sup>a</sup> 16<sup>th</sup> of January last, intimating he had written a G<sub>Sa</sub><sup>v.</sup> to me, &ca., in Hugly, and enclosed divers letters which he, y<sup>a</sup> said Naylor, had received from M<sup>r</sup> Pitts, which made it appear he never traded with interlopers; but Naylor being sent for and examined, he denied that ever he sent y<sup>a</sup> said letter, declaring he burnt it: nor did he ever send y<sup>a</sup> said letter to M<sup>r.</sup> Beard, being purposely wrote to decrive and delude us.

Upon farther perusall of Mr. Naylor's books, we found he had lately bought several parcells of Silke of yo following dates:

| 1682.   | RUP. AM.   |
|---|------------|
| Xber 5th, paid Ramkissen Cupperay, Acc'nt Silke | . 1326 5   |
| 8ber 11th, paid Kisnaram Perma on Acc'nt Silko  | 1212 5.6   |
| Xber 15th, paid Cheramdut OA Acc'nt Silke       | . 1319, 15 |
| 22nd, paid ditto on Acc'nt ditto                | . 290 2    |
| January 2, paid Kisnaram Perma on Accint Silke  | . 286 114  |

Upon all which evidence John Naylor was dismissed you Houble Company's Service, and Ordered, if he will not oblige to leave Cassumbazar and go to Hugly, and give security to goe into England by y next shipping, all his goods and papers in our possession should be kept for yo Company's use and our indemnity.

This day was presented a Petition of Allen Catchpoole, John Threder, Samuel Langley, George Titman, & George Stone, complaining of one James Harding, a most turbulent, violent-spirited fellow, in the following words, viz.:

SHEWETH. That in yo Factory of Cassumbazar there is one James Harding, a person who was formerly dismist ye Hon. Comp's Service for Blasphemy and Athisticall tenetts, and since he hath been here, hath evidenced himself to be a person of a most unquiett turbulent spiritt, having all along been a great disturber of yo Peace and Quiett of yo Factory, and hath often bred differences amongst us: and for ye future we can hope no better from a Person of his irreligious and scandalous principles; he having lately been taken in Fornicallen with a slave wench of John Elliott's, as is attested and ready to be deposed on oath by George Pittman, one of your petitioners, and divers other misdemeanors ye said James Harding bath committed. We do therefore humbly request your Worspful, &ca., to take ye Premises into cousideration, and ease us of this inconveniency: and that this ou. Petition may be entered into your Dyary. And your Petitioners shall pray &ca.

ALLEN CATCHPOOLE
JOHN THREDER
SAM\* LANGLEY

George Pittman George Stone.

April 21.—Mr Catchpoole's, &ca., Petition was taken into consideration, and after full examination, and hearing all parties, James Harding was found Guilty of all that was alledged in y Petition, and ordered forthwith to be Dismist

y. Honble Comp. ny's Factory: but Intercession being made by Mr. Charnock for his continuance with him some time, to help him draw out and transcribe his account, liberty was given him, ye said Harding, to remain in ye Factory till ye 28th Instant.

April 22 .- ..... Was Sunday.

April 23 .- ..... I went to Muxadavad to visit Ray Bolchund, where I was received with all the respect that could possibly be shown me; and after awhile, taking me alone into a room, from Mr. Charnock and ye rest of ye company, Bolchund began to profess ye great respect and kindness he . had allways for me; but that Mr. Charnock had been so unjust and so unworthy in all his dealings with ye people of ye country, that he had not forhore calling him to Justice, and giving him trouble, but for my sake; and in expectation that I would come and doe them Justice myselfe, declaring farther that till Mr Charnock was turned out of ye Honble Company's Service their business would never be managed soe much to their advantage as otherwise it would: Assuring me that he knew Charnock to be a great Theife, " not only to the Merchants and other natives of the country, but to his Masters also: his constant practice being to exact 2 Rupees on yo hundred from yo Weavers for pricing their Taffaties; and to sell yo Company's goods: and buy light money, 5, 6 and 7 per cent, worse than current, which these poor fellows, rather than lose their present employment and livelihood, are forced to accept; which at last must of necessity redound to ve Company's prejudice; and if for such faults as these, upon ye testimony of more than 100 Witnesses, I should not now dismiss him yo Compy's Service, I must leave their affaires here in a most distracted condition; and thank myselfe for all miscarriages that may chance to happen for yo future.

To all which I-returned Ray Bolchund my humble thanks; letting him know Mr. Charnock was an old servant of year Company, who had hitherto served to their good content; and without clear proof of his wronging y. Company he could not be displaced; but if all he said appeared to be true, he should see I came hither to manifest my fidelity to my Honble Masters in y. best manner I was able, without favour or affection to any man. With which he seemed satisfied: and so I took my leave and parted from him.

Returning home this evening to Cassunbazar, we were informed a great part of y° Towne was burnt, with divers houses in our Factory, which coming out of y° towne we found to be true: most of y° houses towards Muxadavad to our Factory were quite destroyed. In y° Factory were burnt all y° Stables, Kitchen, Buttery, Throwster's rooms, with 5 Mills, besides divers other little thatched houses; and had not great diligence been used by Mr. Samuel Langley, y° Silke and Taffaty warehouses had been burnt, y° Fire having twice caught hold of y° Window, which was happily quenched by him. What is burnt will be at least 2000 Rupees damage to y° Company.

April 24.—This afternoon an Inventory was ordered to be taken of all Mr. Naylor's goods, in his chamber, and in his chests; which upon examination were found to be only a little old trumpery, excepting one chest of Flint-Ware and another of China Ware: all he had of any value, together with his money, having been conveyed away 2 or 3 days before my arrivall at Cassumbazar. Mr. Charnock pretending 'twas all done without his knowledge, whereas yo least Bundle of another man's goods cannot be carried out of yo Factory without examination.

confipril 25.—We had a Consultation. Mr. Naylor entered into Bond of 1000 Rupees to depart yo Service of Cassumbazar in 6 dayes; to go to Hugly; there to reside, and not to return to Cassumbazar without licence first granted to him by yo Agent and Councell at Hugly.

Upon examination of ye Company's Books, and considera-

tion of y great remains standing out in y Weavers' hands, it was Ordered—That no more Imprest money, or Dadney, should be given out to y Weavers; but y agreement should be made with a select number of y ablest merchants, to be bound for each other, in case of Mortallity, for all our Taffaties, &c., as y best expedient to prevent such bad debts in future.

This day I received letters from Englesavad advising mel of Mr Samuel Anthony's death on ye 23rd Instant, after 3 or 4 days sickness of a Feavour, occasioned by a Fistula in Ano. God Almighty prepare us all for our latterends.

April 26.—In ye morning I wrote letters to Hugly and Englesavad, and in ye afternoon returned a visit to ye Chief of ye Dutch Factory, who received and entertained us with great kindness and respect.

April 27.—This morning Mr William Prickman and his Wife arrived from Hugly. They came to carry away all their things, and to returne in a few dayer to Hugly arrithmace to Ballasore, where he is ordered to be Second of a Factory.

April 28.—This day a great number of Silk Merchants and Weavers made their complaints against Mr. Threder and Mr. Barker; that they, the said Threder and Barker, tooke from them 4 cr 5 tolas upon a Seer, over weight, on all their Silk brought into yo Warehouse, besides one or two of yo best Skeyns of Silk that was weighed, in every draught; which, amounting to a very considerable summe of Mony, they demanded satisfaction: Threder and Barker positively denying yo overweight, yo Merchants proved it by their books, but yo skeyne out of every draught was confest, and claimed as their due, having been always the custom. Proofs of overweight taken against them were as followeth:

| . •  |         |        |      | . 3    |     | ē  | 12 X X 3 |        |
|--|---------|--------|------|--------|-----|----|----------|--------|
| Maniram Podar brought into ye                  | Wareho  | use.   | vis. | N aur  | de  | 29 | 23       | 4      |
| Product when                                   | weighe  | d off  | 1    | •      |     | 27 | 9        |        |
| Lost   |         | •      |      |        |     | 2  | 14       |        |
| Poncho Barrick brought into ye V               | Varehci | ıse in | 9bez | r bund | 1:1 |    |          |        |
| -  |         |        | •    | Maar   | ıds | 88 | 11       |        |
| Produced                                       | •       | •      | v    |        | ٠   | 84 | 7        | - 17°. |
| . Lost   | •       | ٠,٠    | ä    |        |     | 4  | 4        |        |
| * **   | •       |        |      | Maun   | da  | 98 | 9        | 5      |
| In March bund: brought in                      | •       | •      |      | MINI   | un  |    | 27       |        |
| Produced                                       | •       | •      |      | •      | •   | 71 |          |        |
| Lost   |         |        |      | . •    |     | 6  | 22       | 5      |
| In April bund: brought in 2 Parcells of . Maun |         |        |      |        | ds  | 88 | 6        | 44     |
| Produced                                       | ,       | •      |      |        |     | 82 | 37       |        |
|  |         |        |      |        |     |    |          | 7      |
| Lost   | •       |        |      |        |     | 5  | 9        | 44     |
|  |         |        |      |        |     | 6  | 22       | 5      |
| •  |         |        |      |        |     | 4  | 4        |        |
| Lost in all by one                             | man     | 4""    |      | Mauı   | ada | 15 | 85       | 49     |

The like losses in proportion were proffered to be proved by Ramchurne Podar, Benderabun Podar,<sup>2</sup> and Chamoobishwas, who produced their severall books for evidence.

# May 1683.

#### ATT A CONSULTATION.

May 4.—Mr. John Threder and Mr. Richard Barker being conscious to themselves (as I conceive) of their owne guilt, and fearing they should be dismist yo Honble Company's employment, before any business begun, desired to be removed from this to some other Factory, pretending they

<sup>1</sup> Obscure; but "November bund", "March bund", etc., probably neans "according to abstract for November", etc.—Y.

Poddar is a weighman, a cash-keoper.—Y.

could not live with any content where there were so many feuds and animosities, as at this place, amongst ye Honest Company's Servants; which request of theirs was taken into consideration. & Ordered, that they should be removed, according to their respective degrees and stations, as occasion offers.

Mr. Allen Catchpoole, for ye reasons aforesaid, desired also to be removed, which was granted, and leave given him to goe with me to Maulda, and from thence to Hugly.

May 6.—The Cazze of Muxadavad and Cassumbazar sent a kinsman of his with a present of fruite.

This morning Mr Naylor and Mr Elliott went to Hugly. In ye afternoon there hapfned another great fire, which destroyed a great number of houses at Cassumbazar.

I saw y Taffaties and Atlasses in y warehouse, and gave, directions concerning their severall colours and stripes, ordering M Charnock to use his best endeavours to encroase their quantity, y Honble Company writing very carnestly for y this year; which I fear he will not be able to perform, by reason of y great prejudice y Weavers generally have received against him by taking 2 per cent of them to price their goods favorably; and paying of them with light money as aforesaid, since his being Chief of Cassumbazar; If these Weavers should prove obstinate and not work for him, nor any of y able merchants deal with him as they assured me they would not, y Company will be exceedingly prejudiced by M Charnock's ill management of their business this year.

In Mr Charnock's Custody I saw divers paternes of goodpieces of Prunella and other sorts of Silkes, as Black, Blew

catchpoole, many years later, was President of the English Factory at Chusan, and, when that was broken up, Chief of a settlement established on the Island of Pulo Condore, where he was massacred, with other Englishmen, by their Macassar guard (1705)...Y.

<sup>2</sup> Satins.

Yellow, and Green Taffaties, most of there made by an English Weaver, who lived not to make a whole piece of Sirker but left ye evident testimony behind him that excellent good Silkes, and consequently as great quantities as can be desired, may be provided and sent home from this country; as well as of raw Silke, to what number of bales ye Hon. Comps shall think fit to order; if ye chief of this place will use his diligence. I conceive, if 3 or 4 Master, Weavers, and as many able Dyers, were sent out with 5 or 6 Boyes apiece to be their Apprentices, ye trade of this place might be improved, to ye Company's great advantage; or at least if ye said Master Weavers and Dyers were but obliged for one or two years to instruct ye Natives.

May 9.—About 5 o'clock this afternoon I departed from Cassambazar, with designe (God Willing) to visitt ye factory at Englesavad; and lay this night about halfe way to Muxadayad.

May 10.—This morning early we arrived in Muxadavad, and understanding that Ray Nundeloll was brought thither very sick, I gave him a Visitt; who exprest much joy to see me, and desiring me to give him something that I thought might be good for his distemper. I gave him a small Vyall of Balme of Gilead, for which he was exceedingly thankfull, and desiring James Price to take a dose of it, in yo Ganges water, which he did in his presence. The ceremony used by these Gentu's in their sicknesse is very strange; they bring yo sick person (as they did this Ray Nundeloll) to yo brinke of yo River Ganges, on a Cott, under a small Tent; 2 men were constantly employed in holding and moistening his hands with water, a 3rd man dropt water, and stroaked it on his breast; and a 4th did yo like on his belly. I left him in weake condition, spitting great gobbetts of bloud.

In ye afternoon I wisited Bolchund, by whom L was courteously entertained.

This evening I left Muxadavad, and Just as I passed by

Ray Nundeloll's Tent, I saw him lye halfe way in y Water, and that very n-ordent he died. Order was immediately given to make preparation for his being burnt, and about 2 houres after we saw a great fire at Muxadavad, which we concluded to be his burning.

May 11.-We lay near yo mouth of yo Great River.

This night I despatched away James Price to Dacca, with divers Persian letters to yo Nabob; to Abdell Suma, yo Nabob's Duan; to Cassidas, Ray Nundeloll's "Peisduat"; to Emir Pussick, yo Nabob's Master of yo Ceremonies; to Boremull; to Codabux Chawn; to Mierza Mazuffer; to Gollobray; & to Permanun, &c.

May 12.—About 6 in y° morning we got into y° great River, and by 9 we entered y° River that leads to Maulda; and on y° way discoursing with Mr. Catchpoole, he told me that once every 2 or 3 yeares Mr. Charnock was wont to pare away y° inside of y° Salt Petre Warehouse at Patana, and to Mr. Catchpoole's certain knowledge, one year Mr. Charnock sold 700 Maunds, which proved so good earth that it produced 500 maunds of Salt Petre.

This night we lay at Buglagotte, a place where Shaw Susa [i.e., Shujā'] fought a great battle with his brother, ye present Emperour Aureng Zeeb.<sup>8</sup>

May 13.—In yo afternoon we arrived (God be Praised) in safety at y' Hon. Comp. Factory at Englesavad.

May 14.—In y morning Mr. Hervy arrived at Engles-avad.

May 15.—We had a Consultation, wherein were read all yo Hon. Comp. letters per yo Prudent Mary, who arrived in

<sup>1</sup> Pesh-dust (Pers.), "an assistant"; properly, "surpassing, excelling",---Y.

<sup>3</sup> Le., Gúláb Rái.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Probably in 1659 (see Elliot's Historians, vii, 250). Aurangab was not present.—Y.

<sup>4</sup> See note at p. 71.

Ballasore ye 20th, ultmo, and confirmed Mr. Harvy in his Chiefship of Englesavad. Mr. Saml Anthony, 2nd of this Factory, being lately dead, my Nephew, Robt Hedges, was appointed 2nd in his place, and ordered to supply ye place of 3rd also, till further directions from ye Councell at Hugly.

This day I examined ye remains in ye Weavers' hands, which, when yo Society went away, was 43,000 rup. and upwards; of which above 10,000 rup, are brought in, and [I] have hopes ye greatest part of ye debt will be recovered. However, for all good respects it was ordered that no more money for goods should be given out to any Weaver who" had not paid for his "Remains"; and able Merchants taken in their places, who proffered themselves to deal with us for all our Investment; and their names were entered accordingly for that purpose.

May 16.—I went to see ye famous Ruins of a great Citty and Pallace of Gowre:1 'tis about 12 miles distant from yo English Factory towards Cassumbazar. We sett out at 5 oclock in ye morning, and gott to ye place by a quarter past 8. We spent 31 hours in seeing ye ruines, especially of ye Pallace, which has been (as appears by ye gates of it yet standing), in my judgement, considerably bigger and more' beautifull than the Grand Seignor's Seraglio at Constantinople, or any other Pallace that I have seen in Europe.

The Building was chiefly of Brick; the arches of the Gates and many other places were of black marble, and other black hard stones to supply ye want of it, which is exceeding rare and difficult to procure in this kingdome, there being not so much as one stone so big as a man's fist to be seen in this country nearer than Rajamaul. At 12 o'clock we repaired

<sup>1</sup> Gour. For its present state see Gaur, by J. H. Raveushaw, B.C.S., 1878; and General Cunningham, in Archael, Survey, vol. xv., pp. 39-76.-Y.

to a garden within a mile of the Ruins, where we reposed ourselves and Sc vants till 5 at night, and then returned to ye Factory, extremely well satisfied with our diversion. We were in all, besides myselfe and wife, Mr. Samil Hervy, Mr. Joseph Dodd, Mr. Wm. Johnson, my Nephew, Robert Hedges, Mr. Wm. Rushworth, and Mr. Wm. Jolland.

May 17.—Between 9 and 10 oclock at night I left ye Factory of Englesavad, and proceeded towards Hugly, having been visited and accompanyed aboard ye Budgero by ye Dutch chief, his second, and another young man of their Factory at Maulda.

May 19. - We lay at Colcapore.

May 20.—It blew so very fresh at South that we were forced to track our boat till 4 in the Afternoon, when we saw a great black cloud arise out of y' North with much lightning and thunder, which made our Mangee or Steerman advise us to fasten our boat in some Creeke, which we did in y' next we came to and no sooner fixed than a most violent gust of wind and rain mett us, which lasted but \frac{3}{4} of an hour, and then y' wind came about at South. The night continuing very darke, we lay still till towards morning, and then made y' best of our way.

May 21.—We lay at a place called Revi, under Woodersy ye Gemidar.

May 23.—At 7 this morning we gott to ye English Garden. About 8 Mr. Beard and ye greatest part of ye English meti us. At 11 we got to the Factory, all in good health, for which mercy ye Lord make us thankfull.

May 24.—Upon my return to Hugly, I was informed that M<sup>r</sup> Beard and M<sup>r</sup> William Prickman had each of them bought parts in a Ship and Cargoe with M<sup>r</sup> Douglas, and sent her to y<sup>e</sup> Maldivas for Cowries, which has much countenanced Interlopers. Resides, M<sup>r</sup> Beard knew of M<sup>r</sup> Dowglass's lading a parcell of Sapan wood out of a Ship of

his that came from Syam, on board of particle Print, one of Pitts Vessels (being told it by Capt Raynes when I was at Ballasore), and took not ye least notice, nor informed me of it, till I was told it by Capt Raynes in like manner. How this and such like actions will be resented in England, Time must discover.

Capt. Lake, of yo Prudent Mary, is an intimate friend of Mr. Beard, and by his example a great favourer of yo Interlopers; he has lately traded with Mr. Nedham for a considerable parcell of goods, which I am assured is true: yo mony being paid to him, for yo Captain, by Mr. Catchpoole, who told me of it. I am the rather induced to believe it true, in regard Mr. James Watson farther informed me that he heard Capt. Lake declare "if he did not like yo Company's employment this voyage, he would turne Interloper yo next".

### ATT A CONSULTATION.

After reading yo Honble Compyo letters per yo Prudent Mary, all yo Treasure on said ship was ordered to be forthwith sent to yo Mint to be Coyned.

Ordered Mr Lyttleton, Mr Nedham, and Mr Dowglass to be sent to meet at yo Councell Chamber at 4 in yo Afternoon.

Ordered that Mr. James Watson be sent to Cassumbazar according to ye Honorable Company's Orders.

Ordered Mr. Charles Cudworth, third of Maulda; Mr. Joseph Safford, assistant to Mr. Beard in yr accountants office; Mr. Charles Sydenham be sent to Cashumbazar, under Mr. Charnock; and that George Stone come from thence in his place; and like-wise that a message be sent to Mr. Francis Ellis to bid him depart yr Factory.

M's Ellis was this morning ordered to leave at Factory; who about 4 in y Afternoon sent a manage so me and Councell to have an order under our lands for his

departure, which was immediately granted in these following words:

Mr. Francis Ellis,

You having been dismistry Honbie Compressions for your Infidelity, you are therefore hereby required on Monday ye 28th Instant to take all your goods out, and leave their Factory, for better accommodation of your Successor.

WW HEDGES
JOHN BEARD
JOSEPH DODD

W<sup>M.</sup> Johnson Rich<sup>p.</sup> Frenchfeild

May 28.—About 9 this morning Mr Littleton, Mr Nedham, & Mr Douglass came to yo factory, and being sent for, were asked "Whether they did now, or ever intended, directly or indirectly, to trade with any Interlopers that shall arrive in the Bay of Bengali?"

M. Littletop answered, that "he did not, nor ever intended to trade with any Interloper".

X Mr Nedham answered, "that at present he did not, but, that he came out to gett money, and if any such offer should happen, he would not refuse it".

Mr Douglas answered, he did not, nor ever intended to trade with them: but said "what Estate he should gett here he would not scruple to send it home upon any Interloper". And having given their respective answers they were dismist.

In ye Evening, Mr. Ellis, according to ye foregoing order, left the Factory.

May 29 (Death of Mrs. Richards).—Received a Gen<sup>II</sup> from Mrs. Byam of 22<sup>nd</sup> Inst. advising y death of Mrs. Richards on y 20<sup>th</sup> ditto [see under page March 21].

About 4 in y Evening M. W. Prickman, with his families in the families of the

Late at night came into y' Factory a Semeant and Mouldiers, who came from Fort St. George on a small vessel of y' Hondow Company's called y' Conumeer, who ran aground in the River Ganges. They advise that 3 of their Comrades went ashore for fresh water about Pipley, but came not off again, and are not yet heard of y' rest of them intended to leave the Sloop, and come overland to Hugly.

May 30.—Ordered Mr. Francis Davenport to goe and find out you Sloop Conumeer, and Pilote her up to Hooghly.

### June 1683.

June 4.—The Sloop Conumeer, on board of whom the Souldiers came from Madrass, being found out by Mr Davenport, her Pilote, arrived before ye factory.

June 5.—Received a Gen<sup>11</sup> from Ballasore dated y<sup>2</sup> 28<sup>th</sup> ult<sup>2</sup> advising the three Souldiers reported to have gone ashore at Pipley for fresh Water, &c., were put ashore at Point Palmeras, and arrived in their Factory.

June 6.—Received a Gen<sup>II</sup> from Dacca of y 30th past, advising that Gollob Ray, a merchant there, and our security to y Nabob and King's Duan, on whome they had a Bill of Exchange for Rupees 10,000, refused payment, saying he was to demand more of us, Rupees 23,900.

## ATT A CONSULTATION.

June 7.—Having received advices from our Vaqueel at Dacca that Gollob Ray had promised y Nabob 30,000 supers more than the former agreement, if a Phirmaund should be procured to excuse us from payment of Custome. In consideration that it is now done, and all y Hoals Comp conserve that the constant of the constant of

places, and that h.r. Pownsett become obliged for y Paraguant of y 30,000 Rup. upon delivery of y Phirmaund.

# ATT A CONSULTATION.

June 9.—Ordered Mr. Joseph Dod, Chief; Mr. Samuel Meverell, Second; and Mr. James Sowdon, Third of Pattona Factory; and that Mr. Dodd and Mr. Sowden proceed thitber with all convenient speed.

## ATT A CONSULTATION.

June 11.—Mr. John Threder and Mr. Richard Barker having formerly made an address to be removed from Cassumbazar Factory to some other, by reason of y. Contentions and Animosityes among them in that place, affirming that they believed they should live much quieter in some other Factory, their requests were this day confirmed, with a promise that they should be employed in y. first vacancy that happens in any other Factory, according to their respective degrees and standings; and it is ordered, that in place of Mr. Threder Mr. W. Rushworth succeed as Warehouse keeper, and that Mr. John Hains be assistant to Mr. Rushworth.

## ATT A CONSULTATION.

June 14.—M. Byam having often desired in his letters that a Third might be ordered to Ballasore Factory: it was thought fitt that M. Henry Stanly be appointed Third, and that M. Leonard Bray be sent thither to assist in Copying.

Ordered Mr. Wm. Johnson, third of this Factory, and that he forthwith take y charge of y Warehouse of Mr. Dodd; and Nath. Letten to be Secretary in y place of Mr. Rushworth.

Ordered—That ye Councell of Cassumbasar consist of Mr. Job Charnock, Chicf; Mr. Jeremiah Peachle, Second, and Mr. Will. Rushworth, Third; and that to other act as of Conncell there.

June 16.—In v° Evening, Mr. Perks, Supracargoe of y° William & John; Capt. Read, Commander; and y° Chyrurgion, Mr. Waldo, arrived in Hughly—Interlopers.

#### ATT A CONSULTATION.

June 20.—Muttradas, Roganaut, & Ramnarmin made complaint that Mr Ellis had detained several sums of money and goods from them, which they pretended to have given him to pass their goods by this last shipping: and gave in y<sup>a</sup> particulars, viz.:

| 4 3  |            |         |       |   | EUPEES. | 星 在 数。 |
|--|------------|---------|-------|---|---------|--------|
| Muttradas paid him, in ready money do. In Romalis & Hummums, at severall times |            |         |       |   | 600     |        |
|  |            |         |       |   | 700     |        |
| •  |            |         |       |   |         | .064   |
| Together .   |            |         |       | • |         | 1800   |
| Rogonaut paid him in pieces  | , 8/8,1 50 | 0, valu | od at |   | 1010    |        |
| 10 Pieces of Mulmulls  |            |         |       |   | 92      |        |
| 4 Pieces of Garrah   |            |         |       |   | 6       |        |
| 2 Pieces of Mulmulls   |            |         |       |   | 26      |        |
| 2 Pieces of Mulmulls   |            |         |       |   | 20      |        |
| 1 Piece of Mulmull, 13   |            |         |       |   | 18      |        |
| 1 Piece of Raiglins, 8   |            |         |       |   | 8       |        |
| •  |            |         |       |   |         | 1175   |
| Ramuarain, Jany, 15th, paid  | in cash    |         |       |   | 100     |        |
| do. 21st   |            |         |       |   | 800     |        |
| 20 yards of Charkonnas   |            |         |       |   | 120     |        |
| I Piece of Mulmull   |            |         |       |   | 13      |        |
| 3 Pieces Dooreas   |            |         |       |   | 18      |        |
| 2 Pieces Lunglia [Lun  | $gi?]^2$   | ,       | ,     |   | 4       |        |
| •  | < • ¯      |         |       |   |         | 1055   |
|  |            |         |       | 1 | ٠.      | 0KUA   |
|  |            |         |       |   |         | 3530   |

Mr. Ellis appeared, and denyed ye greatest part of their demands, only confessing he had received ye 500 pieces of

<sup>1</sup> Pieces 8/8, i.e., dollars.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Romals, Humhums, Mulmuls, Garrahs, Charconnas, Doreas, Loonghees, all continued in the lists of Bengal piece-goods as long as the trade lasted. Raiglins is probably an error. Raings, a kind of muslin, are in Milburn's lists.—Y.

8/8, and some lieses of cloath, affirming likewise that he had paid Rogonaut Rupees 1000 in part of payment for y Dollers. At last, after a long debate, y Merchants agreed that, Mr Ellis swearing to every particular, what he denyed they would clear him of; which being declared to Mr Ellis, he desired time to consider of it—till ye next morning.

June 22.—We hear that yo Governor hath invited yo Interlopers up to this place, & for their better accommodation hath furnished them with an House near yo Dutch Factory.

Having advice by a Dutch Sloop that arrived this morning from Ballasore, that 2 English Ships were arrived there, the Ketches were immediately dispatched to bring up what treasure they have on board.

June 23.— $M^r$  W<sup>m</sup> Rushworth,  $M^r$  James Watson,  $M^r$  Charles Cudworth,  $M^r$  John Haynes, &  $M^r$  Charles Sydenham departed hence to their places in  $y^c$  several Factories allotted them by consultation.

June 24.—By Mr. Naylor, who arrived this morning from Ballasore upon a Dutch Stop, I had information of yo Lilly's being cast away on Ballasore Bar, as also that yo 2 ships in Ballasore Road were Surrat Ships from yo Maldivia Islands, with Cownes. &c.

#### ATT A CONSULTATION.

June 25.—Letters from Mr. Charles Cross and James Price, our Vaqueel at Dacca, were read, advising of y. Nabob's refusing to write to y. King a second time in our behalfe, for a Phirmaund for non-payment of Custome, for reasons unknown to them. Whereupon it was ordered to be written by me in Persian to y. Nabob.

Ordered M' Francis Ellis be sent to, to meet at ye. Councell Chamber at 9 of ye clock ye next morning, to answer ye demands made on him by ye Merchants.

### ATT A CONSULTATION

June 26.—Mr Ellis appearing before yo Councell, was intermed that yo Marchants, upon taking his Oath of what money he saith he hath paid them, and what received of them, were contented to remit their demands, it being a business without which there can be no determination, there being only his Yea, and their Nay, Refused to take his Oath, unless there fright be a recompence made him by yo Merchants for yo loss of his Employment, and yo Damage he has otherwise sustained; and it being farther desired that he show his books of account, where yo payments and receipts are written, he pretended that he could not come at them at that time.

A letter written by my Order in Persian to yo Nabob was read, approved of, and agreed to be sent.

## July 1683.

July 1.—The Ship Britania, belonging to M<sup>n</sup> Dowglass, &ca., from y<sup>e</sup> Maldiva Islands, arrived before y<sup>e</sup> Factory, bringing advice of y<sup>e</sup> Charles (a Ship belonging to y<sup>e</sup> Honble Company) arrivall there: and that at their first going ashore, their first salutation from y<sup>e</sup> Natives was a shower of Stones and Arrows, whereby 6 of their Men were wounded, which made them immediately return on board, and by y<sup>e</sup> Mouths of their Guns forced them to a complyance, and permission to load what Cowries they would at Markett Price: so that in a few dayes time they sett sayle from thence for Surray, with above 60 Tunn of Cowryes.

## ATT A CONSULTATION.

July 2.—A particular letter from yo President of Surratt to myselfe was showed to yo Councell: wherein was intimated that one Thomas Haggerston, taken by yo said President into his Service, was run away with a considerable quantity of Gild and Pearle, to yo amount of above

50,000 Repecs, instrusted to him at Bussera and Cong, to bring to Surrat, to save Freight and Custom. Desiring me, if he should chance to arrive at Bengala, to seize on his person and estate, and to send him to Surratt on your first ship; the President being likely to come to trouble about him. And being informed that you said Haggerston was arrived at Ballasore, in a ship belonging to one Mo Burton, twas thought convenient that advice and order be immediately given to Mo Byam, &ca, at Ballasore to seize upon him; and fearing that Burton may be in the Conspiracy, 'twas Ordered, "That an Eye be kept over him, that if he should absent himselfe he may be seized on likewise".

July 8.—Received a Gen<sup>th</sup> from Ballasore advising y° death of M<sup>r.</sup> John byam, and y° arrivall of three English Ships in that Road y° 3° Inst<sup>at</sup>, viz., y° Herbert, y° Henry William, and y° Hare.

### ATT A CONSULTATION.

July 9.—Copy of yo Compy's genth letter per yo Herbert (received by yo Harr), dated yo 15th November 1682, was read: which by a positive order has made Mo Richard Barker, Second; Mo Charles Cudworth, Third; and Mo James Watson, Fourth of Councell in Cassumbazar; which was confirmed accordingly.

The Trust and business of the Mint being very great, and having advice of M<sup>r</sup> James Smith's death, it was taken into consideration to send a person to take charge of y<sup>e</sup> same, which M<sup>r</sup> Hill, and my Nephew Hedges, Second of Maulda, which is near Rajamaul, being a person very fitt for each an employment, was made Chief of that place, and ordered to continue his Secondship of Maulda, and repair thither when

Olong, or Congo-hender (Kunk-bandar), formerly a flourishing port on the N. shore of the Persian Gulf, about 100 miles W. of Bandar-Abbas. It was a mart for pearls (see Figure Travels into Persia, ch. x).—Y.



occasion permitts to look after y' Books, and to have some to

Ordered likewise. That a writer be cent to copy out ye accounts of Rajamaul; and that conveniencies be hired that their habitation, or that they repair the house they now live in, fitt to accommodate ye Compy. Servants; and keep ye Dust and Lead in ye Mintage.

July 11.—By order of Consultation, Permessuradass, our Chief Customer [Comptroller, of Customs], was presented with Rup. 1500 Sicca, and to you value of 500 r. more in Broad Cloath, and 300 Rs. more distributed among his officers, for his Civility in passing our Tallicas, or Bills of Entry for Customes.

July 15.—Y' two Ships, y' Henry and William and y' Hare,—arrived before y' Factory.

Received a letter from Capt Brenock, Commander of ye Ship Kent, dated ye 9th Inst., advising of said Ship's arrival in Balasore Road from Tywan and Batavia, and that they had severall goods on board, on account of ye Henble Comp, and fearing she may want repair., having been 2 years out of England, and never out of ye Water, desires orders either for her coming up to this place, or going into Ballasore River, thinking it dangerous for her (being but a small Ship) to ride out ye Monsoon there.

July 16.—Wrote to Patana, ordering them to buy up all ye Salt Petre they can, to hinder ye Interlopers from having any and all other goods procureable at that place.

July 18.—Received letters from Dacca, of yo 7th and 11th Inst., advising that James Price (though with much difficulty) had at last prevailed with the Nabob to write to yo King's Vizer in our behalf, in favor of nonpayment of Custome (coppy of whiletter is hereafter written), and that he hopes to procure Phirwannas to let our Goods passion our Tallices, as they did last year. Gollobray domands of us a large sum

Tableka (Ac), an inventory or if voice. Y

of mony to be deposited in his hands, to continue of security for this following Year, saying that he was our Satisfied till you time of 7 Months was expired (for which he had Rup 20,000 in his hands); which time being long since at an end, and above 18,000 Rup, due upon our Tallicas, given till he had a greater sum in his hands, he could not procure us any Phrwanna. They also sent Coppy of yo Duan's Phirwanna to Bulchund, to demand Custome of us for all our last year's goods; and if we deny it, to send our Tallicas thither, where he will demand it of our Security. James Price desires that when they demand said Custome of us, we lett them send up our Tallicas; and when yo Duan demands it of our Security, he hopes, by yo Nabob's means, to get it delayed till yo King has returned his Answer to yo Nabob's letter.

Nabob Shauste Cawn's letter to y Visier in our favour for procury of a Phirmaund on our paying 3000 rup, yearly Piscash. In English, viz:

"Your particular letter and Husbull Hookum' which you favored me with concerning yo business of yo English, I

Phirmaund; Firmaun, etc., i.e. (Pers.) farmán, a mandate. Stewart, in the Appendix to his History of Bengal (4to., Lond., 1818), gives the following report from Surat to the East India Company at home, but not the text of the Firman:

Extract of a latter from William Methwold, Surat, dated February 21st, 1688.

"The 2nd Present, we received from Agra the King's Firmand [Shah." Jehan's], which gives liberty of trade unto us in his whole Country of Bengals, but restrains our Shipping only unto the Port of Piply: which Firmand was sent unto us by a servant of our own which was discussed unto Agra."

By the Neshaun [Nishin], or letters patent, of Sultan Shauh Shujaes [i.e., Shih Shuja' Nawab of Bengal, second son of Shih Jehan], dated A.H. 1966 (A.D. 1656), in the twenty-eighth year of Shah Jehan's reign, a notice is given to "All Governors, Farmers of Rents and of Customs, Captains, Watchmen, &c., that the English Company's Goods are, by the Great

received in good time: which, in complyance to yo King's orders, was to this effect:

"' Understand what Custome ye English paid formerly, and

Emperor's Letters, Cuatom Free over all his Empire"; and an order was issued "that the Factory of the English Company be no more troubled with demands of Custom for goods imported or exported"; that "They were not to be molested about anchorage duer; and that where ever they have order to build Factories or Warehouses, they be not hindered, but forwarded." In fact, if this Nishan is correctly translated, it granted the most perfect freedom of trade.

Again, in June 1672 (A.H. 1086), the Nawab Shaists Khan of Bengal and Orissa confirmed these privileges, and granted distinct freedom to boats, ships, and goods from "Ballasore to Hughly, Cossimbazar, or Patana"—"Customs Free, without any demands whatsoever"—saltpetre included, which was then much in demand at home. The Emperor Aurungzebe had then been fourteen years on the throne. But the English complained that great exactions were, nevertheless, claimed from them, and that, instead of an annual present of 3000 rupees, they were "taxed like Hindoos".

In A.D. 1680 (A.H. 1091), a new Firman came out: "In the name of God, Amen. To all present and future rulers in Surat that remain in hopes of the Emperor's favor:

"Be it known, that at this happy time it is agreed, of the English Nation, besides their usual custom of a per cent, for their goods, more 1½ Jezia, or poll money, shall be taken.

"Wherefore it is commanded, That in the said place, from the first day of Shuvaal, in the 28rd year of our reign, of the said People, 3 and a half per cent, of all their goods, on account of Custom and Poll-money, be taken for the future. And at all other places, upon this account, let no one modest them for custom, rawdarree, peasheus, plurinaish, and other matters by the Emperor's Court forbidden, nor make any demands in these particulars. Observe Written on the 23rd day at the month Suffer, in the year 23."

Stewart gives (p. 540) various translations of the (Persian) Firmina subsequently granted, and all of them apparently of a very liberal character; but regarding the last Firman over leaf, about which many disputes took place at the sentence "And at all other places", I can hardly wonder at it being misread, if, as I understand, the flowing Persian of the period was written without stops of any kind, and if the "Armenian" or other foreign translators (none of the Company's servants at that time understanding Persian) inserted stops at their own discretion in the English.

Ex. Gr. The original K rman may simply have meant that at Surat,

compare ye difference between that and our last order for taking Custome, and Jidgea. If they pay no more than they did formerly, they complain without occasion; if more, writewhat it is, and there shall be an abatement.

"In answer whereto I reply, formerly they paid only 3000 Tup. yearly Piscash, in Hugly, and never any thing on accountof Custome; and now, by what ye King orders and demands, 'twill amount to much more this season.' They complain, and not without a cause; they having a Phirmaund, and Hodgee Sophee Caun's Perwannas thereon, in their hands, which? slessed them thereof, and to pay Custome now they will not consent, but will rather withdraw their trading. Wherefore their desire is that for 3000 rup. Piscash (as they paid formerly in HUGLY), and 2000 r. more yearly on account of Jidg a, which they are willing to pay, they may on that condition have a grant to be Custome Free; goe on chearfully and quietly with their Merchandize, and warme their Heads with their Trade For ye Commodities they buy in this Country and Export, the Custom is paid by ye Seller: for ye goods they Import, the Custom is said by ye Buyer; and for ye Silver and Gold they long out of their Country, they pay 31 per cent. Coverage at ye Mint; soe that no Custom is lost to the King hereby. Pray acquaint ye King hereof, and according as he orders returne an answer."

July 30. -Sent letters to Dacca, ordering them that if lames Price assures them he has made an agreement with year

and of ad wher places, 33 per cent, was to be charged for customs and poll money to the future, and nothing more,

But if the translator put a full stop, impreprize, after the words "be taken for the future", and made the next sentence a fresh one, "And at all other places upon this account", he misled the Company to believe that the "A per cent, gross was to be charged only at Surat, and that merchandize was to be free "at all other places" in the Emperor's dominous—a widely different matter.—R. F. B

Mr. Hedges came out to take office in Be gal just when the difficulty appears to have become troublesome.

"(Ar.) Jisga: the path-tax which Mode is law imposes on the non-Modenness C.

Nabob for his writing a second time in our favor to yo King, to give him 5000 rupees in his hand for himself and his officers, and to pay yo said sum to whomsoever James Price shall direct. And also that they become obliged to Gollobray or any other person for payment of 25,000 rup, more, upon receipt of a Phirmand from yo King to excuse us from Custome.

I had some discourse with Mr. James Harding who being in hopes of admission into yo Company's Service, confessed to me very freely that all yo accusations had against Mr. Thredder, concerning yo great gains and advantage he makes by overweight of Silke, was certainly true, and often complained of by yo Merchants to Mr. Charnock, who alwayes past it by, and took no notice of it.

Mr. Harding farther informed him, that ye relation given me at Cassumbazar of ye 5 bales of silke proffered to be sould to ye Company (which was produced, of over weight of silke gained from ye Merchants) was certainly true, and complained of to Mr. Charnock, who at first seemed concerned, but some passed it over. That he was not so confident or well assured of Mr. Barker's infidelity as he was of Mr. Threder's but this much he knew, that all the business of the Warelouse was done and performed by Mr. Barker, and that he had heard there was a certain agreement between Threder and Barker, the latter being to receive a certaine sum in lieu of all profits; and was confident that Barker was no such fool as to hold his tongue without a considerable advantage.

Continuing my discourse with ye said Mr. Harding, I lesired to know ye reason why Mr. Charnock was so cross to ne, & thwarting every thing I proposed or did for ye Honble Jompy's service? who replyed, "Mr. Charnock had no other reason for his soe doing, but that he looked upon himself as lisobliged by you at your first arrivall, for not turning out Mr. Catchpoole at his request, and was thereupon resolved to last and frustrate all and actions & proceedings as much as

he could, and never to councell or assist you more as long as he lived.

July 25—Received letters from Dacca, viz., one from you Nabob, advising that he had wrote to yo King a second time in our behalfe about our Customes, and hoped to recieve an answer according to our desires.

Another from ye Chief and Councell, advising that ye King's Duan could not be brought to lett our Tallicas pass—till ye King's answer to ye Nabob's letter be received—without payment of ye last year's custome.

And another from Gollobray, intimating that he had not received yo 5000 rup, ordered to be paid him by Mr. Pownsett; nor yo obligation for yo 25,000 rup, more, on receipt of a Phirmaund Custome free.

July 26.—Dispecded letters for Dacca, ordering them that if they had not paid yo 5000 ru, promised yo Nabob, upon his writing a second letter to yo King, and obliged themselves for payment of 25,000 ru, more, upon receipt of a Phirmaund to pass our goods custome free, they should forbear doing either of them, having agreed with Gollobray to pay yo 5000 ru, here, and that I would become obliged for yo payment of yo other 25,000 ru, more, upon receipt of yo Phirmaund. And desired them to use their utmost endeavors to persuade yo King's Duan not to demand Custome of us rill yo King returns his answer to yo Nabob's letter.

July 27.—Received advices from Dacca, dated ye 19th inst, that ye King's Duan had demanded of them 8000 Rupees on account of remains of last year's Tallicas (Bulchund having formerly received 10,000), ordering his Peasdast to see it suddenly paid in to ye King's Cuzzanna: where upon ye Chief went to ye Duan's (to see if the presence of an Englishman would availe any thing), intending to desire him to stay till they had answere from hence (whither they had written) about this business; or to prevaile with him not to force it

Peshdust, see note, p. 87; "Cuzzani a" for khazana, 'treasury'.

from us there, but to send our Tallicas to Bulchund, that he might demand it of us here, where yo said Tallica was taken. But when he came to yo Duan's, and had sent to let him know that he was there to waite on him, answer was returned him that if he came about the above mentioned Business, "he might goe from whence he came": & could by no means get admittance, so was forced to returne home with his business uneffected.

July 28.—This day my Servant, Samuel Pressey, departed this life, after 6 or 7 days continued. Flux and Fever: and this day it pleased God to visit me with a Fever.

July 29.—Received Advices from Fort St. George, dated 30th ult., of yo New London's arrivall there, with 3 Interlopers, viz., Alley in yo Lumbly Castle, Smith in yo Constantinople Merchant, and Aubany in yo [ ], which last passed by towards yo Northward. All of them designe to doe what they can upon yo Coast, and afterwards come downe hither,

### August 1683.

August 1,—Letters from Cassumbazar advise yo death of M. William Rushworth on yo 28th unto after 3 dayes sickness, of a continual fever.

August 7.—This day it pleased God to free me of my fever which has continued on me these 10 days.

August 8.—Received a Gen<sup>th</sup> from Dacca of 25<sup>th</sup> ult<sup>5</sup> advising that notwithstanding their great care and pains about a Phirmaund to clear our business at Rajamaul Mint, y<sup>5</sup> King's Duan remains obstinate, saying he will not alter what was done by his Predecessor; which they understand was to pay 4 per cent. Also that James Price had told them, that for all his owne pleadings with y<sup>5</sup> King's Duan, and divers others who spoke in our behalfe (nay, y<sup>5</sup> very Nabob himselfe), he could not prevail with him to stay for Custome, till answer to what y<sup>5</sup> Nabob wrose concerning us to y<sup>5</sup> King was

received; but has sent his Phirwanna to Bulchund, to demand it of us here.

August 22.—Mr. Richard More, one that came out a Writer on you Herbert, left this world, for a better. Yo Lord prepare us all to follow him! Received a letter from my Nephew, Robert Hedges, at Rajamaul, dated 10th inst., advising his arrivall there, and entering upon his charge.

August 24.—Wrote to Cassumbazar, ordering them to take up what money they can procure at Interest, till such time as they can be supplyed from yo Mint: that they may be going on with their Investment, and that they be sending downe their goods as fast as they can get them ready.

August 25.—Wrote to Fort St. George, giving them a full account of affaires here, and desiring them to build us 2 Sloops of about 25 Ton apiece, with Smack Sailes.

August 26.—Received a letter from my Nephew, Robb Medges, dated 19th Instant, desiring ye Second's place of Englesavad might be disposed of to some other Person, the place wherein he is requiring more than ordinary diligence; and advising of Mr Thomas Hills being desperately sick and past recovery.

## ATT A CONSULTATION.

August 27.—My Nephew's letter was read, and his request granted. M<sup>r</sup> Jeremiah Peachie was made 2<sup>nd</sup> of Englesavad, and M<sup>r</sup> Nicholas Davenant, Third of that Factory, instead of M<sup>r</sup> Charles Cudworth, who by y<sup>a</sup> Hon<sup>blo</sup> Company is ordered to Cassumbazar.

Mr Charnock, in his Diary in June last, makes a note of y 5th of that mouth, that news was brought him that Bulchund's Servant had stopped 3 boats of Treasure with my Dustick or pass, the seals not being legible. Mr Charnock certifies this dustick was mine; and the Treasure belonged to the Company. However, Bulchund sent him word, that for the future he would let no boates w atsoever belonging to the English pass his Chouky or Watch house at Muxadevad

without the chief Dustick of Cassumbazar. I consider M<sup>r</sup> Charnock did this on purpose to lessen my esteeme at home with y Company (he knows he cannot doe it here), to show that the Chief of Cassumbazar's Dustuck is in greater esteeme with y Government (though inveterate enemies) than mine.

This caused me to write to Bulchund, to know the truth of the Diary note, who returned answer he was not see Ignorant in the affaires of the world but that he very well knew I was yo Chiefe in Bengall; assured me my Dustick had, and should always, pass with greater respect and freedom than any other person's whatsoever, and to that purpose had given orders to all his Choukies to observe it accordingly.

#### ATT A CONSULTATION.

August 31.—Ordered that the Copper that came by the Kent from Batavia be delivered to yo Merchants on account of Dadny at r., 12 ann, per Maund, it being more by 3 per cent. that can be sold for ready money.

Ordered that 5000 rupees be paid to Gollobray's Gomasta for his master's account, so much being paid by him to you Nabob and Officers on his writing to you King in our behalfe for a Phirmaund, and that the Agent give his obligation for 25,000 rus more, to pay to Gollobray on the receipt of the King's Phirmaund, custom free.

## September 1683.

September 2.—Captain Udall told me Mr. Ellis, at their being together at Cassumbazar, advised him to come out you next Voyage as Interloper, and to let him be concerned with him. Farther, you said Capt. informed me, goeing into you Silke, Warehouse at Cassimbazar, he saw them weighing Silke and take a Skeyne out of every draught; and espying a bag with Silke, into which they put the said Skeyne, demanded whether that was the sweeping of the Warehouse?—to which he was answered by Mr. Threder and Watson, "They are small perquisites and profit belonging to you Warehouse Keeper."

Being exceedingly troubled that the Company's Servants in ye severall Factories in the Bay were all in generall soe unkind and disrespectful to me, more than to Agent MASTER, who was nothing near so respectfull and civill to them, and desiring of an old Standard what might be the reason of it? [he] readily replied, "We were all affraid of Agent Master. He had power to turne any of us out of our place. You have not. We are now all placed by the Company, as well as yourselfe, otherwise Mr. Master would have found lesse respect amongst us than you have done." Which I am sure is soe little that till it be otherwise, the Company's Concerns will never be managed to their best advantage. Mr. Cudworth and Mr. Watson can now brag and give out that their Friends are so powerfull at home, they are confident no man dare doe them any prejudice.

June 7 Mr. Pownsett was ordered to become oblidged to Goolobray for the payment of Ru. 30,000 upon delivery of a Phirmaund, but refused to doe it, or so much as to speak or intercede for us to ye King's Duan at Decca, saying he was afraid he should be imprisented for the money.

Said Mr. Pownsett stuffed his Diarys with false Stories, & said he presented Rupees 9 and 1 gold Mohure to the Fousdar of Hugly, and 10 Ru. to his Servant—when  $J^{\bullet}$  said Fousdar never takes a present of any man,—and presents wine to those that never drinke any.

Mr. Ellis bragged to Capt. Minching, telling him "You shall see what a man I shall be in 9 months time, I shall be above them all"—speaking of me. Mr. Beard and Mr. Evans (the minister) keep an intimate and great correspondence with Mr. Naylor, & see they doe with most of the Interlopers' Party.

<sup>1</sup> Streynsham Master, Governor of Madras, 1677-1681. "MASTER.—Dec. 31, 1878, at the Rectory, Chorley, Lancashire, the Rev. James Streynsham Master, M.A., Rector of Chorley, and Hon. Canon of Manchester, aged 80 years." It is curious to find the old family name so many years after.

September 5.—Received advices from Rajamaul, dated 31st ult., advising of Mr. Thomas Hill's departure out of this world, about 10 of the clock the same morning; and that the next day they would send me about 25,000 Ru. per boate.

Received the following letter from Mr. Samuel Langley:

" Cassumbuzar, 3" 7" 1683.

"S"—The contents of the following lines are only a short declaration of the many abuses received from M" Watson, and to justify my selfe how little I have deserved any from him.

"On the 28th Ultimo M. Watson, in the laffaty Warehouse, without any provocation, called me Pittyfull Prodigall Scrivan, and told me my hatt stood too high upon my head, as Capt. Raynes can manifest. and at the same time he challenged me to fight, with domincering Language; and that too often repeated by him: which was sufficient cause and provocation enough to answer him in the same kind; but upon consideration that he was my superior, and of Councell too, I thought it more prudent to lett it fall at y' time, and not returne two to his twohundred words. But his incivility ceased not for all this my Submission to him, but so soon as I came out of the Warehouse, he abused me againe, and said, 'Come. Lett us goe on t'other side of the River, and there try y' businesse'; and in these words said, 'Capt. Raynes! Will you be his Second?' which, whether or no were civill to challenge, especially a stranger, I leave to your breast to decide. M. Havnes severall times, as well as M. Sydeuham and M. Seere, has heard him say to me these Words, 'If you will not goe out of your Chamber (which I had per a Gen" letter), I will turn you out, and make you know my power', which whether it were see great as to doe that, I leave others. to Judge: but this was unkindly and imprudently done of him, by reason they were not to be his; and I never denying the resignation of them to M' Threder, as he will speake (though I might till he had them. per same power), as he was my Superior, and soe of consequence his due; and being unwilling to raise a dispute, though I often told M. Watson, in hearing of M. Haynes, that so soon as the other Chambers were ready I would remove that very minute, but he was too severe, and would make me remove before the floor of the first room was laid, all y' workmen being then at work upon it; and how, both at the open table and in M' Charnock's room, he abused Capt. Raynes, and how sharply he severall times took Capt. Udail up, I refer you to him for a relation of y' same.

"He in the Room, called me Sirrah, and said, 'Il you speak another more, 'White you a Slap of the Face'; and at the same time told Capt, Raynes 'he was me'e a Merchant than he a sailor' as Gana Time.

M' Haynes, and selfe can testify; and how M' Barker, in rude language, gave Capt, Udall y' Lye in M' Charnock's room, with other affronces.

"The foul play Capt, Raynes has received from M" Watson, especial Threder, I am ashamed to write, nay to think of. M. Watson has taken all the workemen off Me Haynes' Chambers, soe that they now lye unfinished; and one tay when I was at Breakfast in M. Haynes' Chamber (which was y' next morning after Capt. Udall left this place), he went into my room and clapt crossbars upon my Window next the Street, as thick sett and as like any prison I ever saw, as Capt Michin will inform you; and he left this word with my men, 'If your Master asks Who did this? say I did it': but I only mention this as a designed, premeditated malice of his, for else soe many barres could not be fixed in see little time, they being, as above hinted, put up the morning after Capt. Udall departed hence, M' Haynes, M' Seere, and selfe goeing some part of the way with Capt. Udall, leaving M' Sydonham by himself at Supper. In our absence how he was abused and scolded at by M' Ellis, Threder, Barker, Watson, and Elliott, I refer you to Capt. Minchin, and his own letter sent herewith, but to Capt. Udail for a full account of all grievances, which are dayly great and are likely to be greater, unless speedily remedied, for one that is your friend can live at quiet here; but Threder is worse than the worst of my enemies.

· I am, Sir,

"Your faithfull Servant,
"Samuel Langley."

## ATT A CONSULTATION.

September 6.—The letter yesterday received from Mr. Langley being read, concerning y abuses he had received from Mr. Watson, &c., 'twas thought convenient to send for Capt. Udall, Capt. Minchin, & Capt. Raynes, to examine them about it, they being lately arrived from Cassumbuzar, and had been present at y greatest part of y abuse—who gave in their testimony, viz.:

Capt. Raynes affirmes that Mr. Watson challenged Mr. Langley, and asked him whether he would be his Second.

The other particulars, as Mr. Watson's abusing Capt. Raynes at ye Publique Table, and in Mr. Charnock's Room; his quick reply to Capt. Udall; his calling Mr. Langley Sirrah, and threatening him with a Slap of the Face if

spake another worde; Mr. Barker giving Capt. Udall the Lye, &ca., were affirmed by all of them to be true.

And Capt. Minchin, remaining there a day after the others came away, affirms that, talking with Mr. Watson about his abusive Language and quarrel, and telling him he might chance to be sent for by the Agent and Councell, to Hugly, to answer what he had done, he presently replyed, "That if he were sent for, he questioned whether he should come downe or not, for he had no dependance upon them, he being placed there by the Company, as much as the Agent and Councell in Hugly, and soe not in their power to remove him", and much more to ye same purpose.

After examination of the Witnesses, the evill consequences that might accrew from such quarrells and contempt of our Authority and Government in this place, if not speedily remedied, being taken into consideration, 'twas thought good Mr Watson be sent for to this place, to answer to what was certified against him, and to receive such punishment as the meritt of his offence shall deserve.

Having received advice from Mr. Robert Hedges at Rajamaul of yo death of Mr. Thomas Hill, and there being a former order in Consultation that there should always be three persons at yo Mint, in case of Mortality (that being a place of trust and necessity requiring a person that speaketh the Language), 'twas thought fitt to send Mr. Samuel Pine, to be a further Assistant to him at that place.

Dispeeded letters from Cassumbazar, ordering them to dismiss M<sup>r.</sup> Ellis their Factory, whom we understand they entertain and carress; and that they send M<sup>r.</sup> James Watson to this place within 3 dayes at farthest after the receipt hereof, to answer such wordes and misdemeanours as are laid to his charge; and ordered M<sup>r.</sup> Langley to this place.

September 15.—Mr. James Watson arrived at Cassumbasar, and brought the following Gen<sup>II</sup>. Letter:

"Comumbazar, 12" September 1688."

"Right Worshipfull & y Councell,—We have received yours of the 29" past and 6" current, which are see far from procuring any money at Interest here, that y Merchants, to whom we are already indebted, have severall times called on us for payment; and that we have little hope of being supplyed from y Mint, having received but Rupees 20,000 in a long time; and we have present occasion for 2 Lacks more to pay for y 1000 Bales of July bund Silke lately contracted for. However, we desist not from endeavoring many at Interest.

"We are packing and chesting what Silkes are now in the House ready, at they shall be sent to you with all speed possible. You should have had some afore, had not the continual Raines hindered us.

"Wee never gave any Invitation to M' Ellis, or John Elliot, to come up hither, nor to any person that came in their Company, & know no reason as they might not be as civilly entertained as any of the rest; but. we are so far from harbouring or Caressing any that have been unfaith full to the Hon" Company, that we should upon all occasions use our utmost endeavour to hinder them, as there [are] some circumstances already doth sufficiently demonstrate. John Elliot departed in the Company he came up with. M' Ellis is providing himself elsewhere, tho' we would presume to acquaint you that we never hitherto had been informed what his Crimes of Infidelity were for which he was dismist the Hon. Comp. employ, more than by his own relation, who utterly denies the least unfaithfulness to his Masters, and declares he hath been unjustly dealt by, and far from their Orders, a A more particularly in y' 23" Paragrau of their Gen" letter by the Prodent Mary, which includes 'that yo Councell of the Bay may, upon due proof, remove any Chiefe or other of their Servants that are unfaithful, they not being of the Councell of Hugly' (of whom he is one). All things of this nature, or any else of great import, being to be arriously considered and discussed by a general Councell of the Bay, which ought to be annually called, as hath been the Custom of former Chiefs till now of late, which consists of all Chiefs of the Subordinate Factories, or as many of them as can be spared, and this used to be in the most commodiscus Season, which is just after departure of the Shipping.

"We would not be thought to be more in fault for giving M: Ellis, and his Lady a little lodging and diet (he accounting himselfs atill the Hon" Company's Servant, & this being a place where there is no accommodation of any other English or Christian Inhabitants), than other Factories have been, for entertaining those against whom have been evident proofs of great Infidelity to y' Hon" Company, particularly M' Catchpoole, who hath had the accommodation of the 8" Lodgings in Hugly Factory, and, if we are not falsely informed, both been suffaced to sett in Councell, when it never belonged to him. This was after the

intended for England; besides which, he is still encouraged ind entertained in a very high degree.

"In persuance of your Orders, M" Watson comes herewith, the we cannot imagine what great offence he hath committed to be called from the Honorable Company's business here, in this juncture of time, when a great deal more help is required. If every Malicious, Idle Report must take place, and thereon the Hon's Company's Servants be called from their employ, the Businesse must of necessity by still, as we humbly conceive will bee found in this businesse of his, as it will be made apparent under some person's hands: if it be that of M' Raynes (who is not in y' Hon's Comps Service), who too'e him from table after Supper, and drew him out of the Factory, and then assaulted him (a couple of Swords having been privately sent out afore); and if it concerns M' Haines and M' Langley's lodgings, it was by the Chief's Order.

"At finishing hereof, in cometh Nansook, a Merchant, sent by Bulchund, to tell us that our last year's Custome hath been satisfied at Dacca by one Golobray, a Merchant there, and that he will write to y' Right Worshipfull the Agent, to know whether he is content to give in the Tallica of goods for y' present year to Permessaradas or himselfe, and desires us to write also to him. We, never yet having had the least intimation of what was ever transacted at Dacca, could give no other answerthin a promise to advise you of what he saith. As to sending Copies of the Gen" Accounts, they have been balanced but a small time, and at present M' Sydenham and M' Seare are both very sick of Fever.

"We remaine,

"Right Worship" att your Command,

"Job Charnock.
"Rich" Barker.

"James Watson,
"John Threder.

"CHARLES CUDWORTH.

"M" Longley shall be forthwith coming towards you. Your Jyhbdar, after he had received his letter, would not stay for the Gen", but stood upon departure."

September 16 .- Mr. Samuel Langley arrived in HUGLY.

## ATT A CONSULTATION.

September 17.—Mr. James Watson and Mr Samuel Langley were summoned to appear before us, to be examined about their quarrel in Cassambazar, concerning which both of them brought several attestations of words that passed between them, of see little import that we thought it a business not

Pers., Joidbddr, or jaideddr, lit. 'a bridle-holder', a servant is charge of pack-horses or males, etc. The word occurs repeatedly in this distribet is new obsolete in India.—Y.



worth our Cognizance, and only Insisted on the Second questioning our Authority: for the purpose whereof we said for Capt. Minchin, who testified to his face these following words spoken by him: "That he questioned (if he were said for by the Agent and Councell to Hugly) whether he should come downe or not, for he had no dependance upon them, he being placed by the Company in Cassumbazar, as much as the Agent and Councell at Hugly, and soe not in power to remove him." Where upon there arose so great a debate amongst the Councell that it was thought convenient to referr the determination of it till the next consultation.

Ww. Hedges

. Wu Johnson

JOHN BEARD

RICHA FRENCHFIELD.

September 22.—The underwritten is Coppy of Capt. Minchin's affirmation against Mr Watson, to the truth of which he was this day sworn before the Agent.

" Hugly, 20th Sept. 1885;

"I, William Minchin, doe affirme that, talking to M' Watson about his abusive language and quarrells, and telling him he might chance to be sent for by the Agent and Councell to Hugly, to answer for what he ad done, he, the said Watson, presently replyed, 'That if he were ent for he questioned whether he should come downs or not, for he had see dependance upon them, he being placed there by the Company as nuch as y' Agent & Councell in Hugly, and see not in their power to emove him'; and much more to the same purpose, the truth whereof am eady to depose on oath, if hereunto required.

"To the truth of this I subscribe,

" WM. MINCHIN

"Sworne the 22" 7" 1683, before me."

" " William Hedges.

"Witnesse "WILLIAM JOHNSON.

"ALLEN CATCHPOOLE,

"NATH. LETTER."

Mr. Eyre told me Mr. Hervy's Servant satt y' Factory aftre, n purpose to gain a poore Woman (his wench) a piece of found; and that at Maulda he has made a Budgero worth.

QVO Rupese.

### ATT A CONSULTATION.

September 24.—Upon discourse concerning what manifer a punishment should be inflicted on Mr. Watson for y words spoken by him, mentioned in Consultation of 17 Instant, which were produced against him by Capt. Minchin—finding ourselves divided, we gave in our opinions as followeth, and left the determination thereof to our Honorable Masters.

. I William Hedges, am of opinion that M. Watson doght to be suspended y' Hon's Company's Service till such time as answer be sint out of England, and their Honours' pleasure be further known; whose positive orders in their letter of the 20 7 1682, are: That they will have entire and absolute Obedience paid to y' Agent and his Countelland M' Watson 'questioning whether he should come downe or not'-(if sent for) having no dependance (as he pretended) upon us'-being placed in Cassumbuzar by the Company, as well as the Agent and Councell in Hugly, and consequently not in their power to remove him'is see great a contempt of y' Hon's Company's Authority, and their Commission given to y Agent and Councell here, and may probably be of such ill consequence-by encouraging others (if he goe unpunished) to do the like-that I conceive this y most favorable sentence that be pronounced against him, but humbly submitt this my opinion to Honbia Company's great Wisdome, and better Determination. "W" HEDEEL"

"Having well considered the words said to bee spoken by M" James Watsen, Fourth of Councell in Cassumbusar, in the company of Capt. Minchin, M' Cudworth, and others, in relation to their nature and demeric, and with all due Honour, reverence, and respect to our Hon" Masters, their Authority and Commands, and to the Authority and Commands derived from them to their Agent and Councell here, [1] does humbly crave leave to dissent from the opinion of the Right Worse. Agent, which is to this purpose. That the will M' Watson, for those words spoken, ought to be supposed the Hon Comp Service till their pleasure therein be known, and does hereby declare my dissent. And that for y reasons following.

sent. And that for y reasons following.

"I find by our Hon" Master's letter, and 20° 7° 1682, in ye 25° and 24° Paragraph, Power derived from them to y Agent and the Bay expressly (which Councell is elsewhere regard).

Unfaithfulness, want of Dilligence, and Obstipscy, to the Counce of their Servante that shall be found to their Servante that shall be found to the Counce of the Bay in the Counce of the Counce of the Bay in the Counce of the Counce of the Bay in the Counce of the Counce of the Bay in the Counce of the Counce of the Counce of the Bay in the Counce of the Counce of the Counce of the Bay in the Counce of the Coun

"Now I humbly conceive this crime charged upon M" Watson is not such crime as is there mentioned; but if it were, it ought to come before y' Councell of y' Bay, and not be determined by y' Councell of Hugly only, much less by Three, there being no more at present in actual exercise of that trust, viz., The Right Womhipfull Agent, myselfe, and M' Johnson. And I also find that in case of Negligence and Obstinacy there ought to be admonition given by which Obstinacy and Dischedience, &co., may be discovered and discerned, as reference being had to y' said Letter will appear.

"2" The offence with which Mr Watson is charged being Words, spoke in a familiar discourse between y persons before-named, which Words Capt. Minchin, his accuser, doth not say were spoke in y formed in y Diary exprest, but words to that purpose, which words Mr Watton denies to have been spoken by him, but acknowledges they were spoken by some person then in Company, which words (supposing he did speak them), as they were not either of the Crimes in y Hon's Comp' Letter mentioned, soe it is also evident he did not intend to doe as he said, for no sooner did an order come to him to come downe, but he yielded obedience without any delay.

"3". The Punishment in y Right Worshipfull Agent's opinion to be inflicted beam no proportion to, but vastly exceeds, the effence, committed; which punishment is like to be his ruin, at least it will incapacitate him to doe the Hon's Comp' that service that otherwise he might be able to doe, should y Hon's Company restore him. Therefore,

"4" There being y Ruin of y said Watson in danger for an offence in words only, nothing of Unfaithfulnes, Negligence, Obstinacy, or Dischedience being charged upon him, neither Sloath nor Luxury imputed to him, I dare not but dissent. And for the same reason for which I dissent, I give my opinion—

"That the said M" James Watson ought to be admonished, and sent to y' place of Fourth of Cassumbusar, where our Honbi Masters ordered him by their letter of the 15th 9br 1682, Paragraph 22-6.

"Humbly submitting my dissent from the Right Worshipful Agent, and the reasons upon which I have see done, as also my opinion, to the Wisdom of our Honorable Masters.

"JOHN BEARD."

"It is my opinion that he who shall question the Agent's and Councell's power by saying 'they had nothing to doe with him', and 'he was put into his place by y Hon's Company, therefore not in their power to remove him', are words of see ill a consequence, that in obedience to y' Hon's Comp' letter by the Prulent Mary, we can doe no least than suspend him his employ till our Hon's Master's pleasure be further knowns concerning such refractory persons. And as they were market to degrade Mr Catchpoole and Mr Threder for disrended to Mr Chambel.

their Chief, wee doubt not but they will (as they mention in said Letter) have all entire obedience and respect paid to their Agent and Councel. In all which I submitt to their most serious Judgement.

"WILLIAM JOHNSON."

The Suspension of Mr. Watson being carried in the affirmative, Mr. Watson was sent for and the Agent told him his business was thoroughly weighed and considered by the Councell, & he was to declare him, the said Watson, suspended the Hou. Comp. Service, and that he might reside in Hugly till yo Honble Comp.'s pleasure be farther made known to the Councell.

And that the Hon. Comp<sup>5</sup> Business may not lye still at Cassumbuzar for want of M<sup>5</sup> Watson, we immediately ordered M<sup>5</sup> Nicholas Davenant to be Fourth of Councell at Cassumbuzar, and to assist M<sup>5</sup> Charnock in the Taffety Warchouse; and that letters be wrote to stop him, being on his way to Maulda, whither he was, on a former Consultation, ordered Third.

WILLIAM HEDGES.

JOHN BEARD.

W. JOHNSON.

Minute by Mr. Beard :-

"I humbly pray that my assent to M' Davenant being placed in y' room of M' James Watson at Cassumbuzar may not be interpreted that I should dare to have any hand in putting any person in the said Watson's room, who was placed there by the Hon's Comp' Orders, he having not, in my opinion, committed any offence worthy suspension. But he being suspensed by y' vote and opinion of the Right Worshipfull Agent & M' Johnson, I think it needful there be one in that place, that the Hon's Comp' affairs may not suffer, and that M' Davenant is the fittest person for that place in the Country, being bred a Mercer, and an ingenious, sober man.

"JOHN BRAND."

September 25.—Received advice from Ballasore of the 19th current, of the arrival of Four Shippes in that Road, viz., the Welfam, Capt. Wilday, from Persia; a Free Ship from Vizagapatm, and two Interlopers, Alley and Smith.

September 26.—Mr. Beard declares the his opinion that Mr. Ellis is, and ought still to be, admitted of this Councell by Virtue of the Company's last letter, notwithstanding his Infidelity: because Mr. Charnock is of that opinion.

This day Mr Richard Mohun, in the Recovery, arrived from Achin and Malacca; advises he met with two of the Company's Ships in the Streights, one Smith the commander of one of them, and Cole commander of the other. They told him they were bound for China, to seeke out and settle a Trade there where they could find admittance. That the Company had sent out 6 Ships of them this year. One of those had £30,000 Stock on board, besides a good quantity of cloth. That the Merchants who had orders to dispose of this Stock and Cargo were all aboard another Shipp. That aboard of one of said Shipps was one Mr Thomas, who was distracted.

Mr. Mohun farther declared that the Governor of Malacca told him they expected orders out of Holland, ye next Shipping, to forbid and stop all Xtian Shipps whatsoever from going through either of the two Streights of Sunda or That if the businesse of Bantam had not luckily fallen into their hands, they had resolved to have demanded satisfaction of the Nabob of Dacca, and fallen out with him for yo sandry affronts and injuries received from him; and that they might not be prejudiced themselves for want of Rice to store their South Sea Factories and Garrisons in the mean time, they had prudently settled a Factory to furnish them in a plentiful manner with Rice at Arracan. And when they made peace and settled themselves in a fortification in some most commodious part of the River's Mouth, they would either oblige yo Natives and Government of Bengal to interdict and forbid their trade with all manuer of European Christians, or else were resolved to run yo hazard of doing it themselves. And then Adieu to ve Bay of Bangall (ye best Mower in yo Company's Garden), and all India besides, if

they please to command it. And if it does not please God to putt it into yo Company's hearts to doe something to prevent this evil the next year, by settling and making a Fort in one of the Islands, I fear they will be excluded for ever hereafter.

This is also, in my judgement, the only remedy to prevent the Interlopers infesting of us.

This day likewise arrived news of the two Interlopers, Alley, of the Lumley Castle, and Smith, of the Constantinople Merchant, arrival in Ballasore Road: at y same time came in Capt. Wildy in the Welfare, from Gombroon and Fort St. George. Capt. Alley came up to Hugly in his Barge, rowed with English Mariners in coats with Badges, and 4 Musicians. [He] applyed himselfe first to Dr. Douglass and then to Mr. Littleton, for advice and directions in all his concerns; put himselfe into a great Equipage with Flags, like an Agent, and tooke about 70 or 80 Peons to wait on him.

Capt. Alley, for yo better conveniency of private discourse, and notice not to be taken of them, went to our Garden this Afternoon to meet Mr. Evans, our Minister, and his Brother in Law, Mr. Frenchfeild: what the design should be I cannot imagine. Mr. Beard's encouragement & partnership in trade with Mr. Dowglass has made divers persons extremely regardless of the Company's strict orders in their dealings and commerce with Interlopers.

Answered Mr Charnock's general Letter of yo 13th Instant as followeth:

<sup>&</sup>quot; Hugly, 26th Septem" 1688.

<sup>&</sup>quot;M" Job Charnock, &", Councell,

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sirs,—Wee have yours, 12th Current, and are sorry you are not able to procure money at laterast. We hope you will be speedily supplyed from the Mint.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Your Bales of Silke and Chests of Taffa" will be welcome—resolving to ship them as soon as they arrive in.

<sup>&</sup>quot;What Invitation you gave M' Ellis we know not, but thought it improper y' one discalesed y' Company's Service and this Esctory should; be received and entertained by you.

"We cannot but reseat your writing on his behalf, and thinks your reflections on this Councill very unworthy, assuming (on his bure assertion) we have dismist him wrongfully, without serious consideration.

"If you have not been acquainted with his crime, 'tis possible we did not finde nor thinke ourselves obliged soe to doe. We shall be accountable for that to our Masters, as also whether he be of this Councill, or Legally discarded, notwithstanding the Paragraph cited by you in you. Comp' let're.

"You say it has been y' Custome of former Chiefs (till now of late) to Call a Gen" Councill of the Bay annually, which you positively affirms consists of all the Chiefs of Subordinate Factories, or as many of them as can be spared, and that this used to be in y' most commodious season, after y' departure of ye Shipping. You had done well to have quoted some precedent of this kind, being wholly ignorant of such a Custome, and [we] are credibly informed by divers persons that for these 10 years last past M' Charnock was either not thought fift to be symmoned, enver had the Honor to sit in such a General Councill. You had been no less kind if you had told us how you came by that knowledge, that the Chiefship of every Subordinate Factory denominated or entitled him to be one of the Gen" Councill of the Bay, which we expect your next should inform us, being clearly of a contrary opinion; and desire like-wise to know who shall be Judge; how many of those Chiefes can be conveniently spared.

"As to our entertainment of M. Catchpoole in y 3" Lodgings, we presume neither y 3" or 4" of this place ever made any complaint to you of the injury done them, though you have impertmently taken upon you to reprove us for it.

"You did well to submitt to our orders in sending of M. Watson: It was thought fits, upon serious consideration (without giving you any further account of it), to suspend y said M. Watson y Hon. Comp. Service, and to order his residence at this Factory till their pleasure be further known.

"And that our Masters' concerns may not suffer by his absence of removal, we have thought fitt to appoint, and doe hereby order, M. Nicholas Davenant to be in his place, assistant to M. Charnock in your Taffity warehouse and Fourth of Councill.

"We shall not trouble ourselves to convince you of your mistake in saying you never yet had y least intimation of what was ever transacted at Decca, having proofs sufficient under your own hand to y contrary.

"M. Langley will speedily return to you to assist you in writing.
The Gyllibdar staid two dayes solliciting in your Factory for your Gentletter, after M. Langley had dispatched him, by the testimony of M. Watson.

"We admire what chade you send poons to force our Gyllibdar back to your Factory, after ite had gone 12 Comes on his way, and dismisse him againe without any reason for it.

"We are

"S" Yo' Affectionate Friends,

W. HEDGES.

Jr. BRARD.

.. и Јонивои."

// Received the following letter from Mr. Ellis.

"Right Worsp", &, Councell, "Cassum", 26th 7th 1683.

"S",—Your persecutions have been see many and great since your Agent's arrivall, that they are intollerable when I consider upon what

grounds you dismist me the service, which was irregularly dohe, because without y' Councell of y' Bay. Besides, y' power y' Hon's Comp' gave never reached to further than suspension, untill y' Gen's Letter per y' Pradent Mary came, where y' Councell of Hugly is excepted, whereof I am one. Here follows the Rules you were to walke by, in our Hon's Masters' own words, viz.: 'And therefore we doe hereby enlarge that Power we formerly gave, of suspending from our Service any in their judgement that shall not behave themselves Faithfully and Diligently as they ought to doe'. But you have not suspended, but turned me out, without any regard to those orders given, pretending you have done me, y greatest justice in y' world. But I hope in God to meet with much better in Father-Land for y' inexpressable damage done me, & doubt not but' 'twill require greater satisfaction than you at present are aware of. Now your pretence for turning me out was for participating with Muttralas.

in his requery. If so (tis very strange to me, and will be much more to my Hone Masters, when they come to understand y truth hereof) why was not y said Muttradas turned out likewise? he being y Chief Instrument and occasion of that great Infidelity you taxe me with. Also his Guilt last year in that unpardonable offence of Lading the Interlopers; and, as I ain credibly informed, goeing on in that track, he or his

Brother Bollubdas for him.

"Then there's y" loss of our Hon. Employers' priviledges, a Crime in y' highest nature; and he, one of the Chiefest Actors therein, by sending his Goods to all places upon our Dusticks, thereby cheating the King of his Customes; otherwise our Phirmaund had never been called in quastion.

"Another materiall thing I must insert before I come to conclusion, that is, to give you dentlemen of the Councill to understand, and to put the Agent in minde of, a letter he showed me from Sir Josiah Child upon his arrivall, wherein he is positively forbid to have any destings with Muttradae and 3 or 4 Merchantemore (I think Tayahundana, Reconstit, and Hamabund), yet, notwith a distribution of the content of the content

gooing circumstances that these persons, especially. Muttradas, should not only be carressed and countenauced in y Hour Comp. Factory of Hugly, but traded within for large summes of money, consulted with about their affaires, and taken abroad where y Agent goes to contrive and forge Falsitys against honest men, is a riddle to me; but I question are but it will be unfolded to my Hour Masters in good time, to somebody's great shame and removes of conscience for their unjust actions.

" 1 am, 8"

"Yours att Command,
"FRANCIS ELLIS.

"I desire this may be entered and sent home, that it may come to the Honbin Comp" perusall.

#### October 1683.

October 1.—Mr. Daniel Joachim Schlu, one of the Danes Merchants that were turned out of Bantam, now living here in the Dutch quarters, gave me a Visit, and amongst other discourse told me, "When he was at Batavia some months since, Gen'll. Spelman told him so some as he had possessed nimselfe of Bantam and ended y War, his next designe was to call y Nahoh of Decca to an account for y severall affronts and abuses received from the Natives, of Bengall; and to make y most advantageous conditions with them that they could," with much more to this purpose; the said Mr. Schlu apprehending by y General's discourse, he intended to block up the River with Fortifications, and make himselfe Master of the Bay, as he had done of divers other Countries.

October 2.—Chittermull and Deepchund, two Cassumbuzar: Merchants, this day assured me Mr Chargock gives out all his new Sieca Rupecs for Dadny 2 per Cent, and never gives the Company credit for more than 1; rupee, by which he gams and putts in his owne pocket Rupees 3 per Cent, of all the money he pays, which amounts to a great Summe in ye Yeare, at least £1000 Sterling.

One Edward Barlow, late mate of the Delight, Capt. Smith, Commander, being turned ashore by his Commander at Achia,

<sup>1</sup> Dadys: money advanced to weavers, and the like, by those whomes to supply with goods—Y.

came passenger on Mr. Mohun's Shippe from thence, tells me he came out of yo Downes with yo Mexico Merchant. Capt. Packston, which latter going into Plymouth, they have not since seen him. They were both ordered to go to Achin. The Delight had been there near 7 Weeks, but Packston arrived not in all that time, so believe he went through yo Streights of Sunda. Says he left Gravesend the 4th January last. One Capt. Harding, in the Carolinia, & Capt. Cole in the Smirnaote, sailed out of England some months before them for yo South Seas.

I was this day advised that M<sup>r.</sup> Charnock putt off M<sup>r.</sup> Ellis's Cowries at 34 pund to y<sup>o</sup> Rupee, in payment to all y<sup>o</sup> Peons and Sorvants of the Factory, whereas 38 Punds are really bought by them for a rupee. For which reason also M<sup>r.</sup> Beard sent up his Cowries, which he received from y<sup>o</sup> Mauldivas, to be put off and passed by M<sup>r.</sup> Charnock at Cassumbazar.

Received a Gen<sup>11</sup> from Cassumbazar, dated the 29<sup>th</sup> Ultoadvising yo Death of Mr. Cha. Sydenham the 18<sup>th</sup>, and Mr. John Sears yo 29<sup>th</sup> do.

## ATT A CONSULTATION.

M. James Harding having severall times petitioned that he might again be entertained in the Honbie Comp. Service, according to their Orders in their Gen. Letter the 27th of October 1682, wherein they say, "If he be found diligent, able, and faithful, he may have such preferment as we think he may deserve", 'twas this day taken into consideration; and I having declared that the said M. Harding had told me at Calcapore, on his way to Dacca, that M. Threder had much wronged the Company in his charge of Warehouse keeper at Cassumbuzar, and afterwards refused to testine ye same when demanded of him at Cassumbuzar, and [in] ye Businesse of M. Threder, upon examination; the question being put A. Pun' (pana) is a certain number of Cowfies, generally 80.—Y.

whether ye said M. Harding should be readmitted into the Comp. Service? 'twas carried in the Negative.

The Agent's Account Cash to the end of Last Month was received and passed.

W\* HEDGES. WILLIAM JOHNSON.

JOHN BEARD. RICH" FRENCHTEID.

October 8.—This day Capt. Alley went to visit the Fousdance he was unwilling to goe alone, and gott l'ermesurados (his Protector), our Chiefe Customer, to goe to yo Fousdar's, and be there at his arrivall. As soon as they were neated, the Fousdar demanded of him "Wherefore he came not to visit him before he was sent for", answered "He understood that the Fousdar was a great friend of the Agents, and consequently feared he should not be well treated."

The Fousdar demanded upon what account he came hither? Alley replyed, "As an Englishman, and upon the same Service as yo Company traded here." The Fousdar told him yo English Agent had divers Phirmauns from yo King, and Perwannas from the Nabou and the King's Duan, which he had not. Permesuradas answered for him, and said all should be well to the Fousdar's satisfaction, meaning he should have a good Present sent him.

Alley went in a splendid Equipage, habitted in Scarlet richly laced. Ten Englishmen in Blew Capps and Coats edged with Red, all armed with Blunderbusses, went, before his pellankeen, 80 Peons before them, and 4 Musicians playing on the Weights, with 2 Flaggs before him, like an Agent. A gawdy shew and great noise adds much to a Public Ferson's credit in this Country. As for Soldjers, they are of absolute necessity here in divers respects, and especially whilst we are thus infested with Interlopers, to keepe us from publick affects, as well as overawe our owne people and mariners, who are now very numerous and insolent amongst us, & (by recent if Punch) every day give disturbance:

October 10.—The inconvenience of the Honby Compre exempting the Council of Hugly for being questioned for their actions, or possibility of being displaced, was seen this day. A Councill being called, one of them went out upon his occasions, not regarding the notice given to him, and another time would not come when he was called, pretending business.

The Dutch Director refused to admit of the Interlopers in his Quarters. Mr Naylor trades with them for considerable profits, and sells Taffaties cheaper than bought by Mr Charnock at Cassumbuzar.

I was this day informed that last Saturday, in the afternoon, being the 6th Instant, when I went to the English Garden, Mr. Beard took occasion to meet Capt. Alley and Mr. Davis, the Interloper, at Mr. Littleton's house. Whilst Mr. Beard continues thus to countenance and keep a familiar private correspondence with disaffected persons and Interlopers, there is little hope of doing them any prejudice in this place.

October 12.—I received a Gen<sup>11</sup> from Ballasore dated y° 6<sup>th</sup> Inst., advising y° Interlopers find soe little encouragement in that place, that Capt. Smith, in the Constantinople Merchant, intends to sail for Hugly.

Mr. Charnock's reply to my Gen<sup>II</sup> of the 26 Ultimo received this day.

" Cassumb', the 6th October 1683.

"Right Worshipfull, &", Councill,

"Wee have received yours of the 26th past. Since our Last wee have procured with much difficulty Rupees 15,000, att Interest, at Rup. 1 2 an. per Cent. per m". Our Silk Taffaties are now going to be laden and sent towards you as fast as the small assistance we have will admit of.

"We doe confirme what [we] wrote you in our last about M. Ellis, that according to the Hon. Comp' Letter by the Product Mary, he, being one of Huglie Councell, could not be dismissed their employ, and afore y' letter came, there was only power of supersion, see that he accounts himselfe still of Councell.

"You will find Gen" Councells to have been called in former Chief.

times, and by the Agent Mathews, and Major Puckle, when they wan here in the Bay, if you please to peruse the disries left by M. Vindent. They did not consult only with one or two, but salled all, or as many as could be spared, of the Chiefs of the Subordinate Factories to the Consultation, when Mess". Hall and Smith were suspended, and settlements made, amongst whom M' Charnock was then thought fitt to have the honor to be summoned to said Conncell, but it was the shipping time, & he could not come down to attend; and who ever he was which advised you that for ten years past 'he was not thought Fitt', or 'Never had the honour to be summoned', was under a great mistake. However, for better Confirmation, the Hones Comp have thought him, not only worthy to be Second in the Bay, but to succeed in the Agency. But put the case, there had not for several years past been any General Consultations, doth that argue there must never be any? Our Honey Masters, to svoide that dispute, have fixed a Councell, making a distinction from the Baj and Huglie, who have wholly power to examine, suspend, or dismiss from their Imploy any that are guilty of breach of their expressed orders; and that is not confined to one or two of their at most.

"Your vigorous withstanding calling General! Councills of the Bay, and at last telling us you will be accountable only to our House Masters, is no ways consenant to their Orders, who (in our Opinion) will receive little satisfaction thereby, it being soe much in Diameter! to their Interests.

"We did not reprove, but looked on it as our duty to minde you of the unreasonableness of M" Catcipoole Lying in the 3" Lodgings at Huglie: he that was Third there, and looked on himselfe wronged by not being preferred to a higher employ, did make known his griavances, and the Hon" Comp' placing M" Charnock 2" of Council, hee thought he could do no lesse; and the other hath no right, by their expresse commands, which say, If he accepted not of the 6 in Councell of this Factory (for M" Threder is nominated afore him) he should not be in any employ in their Service.

"Your suspending M' Watson is altogether opposite to the Honday Company's orders, there being neither Unfaithfulness, Negligence, Luxury, nor Disobedience proved against him; the most was but matter of Words, and therefore we hoped admenition had been sufficient for the first time, which we desire you to consider of. And the Wittness at first declared afore the Councell he could not be positive who spake them; and whatever he did afterwards should have been [stated] afore and Councell likewise, that M' Watson might have made his defence (The Law condemning no man without having his accustes face to face, and not Sworne privately.) Besides, there was not above half of the Councell, one of whom dissented.

his accounts.

"If it were for Action, the Hon. Comp. will ill resent any person to come into any of their Factories (not being in their Service) to raise discussion and challenge any of their Servants, and much more to each forth Swords clandestinly after hand, which must be referred with every other circumstance to them. His absence from here is detrimental to their affaires, and the more [so], two Writers being lately dead, and another besides him called downe in the very height of business, so that if any thing in writing, or what else, bee neglected, Wee must quitt our selves thereof. We request he may be sent up immediately, to adjust

"Concerning y Desca affaires of Custome, it will appear how much wee have been acquainted therewith. If ever we were informed of such a person as Golobray, or his being security for the Right Worshipfull Agent (a thing altogether unpracticable), or his satisfying the Customes of last year, or sanding up James Price, this, or his Commission, then we are to blame in writing the contrary. The proof you mention to have under our owne hands specifies nothing of the above mentioned. But all your general letters from Desca to us were only to accompany severall perwannas, and their Copies (excepting the case of M. Prickman & a Perwanna for the Mint), of the Nabob and Duan to Bulchund, to release the goods upon Tallicas, and to turne out Permesuradas, and to recover the money he had unjustly extorted from us. In order to which, the Nabob's Assole was sent downe therewith to see it put in execution.

"But to this day we know Permessuradas is not displaced, and much fears none of the money is yet retrieved. But by accident, lately came to our yiew a Coppie of the King's Duan's, Meer Amud's, Perwanna to Bulchund, expressing that your Security, Golobray, had given an account of the Tallica for last year's goods, amounting to Rupes 3,97,627, which at Rup. 33 per Cent. Custome amounts to Rup. 13,917; and that the said Golobray, being security, had already paid into y' King's Cajanna' Rupees 900. This the Duan hath ordered Bulchund, by said Perwanna, to receive of us now; and for the future saith he will receive y' Customes yearly at Decca, of said Golobray, which will prove not only a great detriment to y' Comp' but a diagrase to the whole Nation; and, without doubt, had timely care and the right way been used, as was advised, it had never come to this height.

"As for y Jyllibdar, we conceive he is to attend our Answer to your Generall, and not M. Langley's particular. The reason for our calling him back was to have sent said Generall by him; but after his returnal M. Watson was going, by whom we thought fits to send it, for any speedy conveyance.

"Wes stand in great need of Rarities for presents, and fastices" willings, and Beames and Stales.

Wee have not an ounce of Copperas by us, not is because able but the Country Copperas, which wee have triefl, and will necessary that no more Black can be dyed unless some be speadily be said.

" Weo Remaine,

- ... " Att y' Commands,
  - "JOB CHARNOCK,
    "RICHD BARRER.
  - " CHARLES CUDWORTH,
  - "JOHN THREDER."

I received the foregoing factious, disrespectfull letter from M<sup>r</sup> Charnock and Council, declaring M<sup>r</sup> Ellis still of Council here, not being in our power to turne him out, though Infidelity was confest by himselfe, and manifestly proved against him.

Mr. Charnock resolves the question that every Chief of a Factory (being one of Council of the Bay) may come or stay away when summoned to Council, as he thinks convenient, by saying "as many as could be spared", of which they them selves were to be judges, and that it was then Shipping time when Mr. Charnock was summoned and could not be spared stuffing his Letter with diners false storys and impertinencies which require great time and leisure to answer. Insomuch the if ve Hon. Compy doe not thinke fitt to rectifie this discrete. their businesse will soon run to confusion. The counterancing and writing to Mr. Charnock, Mr. Beard, Mr. Hervey and Mr. Pownsett, having made them in their owne Conceite more than see many Agents, saying as Mr. Watson did, "they are Chiefs, and put in by the Company as well as himselfe" and will send their Goods and answer our Letters when they please. Mr. Hervey has not wrott one Genii. Letter to us since his first arrivall at Maulda, now 5 months since, nor sent us his Diarys. The Company must be necessitated to follow the Dutch rule, and command absolute and entire Obedience to be given to their Agent, or their affaires in this Country will run into great disorder and suddaine distruction. I can but discharge my duty, and God's Will be done for

rest. If my Second had been true to me, all these suits had been preuented.

October 15.—I received a Gen<sup>II</sup> Letter from M<sup>a</sup> Hervey, &ca., Council at Maulda, complaining of the Government for protecting the Company's Merchants and D<sup>aa</sup> [debtors] from paying their just demands, and desiring a Perwanna may be procured from Decca, complaining of one Jamshier Beigh for demanding and exacting large annual Presents, vexing and ruining some of our Servants, and that if such a Perwanna, with an Assol or Messengerf cannot be procured, he shall not be able to send some repart of this year's Investment, and that will come 25 per cent or more above its due value; and presses to have the perwanna, though it cost Rup. 5000.

The truth of all this is, Mr Hervey was forced, when he left Decca, to give Mr. Pounsett for security, to pay what sums soever he should be condemned to pay the Weavers and Brokers there (with whom he had a great Suit at Law for 6 months' continuance). The said Weavers and Brokers recovered 3,300 rup, of Mr. Pownsett. Mr. Hervey now contrives the procuring this Perwanna, that Mr. Pownsett may satisfie himselfe out of ye Price which ye Company must pay for it, though 'tis not worth a straw to the Company; and besides, 'tis to be feared ye Company will be strangely overrated for all their Goods that come this yeare from Maulda. I would not be bound to secure them for 30 per cent. this rate the Company will soon be ruined in Bengall. is the effect of making every Chiefe one of the Councill of the Bay, & independent of that of Hugly, & the Company's writting to them of their business, which has made every one of them slight and disregard the Agent and Councill's orders to them.

October 16.—Mr Elliott, the Interloper, is gone up to Cassumbuzar with Captain Lake, to assist him in buying goods, &ce.

October 17.—Cent Coppy of Mankla Generali to Dayes,

ordering them to procure a Perwants seconding to their desire.

Wrote to Cassumbazar, pressing them to hasten down their goods, as fast as they dome, that the Shipps now in Port lose not their passage about the Cape,—which was all the answer I thought convenient to give their Generall Letter of 6th Instant, to avoid running into long disputes.

October 18.—Mr. Pownsett brags of his private instructions from yo Comp. & some great men of the Committee, that he regards nothing that's wrott him from Hugly.

October 21.—Received a General from my Nephew, Robert Hedges, at Rajanaul, advising that he had received an imperfect Perwanna from those at Decca, which ordered the Droga of the Mint to employ all the men at once, and not let them rest at times; and to deliver each man his due proportion of money every day, according to what [is] delivered in: Which is of no import, the Droga having formerly promised him a greater share in what mony [may be] delivered out than is really his due: but having heard of this Perwanna, is so enraged against him for complaining, that he is resolved to be revenged, and delays our business as much as possibly he can.

October 22.—A Peon, returned from Maulda, told me, whilst he was there, a Peon brought Mr. Hervey a Letter from Capt. Alley. Mr. Hervey gave answer to said Letter by a Peon of his own: who for 2 or 3 dayes, that he staid here for an answer, was kept privately in Capt. Alley's house, for feare any of my Peons or Servants should see him: this Peon of Mr. Hervey's was mett by the same Peon of mine, about halfe way on his returne to Malda.

I know Mr. Hervy has a parcell of 20 chests of very fine Mulmulls & Cosseis, which he pickt up at Decement has a mind to send them home: 't is to be feared he will denit by Capt. Alley.

The Dutch Company in Holland have sent out this

a Shipp directly for this place, with absolute power given the Supracargo, independent of the Directore : save that ve said Directore and Councill are ordered to furnish him with what money he shall desire, and be aiding and assisting him upon all occasions with their authority. The Sopracargo is called Sig. Lints; his businesse is to Spie into & make discovery of our Trade,—to buy Silke and Silkes as we doe, and to see whether they may not trade directly out and home, without goeing to Batavia: which they find a tedious way, and not so beneficial to them as ours. In short, I doubt the coming out of this Ship will be of greater detriment and worse consequence than is generally ar prehended by our people here. The Dutch, finding the shortness of this way, will hereafter in all probability be competitors with us in our sorts of Silke, and all other commodities which we usually trade in.

October 23.—Received advice from Ballasore of the George & Golden Fleece's arrivall in that Roads the 12th Instant.

October 26.—Capt. Alley went this day in great state to visit Bulchund, with 3 Persons with him; beside 10 Englishmen with Blunderbusses, and about 80 Peons. He has agreed to pay 3½ per Cent. Custom on all goods imported and exported: upon which they parted good riends. Capt. Alley, Capt. Smith, and that Gang are frequently visited, to our shame and the Company's discredit, by every considerable person in this Factory, except my selfe, who never yett saw one of them. They and our Captains caresse one another dayly. I heare they send adventures home by them.

October 27.—The last night, M. James Watson desired a Dustick of me for a Budgera with some Persian Fruit to Cassumbazar. When y Boat was putting off, M. Watson ordered the Chiefe Boatman or Manjee to take in M. Harding, and carry him to Cassumbazar. The mangee raining to doe it without my orders, M. Watson struck him twice, and forced him to take him in. Thus, by the countersance

and similar practices of M: Beard, is the Company's Honor and my Authority slighted and contemned otherwise they would as soone eat fire as attempt to doe it, would be stand by me, and not argue and dispute my authority, and as much as in him lyes render it contemptible. This scandalous, unfaithful person, Harding, is now sent up to serve M. Charnock in dispight of me; though, God be praised, I live in honor and esteem, whilst Charnock, Hervy, and Beard are the most despicable persons to the Government and Native Merchants that ever lived in the country.

October 28 (Sunday).—This day I received a letter from Mr. Crosse of Decca, dated ye 21st Instant, enclosing a Parwanna which James Price has procured from the Nabob to our Fousdar, ordering him immediately to seize and send up to Decca the 3 Interloping Captains. I durst not give notice of this to Mr. Beard, having sufficiently experienced his prejudice and dislike of every thing I doe, and knowing his intimacy with Mr. Littleton, and meeting Capt. Alley, and sometimes at said Littleton's house—but dispatched away Mahmoot Herreef, another trusty Vekeel, to yo Foundar, promising him a large gratuity if he got this business effected. and yo Captains seized and sent away to Dacca: of which I expect a good account this Afternoon. What might not be done if we were unanimous amongst ourselves, as they would and must be if [I] had authority to turns them out when they did not doe their duty!

This afternoon my Vekeel brought me word yo Captains excused not waiting on yo Fousdar—being Sunday.

### ATT A CONSULTATION.

October 29.—The Prudent Mary and the Herbert, being positively ordered by the Honbie Comps to be the 2 First Ships despatched from this place, we thought it convenient to send yo Welfare & yo Kent directly to Fort St George Athabite full Lading of Saltpetre, that they may be the statement



carly from thence, and not endanger their passage about the Cape: having been a long time out of England, and not in a capacity to beat it out in bad weather. The George was likewise ordered to follow them with her Kintledge of Saltpetre, and to touch at all the Lower Factories to take in what goods [may be] provided at those places; and the Golden Fleece ordered to continue here to carry away what goods we shall have remaining after the Prudent Mary's and the Herbert's despatch.

The Fousdar sent 10 Portuguese Firelocks, 10 Peons, and 2 Horsemen to bring Capt. Alley and the rest before him.

This morning they excused going, with many frivoleus excuses, writing and sending to Bulchund to intercede for them, and to enquire into yo cause of their being sent for. In the evening the Fousdar's Soldjers (not to return empty handed to their Master) brought with them Mr. Davis, belonging to Capt. Smith, and Mr. Smith, Chief Merchant of the William and John. The Fousdar demanded their Captaine, and told them they should be his Prisoners till their Captains made their appearance.

October 30.—This morning Bulchund came to give me a visit. After some previous discourse, I told min the last time he was here (about 14 months since) I promised him a Persian Horse; I had now one at his Service, which he accepted with some ceremony. Entering into farther discourse, he shewed me severall letters and Perwannas he had received from the King's Duan of Dacca, en-ordering him to demand and receive Custome of us. I replyed we had lived here about 50 years without payment of Custome; the Nabob had wrott a letter to the King in our Favour; we expected their answer, and made no doubt but it would be to clear us of Custome. Bulchund teld me we had waited above a year for such an answer, but seemed he it would never come without his advice and realizance; and never

required me. to give my positive answer to one of these two.

"Whether I would consent to the payment of 31 per cantal Custome upon our own Tallians or entries: Or, lett him take custom of his own subjects for all the goods they sold to a." For which he gave us sime till this afternoon to consider of it.

Amidst our discourse, Bulchund told me he have proposals made him by Mr Charnock concerning payment of custome. Bulchund nad replied, "What have you to doe with such proposals? You are under the Agent's direction, & I am going to him, and he and I will agree upon it."

October 31.—This morning the Interlopers made their addresses, by advice & assistance of Mr. Edward Littleton, to Bulchund, to gett Mr. Parkes and Mr. Davis out of the rousdar's Custody, with promise of great reward. In the afternoon Bulchund sends a note to the Fousdar, telling him he would be security for the 2 Merchants in his custody. and answerable to the Naboh for all demands and pretences he would make upon them. Whereupon the Foundar sent them to Bulchund with a guard of Soldiers, and Bulchund immediately dismist them, and bid them go to their houses: See insolent and proud is this Bulchund growne with his vast state, as not to regard any Perwanna that comes from the old doting Nabob of Decca.1 The Company's affairs! will never be better, but always grow worse and worse with continuall patching, till they resolve to quarrel with these people, and build a Fort on you Island Segar at the mouth

in the diary of Dec. 2, 1688, the Naway is stated by the Bedges. to be then 82:

Shaista Khan, the Nawab of Dacca, held the government from 1663 to 1683, except during part of 1677 and 1678, when Fedai Khan, the Emperor Aurunzebe's foster-brother, held the government. Shaista Khan was son of Vizier Asuf Jah, and nephew of the Empress Section Jehan.—Stenori, p. 296.

of this river, and run the hazard of losing one years a trade in the Bay, in 1 of which time there's noe fears of bringing these people to our conditions. If this be not speedily taken in hand by us, there's no doubt to be made but 't will soon be done by the Dutch, who talke of it freely, as often as we meet with them: and then we must expect to be soone turned out of this country.

### November 1683.

November 5.—Bulchund, after much entreaty and fair promises, went to returne Capt Alley's visit, but sent me word by a Merchant that he designed only to pick his pockett of Rup. 4000, which Capt Alley was to give for the Honour done him.

This afternoon a Perwanua came to Bulchund from the Nabob of Decca, commanding Permesuradas (that great Villaine) to be turned out of his Service. Bulchund caused it to be proclaimed by beat of Drum, that all men who had any complaint against Permesuradas should come and make their appearance and demands before him. In a few hours' time more that 3000 poor men gathered. together, complaining with full mouths of his exaction and injustice towards them: some demanding Rupees 10, others Rupees 20, per man, which Bulchund very generously paid them in the Cazee's presence, to the amount of about Rupees 2000. This, it is feared, will be all yo satisfaction that will be given for about 5 Lack of Rupees which Permesuradas has forced from yo Merchants and poore Inhabitants, and Bulchund puts all the rest into his own Pockett. with yo Name and great applause of doing great and exemplary justice. 'T is happy for us that we are rid of soe great a Villaine upon any score whatsoever.

November 6.—This day Capt, Wildey made complaint to me that Capt. Hayward had not justice done him, for that Hayward was an antient Commander, and had been Com-



missioned by the King; and ought to wears the Flag, and not Capt. Lake, as was formerly ordered in my absence to Cassumbazar by M. Beard: whereupon I sent an order to Capt. Hayward in these following words:

"Whereas Capt. Charles Hayward, Commander of the Heavy and William, has formerly been a Captain in His Majure Service, and is the oldest Commander now in this place, I doe desire and en-order him, the said Charles Hayward, to wear a Flagg as Admirall.

"Witness my hand. In Hugiy, this 6 November 1683."

The like order, mutatis mutandis, I sent to Capt. Lake, to take downe his Fiag-staffe and Pendent.

This Capt. Lake, being a great dissenter, & an inseparable companion of M<sup>r</sup>. Beard's, has taken divers occasions to affront and speak ill of me behind my back, saying that nothing is done as it should be, and that he will putt the Company in a way when he goes home: and, I am told, in common discourse speaks as near Treason as he can, not to be taken hold of by the hearers. He's a base, unvortny fellow, & I hope't will lye in their power to lett him know it.

This night I received letters from Decca. On the way they were intercepted and broke open by Mr. Charnock, which he presumes to doe, being Second of Councell in the Bay. These two Councills, of Hugly and of the Bay, cause such disorder and confusion, that I fear yo Councill of [the] Bay will drive that of Hugly out of doors, and the Company's business too, in a little time, if speedy relief doe not come to prevent it.

November 7.—This day Bulchund sent for all those yt made yt complaints against Permesuradas yesterday and hid mony given them; and put them in Prison, forcing them to refund all they had received, and much more, to be released: and compelled all men in general yt had every been wronged by y Wicked Villaine to give discharges under

their hands, sealed with Caree's Scale, yt they received their money back again. It is yo most cursed proceeding of cruell Tyranny yt ever I heard of in my life. I am told Bulchund has given Permesuradas a Serpaue, and restored him into favour again.

I 'm certainly informed Mr. Beard has bought a third part of yo Shipp Brittania, in Company with two Interlopers, Mr. Nedham & Mr. Dowglass, and sends her to Achin, which causes his great friendship with all that party.

November 8.—The Fousday received another Perwanna, directed to him by the Nabob of Decca, procured by James Price, forbidding any Merchant whatsoever trading with any Interlopers: & confirming his former Perwanna to send the 3 Captains to Decca. Bulchund and he had a private conversation about it-to what purpose I did not understand. I loubt, not to our advantage: Bulchund having granted Capt. Alley free liberty of trade, & to pass all his goods with his wne Dustick. I am told Alley has bought Bulchund's new louse, below the Dutch Factory, for Rupees 10,000 ready noney.

November 9.—The Fousdar summoned all the Merchants. 30 appear before him, and told them he had received a Perwanna, forbidding all men to trade with Interiopers, and equired every one of them to oblige under his hand not to buy nor sell with them; and if anyone had received Dadney, or Impost mony, on account of goods, if ever it be known and not discovered to him, they must expect to be answerible for it to ye King, and make satisfaction as far as the Sale of their persons, wives, and children. I resolved, God willing, to prosecute this business to the utmost of my power, and hope to bring it to a good issue.

November 10.—Permesurades went to sett in ye towne belonging to ye Dutch. Calling all men before him, he lemanded 3 yeares' Gigeen, or licad money, wh he pretended

Mrngo, properly ear-o-pa, "head and foot," a complete dress of n, see p. 101.



they are in arreares to him, and knowd it from them with all the Barbarous Rigour imaginable.

November 12.—Bulchund sent me a message that he had given order to all his Officers to stop all our trade unless I would agree to the following proposall.

"That since we had now been full 12 months, and had not yett obtained the King's Phirmaun to free us from payment of Custome, he was contented to allow us yett two months' time more from this day, provided we would then be obliged to pay him all the last and this yeare's Custome, according to our Entrys, or else we must be content not to receive or lade a parcel of goods more this Shipping."

Whereupon I called a Consultation, and thought good in such an emergency to send for all the Commanders of the Company's Shipps, & take their opinions; who unanimously concluded there was an absolute necessity to refer it to me to agree with Bulchund on these or better termes, if I could by any means procure them of him; the Government being so corrupt at present that this man does all he pleases without regard to the King or Nabob.

In the afternoon I visited Bulchund, when, after divers arguments pro and con, we came to this conclusion: That we should have free liberty to receive and lade all our goods this Monsoone or Shipping; and if before that time we could not produce the King's Phirmaun or Husbull Huckum' to the contrary, we would pay our Custom for this and the last year past to him in Hugly! upon which agreement yould for treated me with all possible respect and kindness; and as a farther testimony, one Peter Torris, a Dutch Foreman, being imprisoned by him, besought me to procure his releasement: which I did, and 't was as readily granted by Bulchund, though he had great demands on him. To-morrow they must be compounded the best I can.

November 13.—This day Capt. Alley dyned aboard Capt.

Lake of yo Prudent Mary, with Mars Honor, Clerke, and division

See note, p. 99.

Presumably for "Manage"

Interlopers, making great mirth and joility by firing gum all the afternoone.

November 16.—Bulchund sent me word he was proffered by Capt. Alley & Co. Rupees 10,000 for himselfe, and Rup. 1000 for his Bramanin, to have liberty of free trade; and if I would promise to give him the like sum, he would engage to send Capt. Alley, Capt. Smith, and Capt. Read all Prisoners to Dacca, and to forbid y Merchants trading with them: to which I agreed, and expect Bulchund's performance of his promise.

November 17.—Mr. Derick Johnson, a Dutchman, told me yo present Directore assured him 16 Saile of Shipps and 2000 men were ready to come & brake with this Government, when the differences happened between yo Old and Young Kings of Bantam: and this year he is confident a sufficient strength will be sent him to require satisfaction of these people for all the affronts and indignities they have putt upon them.

This Evening Bulchund sends me word he has refused to accept of Capt. Alley's proffer of Rup. 10,000 & Rup. 1000 to his Fockeer, but will accept of mine, and send the 3 Captains to Decca: not expecting to be given the money till they are on their way past Cassumbuzar.

From Cassimbuzar I am certainly informed Mr. Naylor is there with a great sum of money, buying up all the Taffaty and other Silks he can, for the Interlopers, who imploy him as their Factor, and declare to Bulchund he will pay his Custome for it. Yo said Naylor has dayly corresponded with Mr. Charnock, having been always his intimate friend; and without question either provides him goods out of the Hon. Comp.'s Warehouse, or connives at the Weavers and Piccurs' doing of it. Mr. Charnock is the more to be suspected, not having given the least notice of this Villainy Mr. Maylors in any of his Gent. Letters, which he is work to doe upon

Cassumbuzar he has paid more than Rup. 2700 for Custome at 34 per Cent., by which I conclude he has Mustered at 34 per Cent., by which I conclude he has Mustered at least Rup 20,000. Mr. Charnook must be assistant to him under hand, or 't were impossible for him to lay out see much mony. The best of the Company's Servants (at least these that are see esteemed) being thus subject to corruption, they can never be well served till they take the Dutch Course and Method of impowering their Agent to turne out those that offend in this nature, and yt keepe Company and Feast dayly with your Interlopers, as you most precise of us doe here frequently, and take parts of Shipps and trade with them. If this grievance cannot be soon redressed, as discovery is made of it, you Company's trade can never be carryed on to their most advantage.

Three things must be done to make yo Honble Compy's trade prosperous in this Country.

1st The Interlopers must be supprest in England. Tis impossible to be done here. I see they will dayly grow upon us without effort.

Custome must not be paid. If we pay \$\frac{1}{4}\$ per Cent one years, we shall pay 5 the next, to excuse opening, pricing weighing, and measuring our goods: and by degrees these people's exactions will grow to be insufferable. Xi duty of Custome (computing the trade which will and may peatly be carryed on yearly in Bengall), I conclude, will be taken on £600,000 Stock. The Custome of that money, inwards are \$\frac{1}{4}\$ per Cent, and Custome on its returnes home at \$\frac{1}{4}\$ per Cent, which will amount to £42,000 meaning for y one halfs of which charge I will venture to the process of the payment of Customs for sealing the payment of

them's a necessity, of Investing greater and more absolute power in y Agent: though he prove never see great a Villaine, he must be intrusted (as the Directore is) for y present, and then a better sent in his place. He must be feared, or y Company's business cannot be done to advantage.

November 23.—This morning I went to visit the Fousdar, being this afternoone to sett out in his tents, in order to his going to Ballasore. He expressed great kindness, and gave me a Serepaw.¹ In the Afternoon the Kent was dispatched for Fort St. George with her lading of Saltpetre.

November 26.—I am advised from Cassumbuzar that Mr. Naylor bought up great store of Taffatys and all other Silks, to see great a sum as to have paid 2100 rupees for Custome, at the rate of 3½ per Cent. Computing which rate, he must have bought for more than the value of 70,000 rupees.

November 30.—Capt. Alley was most kindly and respectfully entertained by the Fousdar abroad, in his tents, and had a Serpaw presented to him. The Fousdar summoned all our Merchants to come before him, and forced them to take up money of Capt. Alley, commanding to provide him goods with all speed, that he may be despatched in 15 days at farthest. Soe deceiful and base are all the Magistrates in this country, that, as I have said before, it is impossible to suppresse the Interlopers in this country. This day disputched xe Hare, Capt. Poston, for Persia, Laden with Sugar.

### December 1683.

December 2.—This morning early, news was brought me our grand enemie (that corrupt Villain), Bulchand, was Dead. He fell sick is his synchricall progress in the parts; forcing money from all persons; and considered till he came to his owns bouns at Marnedavad erion as drad on y 20° Ulains. Personauradas in 1879, under out.

tody of the Foundar's Officers till orders comand the Nabob's pleasure be known who be will place. It put in Bulchund's place. Whosoever comes in his place. It to be feared, will stop our goods, and force us to begin again and bribe anew: and soe it will be when y Nabob dyes, who, heing 82 years old and very faeble, cannot live long.

chin should say, in y hearing of Capt. Udall, Capt. Costs. & M. Catchpoole, after his returne from Cassimbusar, "it lay in his power to ruine two of that Factory, viz., M. Barker & M. Threder, but that he was under an oath not to discover it." 'To explain this Riddle, Capt. Udall left two Servants of his behind him at Cassimbuzar, who came downed with Capt. Minchin in that Boat. They affirme M. Barker and Threder delivered divers bales of Silkes to the said Capt. Minchin, as they passed down the river a little below that Factory. Thus it's plaine M. Charnock's favorites may doe anything, whilst M. Langley must not buy a few pieces of Baftaes, but they must be seized and taken from him.

December 6.—'Tis advised by Mr. Characek at Cassum-bazar that Mr. Naylor gives 15 and 20 per Cent. dearer for his Taffaties and all sorts of Silkes that he buys for the Company. When Naylor was here in Hugly, he sold those Silkes he had by him much cheaper than those bought by Mr. Charucek, as formerly noted in this Diary.

December 7.—This Evening I received advice from M?. Crosse at Decea, that the Fousdar's Letter of this place was read to the Nabob in open Durbar on you 26th Ulto, in these following words:

"That he had received the Nabob's Perwanna, and in complyance therewith had sent for the Commanders of the

According to Stewart (Hist. of Bengal, p. 323), Shaista Khan-resigned charge circa 1689, and not before. He then retired to Agra, where he died Anno Hej. 1105, or a.p. 1693; so he survived Mr. Hallest remark nine-years at least.—R. F. B.

Interlopers' Shipps, who refused to tome: whereupon he sent Peons, &c., to seize on them, but fthey | were afterwards sett at liberty by Bulchund, who said he would be responsible for them to the Nabob, & that none would be their security for fear of the Old English Traders (meaning the Company's Servants). Which last senterce has done us much harm; for yo Duan (our implacable enemy) rose up immediately and said, "These are the tricks and devices they use to let no others trade besides themselves, that then they may sell their goods at what rate they please, and be subject to no orders: whereas this New Company (as he termed them) are willing to pay 5 per Cent. Custome, which we deny; that they were merchants as well as wee; and to hinder their trade would be yo King's damage." Here upon the old doting Nabob (being ruled since the death of Ray Nundelol by what he hears any one say) replyed, "They should trade freely." Soe that now the Business being thus determined by the Nabob, there 's no possibility of rooting out or doing any prejudice to Interlopers: they are more kindly treated upon all occasions than we are: and 'twill be as impossible for us to hold out long without payment of Custome, as well as they, if we doe not resolve to fall out with these people very speedily.

December 11.—A boat stopt at the Custome house; her chief Boatman declares he tooke in his lading at the English Factory at Maulda, and came with Capta. Alley's Dustick, who received all his boat's lading. I'm credibly informed there is a clause in Alley's Charter-Party, giving liberty to Mr. Hervy to lade such a quantity of goods as therein provided. "T is possible this boat's lading is in part of it. Mr. Hervy has resigned up the management of his Factory to Mr. Peachey, being troubled with the Gout. He may doe what he pleases, he is under no control. "If I should offer to put another in his place, he would be well smooth again."

regards nothing but to enjoy his life.

And secount depending between a Godden.

And secount depending between a Godden.

One of our Merchants here, and Mr. Harry, in Rup 10 to were requested to take the said Merchant's security till, and were requested to take the said Factor being employed at present in providing goods for this Factory), and ordered Mr. Hervy and Councill in our Gen!! letter not to give the said Gomasta disturbance till y time aforesaid. Mr. Hervy, notwithstanding, imprisoned the Gomasta, telling him, the Agent and Council had nothing to doe with his management of Affaires in this Factory; nor were otherwise somewhat than to remitt them money to buy the Company's cloth. This affront is insufferable; but I must have patience.

December 15.—Received answer, to a Generall from Cassumbuzar, wherein Mr Charnock tells us plainly, in these following words:

"Whereas you order us to restore the Peon to George Pitman which he had formerly, and did more business for him than for ye Honble Compr., it is to be supposed (our Honble Masters having thought fit to trust such a concerne as the charge of this Factory to our management) that we are best able to appoint whatever peons are most fitting for to watch the throwing shopp."

To this may be replyed, in his own words,—that the Compensating thought fit to intrust the Agent and Councill of Hagly with y management of their affairs in y Bay, they may be as well able to judge of such a matter as Ma Chasnook. This, with his refusing to turne out John Griffia, though twice ordered to doe it, is such an affront to the Company's authority invested in me, as can be no longer endured than till the next letters out of Ragland, without anter ruin and destruction to the Honbia Rass latis Company's affaires here in Bengall.

December 20.-M' Crosse advises that the River Manual

receive a Husbull Hookhum from y Vizier for our enjoyment of a Free Trade without payment of Custome,

. December 21.—The Prudent Mary received her despatches for England.

December 27.—Received a letter from Mr. Crosse, advising the Fousdar of this place had wrott in y Interlopers' favour to the Nabob for his Phirwanna and protection of them, for which they would give him an annual present. The Nabob was ready to grant a Perwanna, had not James Price (being present) put it into the Nabob's head to send for them up thither to make the Agreement himselfe, to which end a Perwanna is dispeeded hither, and Mr. Davis will be sent of that errant, where James Price will not fail to doe him all y prejudice and Mischief he is able.

The Shawbunder of Bellasore wrott to the Nabob also in their Favour, and that if we left the Country, the New Company's Trade would be much the greater, and their paying Custome bring great profitt to the King, &c. The Nabob replyed he believed this was wrott out of spight, revenge, & malice; to satisfie which he would not make us leaverthe country, who would returne againe and take ye Port townes, hinder and take their Ships, and afterwards force a trade as we pleased ourselves.

The place of Customer, as well as Collector of the King's Rents, and Government of this place, is given to Aziz-beig, a person yt speaks Turkish and showed himself my great friend at Dacca. The said Asiz-beig departed Decca for this place y 19th Instant.

December 31.—I am informed M. Naylor has this day sent down 35 bales of Silke to Capt. Alley, which he buys up at Cassumbasar, not without great probability that he is assisted by Mr. Charnock: yo Merchants yo usually traded with our Factory having at present an unhappy dispute and quarrel with Mr. Charnock, as if it were on purpose to make them carry their Silk to yo Interlopers. To confirm the with of

this information, Mr. Naybor Las corolless design of Mil. Mr.
Supposed 16,000 on Capa. Alley, which he had satisfied.

[End of 1683. Though this date is continued, as was seemed, the custom, till March 25, 1684.]

### January 1684.

January 2.—Letters from Muxadaved advise that y Naw. Governor sent by the Nabob to seize Bulchund's Estate has given his Sonn 2 of his Father's Horses, and Rup. 1000 in his purse (the young man having been entered one of that King's Soldjers in his infancy), and commanded him to got to his quarters under his Superior; and so turned him out of his house, and tooke all his Mother's Jewells from her

They have, by information of the Servants, dug in severall places of the house, where they have found great summes of money. Under his bed were found Lacks 4½; in the House of Office, two Lacks. They [have] in all found Ten Lacks already, and make no doubt but to find more, besides vast summes let out to severall Merchants at interest, and conveyed away to other parts of the Empire, and Nine Lacks formerly owned and sent to the Nabob as soone as Bulchund dyed.

January 3.—I went this morning to visit and welcome Aziz-beig, our new Gover and Collector of the Customes here. He is a Persian born, and received me with great kindness and respect; assuring me of his favour upon all sections. He speaks Turkish currently, and seems much isolighted that I understand that Language. I make no inection but in his time yo Company's business will passe to better for it.

From Cassum. I am advised M. Charnock has taken of the countries and the Charnock has taken of the Caused Peons to follow a Heat with Mandale

Colours and my Dustick, whose goods were seen to be conveyed to M. Dowglass his house": matter of fact is true, without y least circumstance or appearance of evill, as M. Charnock would insinuate from it.

One Sign Francessci D'Acha, a Portuguese, formerly a Soldjer at yo Fort in the time of Sir Jeremy Sambrooko, having by his industry and fairdealing gotten to be master of a small Shipp, for his own and yo English Merchants' account at Syam, usually consigned himself to Capta Vincent; finding him gone for England, would have recommended himselfe to me. I being opprest with more business and trouble than I was well able to manage, desired him to make choice of some other person: he chose Mr. Douglasse. About 2 months since, Mr. Duglasse came to me for a Dustuck to pass his goods, first obliging [himself], if we paid Custome, to pay in like manner for all he received. This by the Councill and all mankind was judged better to doe than lett them pay Custome till yo Company's business was settled, to avoyd an ill example. Charnock, out of malice, says (or at least suspects) these were Interlopers' Goods. Mr. Dowglasse before Mr. Beard and ye Councill to declare the truth: he affirmes the goods were for account of D'Acha and his owners, except 200 pieces of Dutch Taffaties sent to Achin, and 10 Pieces for his owne account: and that he never had ye confidence to aske me for a Dustick to passe unlawful goods, nor did I ever give him any.

Such groundlesse assertions as these are insufferable; I can no more bear them than an honest, virtuous Woman can be questioned for her Chastity. It is absolutely necessary that one of us two be displaced. He brags never no chief was yett able to contend with him and Hervey, a makes no doubt but to give me my Mittimus this next shipping. Ye Company best know their own concerns and advantages, and I must acquiesce in their determination, whatever it be.

January 5.—Mr John Haynes, from Cassumbusar, actives at large, Mr Charnock having engaged Mr Hervey and Mr Pownsett to meet at a General Consultation whether I will or no: and declares they will doe such ridiculous things, that I am ashamed to discover their folly see much as to write or take notice of them.

January 10.—Letters from Pattana advise Mr Beard's Brother-in-Law, James Lowdon, railes at me and abuses me insufferably; saying I did yo Compy no service at Decost that he could have done much more; and doubts not but to see me turned out with disgrace as Vincent was, by the next letters out of England; with much more to yo like purpose. These contempts I am forced to endure at present, not to bring yo Company's concerns into confusion.

January 12.—From Cassumbuzar 't is advised y' Merchants and Picars appeal agains to y' Cazee for Justice against M' Charnock. Y' Cazee cites M' Charnock to appear; he not appearing, the Merchants take a testimonyall from the Cazee, appoint a Vekeel or two for them, and pretend they will goe and complaine to y' Nabob at Decca. In the mean time goods come slowly from that Factory: 't is probable they will not send returns of half the goods they have agreed for. I am credibly informed the persons M' Charnock deals with are see poore they will not be able to answer their debts by above a lack of Rupees of what's given out this yeare only, besides y' remaines standing out of y' last.

This Diary was thus far sent home to my Brother Sambrooke & other friends in England by yo Herbert, Capt. Henry Udall, Commandr, to satisfie them and justifie me in all my transactions for yo Honbio East India Company, which (God knows) have been allways performed with greatest dilligence & Integrity, to yo best of my Judgmanns, notwithstanding the false reports and aspersions of my

declared enemies in Bengall, and y' Prejudice that some of y' Company have unjustly conceived against me.

I omitted entring my dayly transactions in this Booke, as I ought to have done, in expectation to have gott them transcribed for me out of my Diary kept for yo Compy. But that favour would not afterwards be granted to me when I was dismist their Service.

# July 1684. .

Josephim Schlu, a Dane (formerly belonging to their Factory in Bantam), amongst other things he told me that Mr. Richard Frenchfeild was, underhand, a great favorer of younterlopers; particularly when Mr. Thomas Davies was at Decca. The better to conceal his goods, you said Frenchfield sent down his cousin Pointall to Mr. Cooke's Shippe, then riding at anchor at Kedgeria, and, under pretence of bringing up goods of his owne and his said cousin's, brought up also 20 Maunds of Opium for account of Mr. Cooke,—as he, yo said Cooke, told Mr. Schlu, in the presence of George Herron.

The said M. Schlu farther told me, for an instance of M. Frenchfeild's dealing with Interlopers, that he had bought all you said Cooke's Copper and Tutenag at his first arrivall, and had now about you value of Rup. 3 or 400 of Cooke's in his possession, and assisted Cooke upon all occasions; notwithstanding all which kindness you said Cooke was so unworthy as to call M. Evans (you Minister) and him two great knaves: eaying they cheated him of halfe a raped per maund in all the Copper and Tutenag which he sold them. Where, by yo by, I cannot but acknowledge M. Evans busies himselfe too much in trade and merchandise, for a man of the Cost: being certainly one of your greatest traders in Higgly.

Councill of Decca, accompanying their Dary for promotes of May last. On the 5th of which Month (without any former advice given, or liberty desired, of this Councill, as alwayes customary) Charges Rup. 305:10 to Account, for a Beetle Box, Plate, Arrack Bowl, Spitting Cupp, and Silver handle for a Fan; all of Silver; besides Rup. 50 for Cloth of Gold Pillows, and other furniture.

If this freedom be allowed to every Factory to build (as Mr. Charnock does at Cassumbazar), and to buy and provide what Plate & Furniture they please for their Chambers (as Mr. Pownsett does at Dacca), under pretence of entertaining Strangers, without notice given and liberty granted by this Agency (which is not only irregular and disrespectfull to yo character conferred on me by yo Hondo. Composite tends like wise much to their prejudice), all things will then run into disorder and confusion.

\* This day at a Consultation held concerning ye repair of Mr. Moseley's house, which ye Governor would not suffer him to mend, having a desire to it himself. Mr. Beard tooke occasion, on behalf of Mr. Thomas Ley, to affront & abuse me in a most rude & unhandsome manner; growing pale with passion, shooke his head, & made such a filthy noise with his mouth as cannot be expressed. This prejudice conceived against me (I judge, upon account of opinion in Religion, he being a most rigid Presbyterian) is so great, and ye dayly disrespects & affronts, cast upon me so insufferable (having private information given him; by Sir Josiah Child that he should be Agent), that no Public Business can be freely and calmly argued in Consultation without ending in a quarrel; which I find so exceeding detrimental to ye Company's concernes, that I choose to bear any thing rather than their affairs under my management shall suffer by it.

Mr. Ley, on y other hand (being one of y same profession in Religion, and judging themselves persecuted in Role

land), boids and combines with Mr. Beard in every thing, right or wrong, just or unjust, out of Malice to me.

Mr. Ley of himself knows nothing of yo Country affaires, or of yo Company's business, nor has he the least insight or knowledge of merchandize in general, not being skilled in the common rudements of Arithmatick, nor able to cast up any account, nor divide with 4 figures.

Mr. Pownsett, in all his Diary of May last, gives no particular account of what he had done or acced for Mr. Charnock, more than that he had sent a Genu to Cassumbr. "concerning their businesse",—as if I and this Councill of Hugly were such traytors to yo Company, as not fitt to know what was transacted betwixt them in that grand affair of yo Company's consernes; Mr. Pownsett being otherwise very full and particular in all other business and advices what soever.

In like manner Mr Pownsett gives no account of what is wrott him from Cassumber more than "Recd a Generall from Cassumber concerning their troubles": the said Pownsett, or Charnock, neither of them giving ye least notice to what those Troubles are, that we might endeavour to gett them removed; which I could very easily have done at a small expense (considering ye greatness of ye affaire), not exceeding Rup. 2 in 3000, the Native Merchants having wrott a Gen'll letter to me, advising they were ready and willing to stand to my award and determination of ye differences betwixt them and Mr Charnock: which he out of meer pride and malice would not consent unto (pretending ye inconvenience of his coming to Hugly), that I might not have ye credit of composing their differencies.

Mr Pownsett, in his May Diary gives order likewise for making a Budgero without leave from this Factory; & indeed, does what he pleases, as if altogether independent of its, and a distinct Agency; following y practice of his admired Patrons, Mc Hervy and Mr Charnook. I am also this day informed M. Charnock has station and differences with yo Picars and Merchants by astituation of certain Moor Merchants, who had adjudged M. Charnock to pay for all yo Silke he sent home yo last years Ru. 5 if the per Seer, which is halfs a rapes more than it is worth: and together with charges, will prejudice yo Company above a lack of rupees.

I received a letter lately from Mr. Crosse of Decce, advising me (amongs) other things) in y following words, viz:

At present I have not any thing of moment to advise, but that Mr. Pownsett, having wrott so often to yo Worshipfull & to Cassumbr. that no Perwanna could be procured for redresse of their grievances without a present to the Nabeb, which now being ordered, and he not knowing how to goe to worke to effect it, fearing yo disgrace that may fall on him should he after all not obtaine one,—hath gott Golobray to stir in yo business, by putting Rupees 2000 into his hands, and giving a writing, that if he gets a Perwanna he is to have ye said 2000 rup. for charges and his paines, and not to give any other account thereof."

In another letter of you 30th June, Mr. Crosse advises me farther, viz.

"As to what Mr. Charnock writes again. James Price, he will be shortly with yo Worshipfull to vindicate himselfo. And for Golobray (though he be a base fellow), I believe he hath not had any hand in hindering a Perwanna for Cassimbazar troubles; for if he hath, certainly Mr. Pownsett (from whom, I suppose, Mr. Charnock must have that advice) would never have entrusted him with yo procuring of said Perwanna. But the business is this: Mr. Pownsett does despaire of getting one, and to hide his owne Ignorance from Mr. Charnock, writes that Golobray and James are you consistent, when they have both been assisting to him thereby thinking to make yo world believe you to be their shotter in a businesse detrimental to you Hon. Company."

By these two letters from Mr. Charles Crosse, it a very apparent how industrious Mr. Pownsett has been to cost y odium of Mr. Charnock's and his owne miscarryages upon me.

July 17.—I was advised by Mr. How, Commander of your Company's little Shipp Thomas (newly returned from Fort St. George) that I was Dismist the Company's Sarvice; Mr. Beard made Agent in my place; & Agent Gyfford made President of yo Coast of Cormandell & Bay of Bengal.

July 25.—This day Five Dellol's, or Brokers, of Decca, after they had been with me, went to Mr. Beard's Chamber to pay their respects to him; taking with them James Price, yo Vekeel. Mr. Beard demanded, "Who they were?" James answered, "The Dellolls of Decca." Mr. Beard replyed, "I know their business very well; I know what they come for." Mr. Frenchfeild coming into Mr. Beard's Chamber yr very instant, said, "I am corry these men have found yo way to Hugly: this will spoil the Company's business"; and soe yo men were dismist.

Their designe in coming to Hugly was to prove to me before Mr. Pownsett's face (if thereto required) that he, yo said Mr. Pownsett, bought cloth of Severall sorts at Rupees 6, 7, & 8, which he charged to yo Company at Ru. 10, 11, & 12, and some at Ru. 13 per piece; but finding Mr Beard and Mr. Frenchfeild prejudiced against ye discoverers, and unwilling to detect Pownsett's villany, and I being dismist y. Company's service, concerned myself no farther in ye businesse (despairing to doe any good where I met with such opposition), but advised ye Dellolls to returne to Decca. The like cheat was clearly proved to me against Mr. Semuel-Hervy, deceased, who otherwise, by fair dealing, could never have gott Rupees 220,000, as he has done in a few years out of nothing: his first setting up being with Rup. 1500. won, or rather cheated at play of a Purser of a Shippe at Ballasore, soone after his first strived in the Bay of Bengaly

James Price assured me y Mr. Pownsett, appearing in Publick Durbar at Decca in y business of Mr. Charneck, the Nabob commanded him "to be gene out of his sight"; saying, "y Finglish were a company of base, quarrelling people, and foul dealers."

July 29.—M. Charnock, in his letter of this date, says the Chief of Decca had procured y. Nabob's Perwanna to have their differences arbitrated by Merchants, whereas this Perwanna was procured by Arz-dast,—else why was it not procured by Mr Charnock's letter, which y. Nabob rejected, refusing to answer it?

In truth, Mr. Pownsett was proffered this Perwanna longsince, when James Price was there, if he would have given for it Rup. 600; since which time Mr. Pownsett has agreed to give Goolobray R. 2000 to procure him this Perwanna, upon condition that he is to give no account of its expence: which, with y\* help of my Arz-dast, he procured accordingly.

### August 1684.

August 16.—We had news brought us that 4 Dutch Shipps were arrived in yo Ganges as high as Barnagur from Batavia. They report Gen! Spilman & his Second of Council are both dead; that yo 3rd of Council, one Camploys by name, is made General; and that Mr. English had been there, from yo Compr., in a Shippe of 60 Guns. At his arrival they told him yo King of Bantam would not suffer him to goe into yo Road of Bantam, but that (if he pleased) he might goe to Batavia and buy refreshments: of which proffer he accepted, and was afterwards dismist, not being suffered to lade a penny worth of goods. The Duch men could not inform us whether Mr. English returned for England or went to Suratt.

1/4 Mrs. Mast, practically the same as orm (valg. wrass), "a peta-

Co these Shipps come one recenses such hencen for several years in Batavia, now man dent of all India, which gives him precedency if your Clearly himselfs, and impowers him to call all persons whatrector to account for all their actions. He has condamned the late Gen's Spilman's estate (after his death) to pay rap 90,000 to y Company; and displaced y Secretary Gen# (though his own brother-in-law), fining him y mun of P.1 60,000, of all which sums yo said Comissarie is to have I part. He is to goe to all Factories in India, and to command what Shippes he pleases to wait on him; to exsimine all bookes; inspect and enquire into all their affaires; to regulate all their concernes as he thinks convenient, and judges may tend to their most advantage. He brings with him a Fiscall and a Secretary, Divers Servants, 24 soldiers in Red Coats, with a Sergeant, Corporall, Drummer; & 4 Trumpeters

It's likewise reported by those that come in these Shippe that the Dutch, hearing of our preparations and designe in Rayland to send out 18 Shipps to restore the King of Rantam, the Hollanders had fitted out and manned 14 memors War from 54 to 75 great Guns apiece, ye least of which had the War from the them besides Natives, with a Fire Shippe to Sght in and endeavor to frustrate our designs.

August 19.—M. W. How, Comender of y. Company's Shippe Thomas, gave me a Visit after dinner in my Chamber & desiring to speaks with me in private, I tooks him into my Counting House, where, after a respectfull presented begging arouse for y. freedom he tooks with me, told me he observed in general discourse with divers persons belonging to the Factory (whose names he would not discourse that there was a conspirery and construction string and to doe me all y. prejudice they sould and from

intended, the bull use to an account for several sector in the sector in the particular in the sector in the particular in the sector in the s

Secondly, That all endeavers would be used to green my going home the way I intended, by Persis, and a overland.

I demanded for what reasons these persons intended first so unkindly with me: whether he knew any order Company had made formerly, or lately sent out, to y south trary ! Mr. How replyed, "he knew of no reason nor codes." but was confident endeavors would be used to stop me they could." I' then told him, "after this role they might as well rob or plunder me of all I had, bind and soud me home in Chaines, as exercise such arbitrary power. He had nothing more to say to that; but relvised me to bewere what he had told me, and prevent it if possible: telling me farther my adversaries would pretend this way of going home would be prejudicial to y' Company, & an occasion. for all men to take ye same course. I thought all men had Freedom to goe home which way they pleased, till Company forbade it, & that divers persons had both gone & come this way before me.

M. How informed me farther, 't was reported I had sure veyed away my Estate out of y' Factory, & had putt it into y' hands of y' Company's Chief Banian. I assured him the contrary; that I had all my present Cash in the house. It intended to keepe it there till y' President's arrival, not doubting that I should find him a person that feared God, and soe far respected y' law as to doe no unjust action; with ather words to y' same purpose. I gave him my hearty thanks for his kind information, and so we parted.

depose 21.—The Dutch Director sent to knew what he had his Ledy might give mis a visit some time that not worked I sent him whed he should be kindly sentents whenever he pleased.

The side Manageographic too they had 11 Street state them. out this years from Holland to Balavis.

Ashust 27.- I received a letter from Mr. Stables (Begant) of y Port), dated yesterday, from abound y Slospa and 4 miles below Jan Pardo, advising Provident Gyfford was errived there (but had not 7 manners to write me himselfs), and ordered 4 Budgeros and 10 or 12 great bostes with provisions to be sent down to him with all expedition. Whereupon I immediately dispected Mr. Frenchfelld, M. Johnson, & M. Ley to his Honor, with 2 Budgeres, hostes, and provisions.

August 28.—I borrowed the late Duch Fiscall's Budgero, and went in Company with Mr Beard, Mr Littleton, Mr Borglasse, M. Innes, Capt. Browne, Capt. Hayward, Capt. Pine, Capt. Norgrave, Capt. Banes, & Dr. Harwar, as far as ye Devill's Reach, where I caused ye tents to be pitched, in expectation of y President's arrival, and lay here sall night.

7

Our boats lay in a very fine Eddy, capacious enough to receive 100 Ships, where they may ride free from ,?" danger of yo Freshes: this being, in divers men's epinions, the most convenient place in all the River to build a

Pactory.

August 29. The President not appearing, we took up our tents & fell downs to Tittaghur, where we dyned. Scone after I was advised of y President's being come from Revnegut, from whence he arrived a little before sunset, with all his company, which, together with the Soldiers, well numerous. We lay ages sill efter Midnight; and for better conveniency I left y company of Mr Beard St., in the Duch Budgero, and lodged mith Mr. Douglass, whose Budgero being heavy & 2 to 8 of the greatmen security army be 

call book about; but making they strange M. Innes, & I went absend of Capt. Browne's Planton, Will come living by us. Crossing over y River to evel violence of y Current, we were forced by y stream to other side, the water carrying us with that strength that bid approved not prevent the boot's head running and striking gainst ye bank, which caused a great lump of carth to the nto our boat; with which, ye boat turning her side to lander, another vast quantity of earth, containing divers one, fell downe; but it pleased God that only a little part ell into our boat: had we been halfe a foote nearer y bath we had all been drowned,—the best swimmer (so I am the ormed) not being able to save himselfe in y mides of many violent Eddys or Whirle Poolen: for which great deliverince I beseech ye Lord to make me truly thankfull. this escape I went about a mile by land in ye rains and dire. but apping a bost coming towards us with some of y Press dent's Soldiers, we prayed them to take us in; one of them, knowing me, did it very readily. In yo boat was Captain Richardson, commander of ye Soldiers, who treated me will the greatest respect and civility. With this boat I got near y Dutch Garden, where y President and all his settings had been some time arrived; and seeing I came not Littleton sent his Palankeen & Peons to meet win carryed me with all speed to the Garden, where I was a sooner arrived, but I immediately embarked with y Free dent and M. Beard in y Company's great Budgero, arrived in Hughly about 4 o'clock in y afternoone.

August 30.—A Dutch Shippe riding over against this Pactory saluted us with 11 guns as we passed by her. Coming near our Factory, the Shipps Am. Capt Browns because to fire guns in one of which (by "Gunner's August Ships No sooner was a President gott salute for a Brown of the Shipps of it provides the Shipps of the Shipps

accommodate the matter; but failing of their designe, let fall

ye pretence.

About halfe an hour after yo President's arrival in Hugly Factory, he called me, Mr. Beard, Mr. Francis Ellis, Mc Richa Frenchfeild, Mr. Thomas Ley, and Mr. Richard Gough, into the Counting House, to hear his Comission read; which being done by John Stables,1 his Secretary, I wished his Honor much joy, with ye rest of ye Company, assuring them I did readily and willingly submit to yo Company's pleasure: to which the President made no other reply but "'t was very well". The Secretary showed me the seal to the Commission, telling me "'t was the Company's". I replyed, "I made no doubt of it."

## September 1684.

September 1.—President Gyfford' called a Consultation; being sett, he sent for me, desiring me to produce my Cash Booke, and deliver up ye Company's Cash: which I did immediately, & tooke Mr. John Beard's receipt for its hallance.

He then demanded "Whether I had opened and stopt M". Beard's Letter, which he would have sent home per ye Defence to Sir Josia Child?" and read Capt. Heath's certificate of that business, with some other discourse to Y' same purpose.

Having heard what ye President said, I desired ye favour to aske yo President and Council a question or two before I returned them an answer, which being granted,

First, I desired to know "Whether I was dismist the Company's Service or not?"

1 Mr. John Stables, afterwards chief at Vizagapatam, and killed, with four other factors, in 1689, when the Mogul decided upon expelling the English.-Bruce, Annals, vol. ii, 650.

\* President Gyfford was "dismissed" in 1687, and succeeded by Mr.

Yale.—Bruce, Annals, vol. ii, 571. Date of letter not given.



They tolld me "They were of opposion I was discussed that Service."

Then I desired to know by what Authority or direction they asked me this question.

The President tolld me they had no other authority for it but ye Company's Letter. The Paragraph being read relating to that businesse, t was said they should make enquiry to know whether I had stoot Mr. Beard's letter or not? I bade them enquire where they pleased, & then they would know the Relation that was given them was notoriously False. However, I thought my selfe no-ways obliged to stand two tryalls for one and ye same offence; adding that when I was next tryed for this fault it should be before impartiall Judges and an equall Jury, who, I hoped, would give me good satisfaction for you great damage and prejudice I had received, if they did not find me guilty. Besides, I tolld them I thought it a great dishonor to yo Company to make any question of you truth of that for which they had not only judged and condemned, but punished me also for, by dismissing me their Service, without suffering me to speake for my selfe: that this meaner of proceeding was like those that hanged a man first, and examined ye business afterwards.

Upon this answer the President tolld me, "They had no more to say to me at present": whereupon I tooke my leave and retired to my Chamber.

September 3.—The River of Ganges is risen so high as it has not been known in you memory of man—the water being 3 or 4 foot high in you Bazaar. It is reported more than 1000 houses are fallen down in you Dutch Quarters, and boats may row round their Factory in Hugly.

September 4.—I received Letters from Decca of ye 14th Ulto, advising the Waters were risen so high that men waded to their middle in most of the Streets.

At Pattana they say the whole country is over flowne; that

they flat this thought make the best on the second

Section of The About 1 o'clock this marning their mounts mediants and visient Sporm of wind, lightning, and threedest accompanyed with fieros showers of raine, which continued all this day.

September 17 & 18.—The Storm continued: the Wind variable between the N.E. and S.E., the Moon two days after Full. The wind, after this storm, springing up, at North, 't is generally concluded the monsoon is broken up for this year.

We hear it blew hard those three days, viz., y 16, 17, & 18 instant, at Ballasore; and if it should prove [the end, yet] y moneoon has [been] very favourable in respect of other years.

September 28.—President Gyfford and most of y' Councell, especially M. Beard, carrying themselves very unkindly and disrespectfully towards me, I was no longer skip to endura their insolent behaviour; and being resolved (as soon as I sould gett a convenient house) to leave y' Factory. I removed this afternoon to a house in y' Duch quarters, where M' Vincent lived 2 years since, being y' best house procureable in all y' towns, for which I was behelding to y' present. Duch Directore, Sig. Martinus Huyaman, who ordered the proprietor of it to lett me have it upon the first intansion of my desire to hire it.

September 26.—I went to visit the Duck Directors and give him thankes for his kindness in so readily ordering a house for me in his quarters. He obliged his to stay Suppor with him, treating me with great deality and respect.

September 29.—M. Souch William gave per off.

disconnect to told use or test with

vine year party framework and a september of the control o

a grayed his Spirit exceedingly allow reasons the bank the bank to see every body continue to show the bank the respect, and wondered why, and for what same, they did it.

#### October 1884.

October 3.—President Gyfford set out for Cassumband, Merchant with him but Mr. Richard Gough; all y were his own attendants, who came with him from Plort (i.e., Fort St. George).

### November 1684.

November 6.—The Dutch Director sent to desire he might be permitted to give me a visit this afternoon.

I sent him word he should be heartily welcome whenever he thought fit to doe me the Honour; so he man accordingly, bringing with him his Lady and his Daughter, Me Mesdock, ye Fiscall, and another of the Council, together with Mr. Hendrick Ben, their Chaplain, or Domine, as they call him.

November 10. I went to meet President Gyfford at y English Garden, on his returne from Cassumbuser, where he arrived ye last night, but thought good to continue as repose himselfe there till yo nation [7] could come and waite apon him, and conduct him to y Factory. We dyned all together, and at 3 in y sfternoon embarked on Budgero, and in lesse than an houre's time arrived in Factory at Hugly. On ye way I heard ye President declare he was now very well assured y' trade of this place could never be carryed on, and managed to y' Company's advantine, till they fell out with the Government, and could oblige them to grant us better termes: which he thought fenciale And this is no more than I advised of Rocks tions and all my friends in England two your Annual Company of Manager of the Assessed in the Company of the Co new mi wird it han tale.

November 11.—This Afternoon, between 2 and 3 o'clock.

Mr. Francis Ellis sent me a letter by a Peon (Capt. Charles Haywood, Commander of yo Henry & William, and my cousin, Nathanael Letten, standing by me when I received it). I found it to be a most scurric is, base, railing letter from Thomas Haggerston, with an adjuved Account Current to it, wherein he makes me his debtor no lesse than Rup. 197,998:8.

It seems yo letter was staled up and directed to me from Balasore by yo said Haggerston; but Mr. Ellis tooke yo freedom to breake it open and detayne it to show President Gyfford, when he returned from Cassumbazar, and then sealed it up and sent it to me: Captain Hayward telling me, so soon as he saw the letter, he believed it was the same letter which Mr. Ellis showed him and Capt. Browne this morning together; so that yo opening and detaining a letter of mine is no crime in them, though it be judged so in me.

November 13.—Bullubdas, one of ye Company's Merchants, gave me a visit this day, telling me, amongst other relations concerning ye Company's affairs, that Mr. Edward Littleton was desired by President Gyfford to goe up to Cassumbuzar to buy him some silke, where ye said Littleton has agreed for 200 bales for account of the President, who, by yo Company's orders, is not permitted to trade in that commodity. If this relation should prove a mistake, [still] I am certaine the President kept a most intimate and friendly correspondence with Mr. Littleton all ye time he was at Hughly, and invited himself to supper at M. Littleton's house, and carried M. Charnock with him, who was Littleton's mortall and involvente I never durst take upon me to visit Mr. Littleton, or show him, or any other person, such respect, whom the Company declared an Interloper. But a seems the provert is verified, that, One man may better that a livrae than another man looks over y hedge.

Gentlewoman and Madras who make passenger upon Gentlewoman and Madras who make passenger upon Gentlewoman passenger upon Gentlewoman passenger upon Gentlewom Novo; that Agent Beard, Modification It is Ministry, and Frenchfeld world often in company with ylunterlopers, especially ye two latter, who are seldiminant the their Company and it is beautiful animom with 2011

This Afternson Mr. Richard Gough told me that Mr. Richard Frenchfeild had signed two certificates against may of which one, subscribed by himselfe along that he is informed I tooke 8000 Rupees of y Merchants at Ballacore for all Bribe; the other Certificates he signed in company with Mr. Roger Braddyl, declaring that he y said Richard Frencht felld, had complained to me of Mr. William Johnson will sorting the Company's goods to their great projudice of Townich I made Answers. "I had no friend in y Company but Mr. Johnson, and that if he sorted y cloth other wise than its ought to be, either he or his Father in England must the Company."

Mr Braddyll declares I said "Hall should looke into a make strict enquiry & examination of every little complaint, the Company's business would be delayed at returns (199). made them in time for y Shipps to save their passage, which latter (of two avils) would be the greatest,". These are rewords, or to this purpose (as near as I can respect bor), what Mr. Gough told me. More than that he assumed make general y President and Council (to his knowledge) were duration of a resolved to use all posible means and endeavours, to disturb and ruin me, if they can, before Libears Bengal and pare tigularly, he told me, they intended, by seman mesus (or) other, to hinder my Voyage to Persia, and Tursbably (said My Gough) this is the course they have thought goods to pitch upon for that purpose". I pray God of his intaits mercy to defend and preserve me from all their male contrivancies.

November 14.—Discoursing with Mr Robert Dowglasse, he told me, 'twas reported amongst ye adverse party, that now there was a contrivance found out (most likely to be that of Haggerston's going to Decca) to stop my voyage to Persia; but he was not willing to tell me ye person's name who said it.

I was this morning informed by Mahmood Herreef, yo Comp,'s Vakeel, that Meleck Burcoordar, yo King's Fousdar, pretended he would heare & judge of a complaint made to him by Thomas Haggerston, "that I had seized & taken from him to yo value of near two lacks of Rupees, and particularly in ready money R. 6664: 10," for which sum yo said Fouzdar demanded my receipt. Whereupon I went immediately to Agent Beard, declaring to him my innocency in this businesse, desiring him to take care I might not suffer by such unjust proceedings; to which he made me this cold reply, "He would doe what he could for me"; by which I easily perceived, if any misfortune happened, I must bear the brunt of it myselfe.

Bullubdas assures me President Gyfford brought downe 60 'Bales of Silke from Cassumbuzar for his own Account.

Movember 17.—Mr. Derrick Johnson, a Duch man, formerly employed as Skipper for you English in severall voyages, tolld me that all you Tissinda Sugar Boats belonging to you Dutch were arrived at Hugly, and our Sugar Boats stopt at Meerdaudpoor: that you Directore was long since advised their Petre Boats were discharged from Pattana do on their way to Hugly,—you Great Mogul having ordered Shaste Chan, Nabob of Decca, not to permit any Stop to be put upon the Hollanders' negociations, nor prejection to be done them, for that they were very potent at Sea, and might be provoked to stop their Pilgrings or Haggis going to Mecca, who he desired might goe and returns with greatest freedom.

If the Company thought at to bestir themselves in this

manner, it would questionless produce like effect; and this they quarrel with this Government (as I have often said, strat advised my friends) it can never be expected that their Trade should prosper in India, especially in these parts.

November 21.—Mr. John Pownsett arrived from Deces. Tis reported his chief errand is to complaine of me and James Price, accusing us to yo President and Councill. The particulars I cannot yet be informed. I can clearly prove him a false person, and unworthy their service as any one that they ever employed.

November 22.-Mr. Richard Gough came this day to say house, desiring to reside with me, assuring me that he was now resolved to adventure his life and fortune, and goe overland with me into England, by way of Persia and Aleppo. He gave me to understand, though not in direct plaine terms. that ye Company had given ye President & Council orders; in case they saw it for their interest, to quarrell and break friendship with the Government; to which ye President and Mr. Charnock readily assented, and gave their opinions that no good was to be done with these people without computsion. But Mr. Beard, Mr. Ellis, Mr. Frenchfeild, & Mr. Ley, for their owne private interest and regard, to carry on their little trade in yo Country, being persuaded to this opinion by Mr. Evans, the Minister, declared themselves of a contrary · judgement, and would not consent to it.

November 23 .- It rained and blew very hard all this day's yo Wind began at S.E. in yo morning, and thence veered to y" North and N.W., where it blew hardest. We were in good hopes all the stormy and bad weather had been past for this season. The Moon was in ye last quarter, about 25 daves old.

November 25 .- Dr. Harwar tolld me that Mr. Franchicild and two more of yo Council accompanyed Mr. Pownsett on Saturday night, the 22nd instant, to visit Mr. Thomas Davies. y' Interloper, - a notorious shaine, y' y' Company's Servants

should hold so friendly and intimate, a correspondence with

noon! Capt. Richardson and his Sergeant came to my house in y Chinchers, and breught sie this folkswing message from y President and Councilly was w

bulkhatuM. Goughuboing one of of 19. Company's Servants; y. Prikidehbuand Councillodeside me not the entertained him is my dough, nonsulfer him tongoe with mean in the Shippe of intendstorgoe into Persiantaneous fure many make it make

To which Message (in presence of MacGongh) I returned this following answer, of words to the saide effect : was note. \*\*WFhat Mintended no disrespective by President and Counc cilly non tolentectains any one that is in y Company's Service. That Mr Gonglisteld me, when he came first to my house, he was dismist; ye Company's Service; and for their better assurance and satisfaction, I asked Mis Gough the question before them! Whether he was ye Company's Servant or not? who readily heplyed, I am noth and chat we said President and Council had given him leave to returne home for Engl land, and white was ready to depose he lay under no promise or whilestion to them not to goe home by way of Persia; and being a free born Subject of England, and knowing no order of y Company's forbidding his gooing home by way of Persia. thought it very lawfull of third see to don!! And if his did any thing contrary to ye obligation lie lyes under to ve Comment. he and his security are ready to answer it in Enbland Pomeda ban petermon of the dof on angest hear D to

As to y latter part of Capt. Richardson's message, Not to suffer M. Chaigh to goo with me in y Shippe I intend to goo in to Persial I returned this Answer? That Mr. Chaigh was not yet fully resolved whether he would go with the or not. When I know his minuteness that I would give them notice. In the mean while another to consider of the

To the truth of which we have here unto subscribed our nands the day and years above written.

WE HEDGES. RICHARD GOUGE.

November 27.—Captain W<sup>m</sup> Hilder, commander of the Guedak Merchant, confirmed ye same news tolld me ye 25% instent by D<sup>n</sup> Harwar, that M<sup>n</sup> Frenchfeild, M<sup>n</sup> Ley, & M<sup>n</sup> Pownsett went on Saturday night last (being ye 22<sup>nd</sup> Current) in ye after noon to visit M<sup>n</sup> Davies, ye Interloper, and staid with him till 11 at night.

President Gyfford and Councill sent me a letter by Capt. Richardson and Sergeant Tidford in these following words.

" Hugly, 28" Nov. 1684.

"To William Hedges, Esq"

"Sir,—Whereas we sent to you on y 26° Instant Deutement Richardson and Sergeant Tidford with a message, 'That M' Richard. Gough, being one of y honorable Company's Servants, we desired you not to entertaine him in your house, nor suffer him to goe with you in the Shippe you intend to goe in to Persia'; to which you were pleased to returne the following answer by the same persops, viz.

"'That you have no disrespect to us, nor doe entertain any of the Company's Servants. That M' Gough tolld you he was clear of the Company's Service. When he came to your house he desired a lodging, and see being destitute (you understanding him to be a Civill Gent') you gave him a lodging. And as to his going with you into Persia, he is wavering and unsettled in hi. mind; but when you knew the certainty of his mind, then you would return an answer to us."

"Therefore this is to acquaint you that (whatsoever M. Gough hath said, or pretends he will sware) we declare that we have not dismiss him y' Hon. Comp.'s Service, or given him any further fiberty than to go home upon one of the Hon. Company's Shipps, which was all he desired: so that we expect your complyance with y' first message we sent you. This is all at present from

" None Friends and Servants.

WILLIAM GYFFORD.

" FRANCIS ELLIS,

"RICES. FEERCAPELLO

"THOMAS LAY,

"Zawa Oxagnopine"

To which preceding letter I returned ye this following Answer.

"To ve Hones We Gyfford.

" President & Councill. "Chinchera, 28th Nov. 1684.

"Hon' Sing .- I confesse y' report given y' Hon' & Councill by Capt. Richardson and Sergeant Tidford is very agreeable to what I tolld them; I am most heartily sorry for the occasion of it, and beseach your pardon for not returning my positive answer to your letter now sent me till to-morrow morning, when I will not fail to wait upon your clon' & Councill, and hope to give you good satisfaction in nat [is] required of

" "Your Hon" most humble Servant."

November 29.—This morning, according to my promise, I waited upon yo President and Council. I used all the Arguments I could to persuade them not to use any violence or rigour towards Mr. Gough, desiring them to peruse their own consultation Booke, particularly that of yo 26 of September last, or thereaboute, where they declare they could not dismiss Mr. Gough yo Compy's Service, not having done or committed any act to deserve it; but they further declare the Company would not compel any man to serve them against their will, and upon yt score gave him liberty to goe home, advising him only not to goe with me by way of Persia.

I took further occasion to informe yo President and Councill that I conceived this last letter of theirs (where in they acknowledge they had given him liberty to goe home on one of ye Company's Shipps), and Mr. Gough not consenting or covenanting to any such proviso (as he proffered to depose), the worst that could be said of it was, That he, the said Mr. Gough, and his Security were bound to answer the damage that should arise to the Company by his going home this way, more than if he went home upon one of their Ships. To which little of moment was replyed, more than, That they who gave him liberty to goe home understood it to be with such a covenant and restriction, and were resolved (as President Gyfford very gravely tolld me when he was nonplus't) not to be baffled in the business.

Agent Beard asked me, Wherefore I appeared for Me Gough, and espoused his quarrel. I answered my appearance was only to make good my promise yesterday to them, and not espouse any one's quarrel. Me Gough & I were both here in their power, and they might doe what they pleased with us. Whereupon they ordered Mr Gough to attend the result of their consultation, and permitted me to take my leave of them.

I was no sooner gott to my hease, but News was brought me that Mr Gough was seized and secured in a violent manner by the Sentinel, and confined to a Chamber by y President: the truth of which was confirmed to me by a note from Mr Gough himselfe, who desired I would come and speake with him this Afternoon; which I did, and found him in a Chamber of the President's Lodgings. At my departure, Mr. Gough accompanyed me down the Stayers to my Palan, keen, where, meeting with Captain Richardson, Mr Gough asked him whether he was his prisoner or not? Capt. Richardson told him he was. Mr Gough demanding, "By whose Order?" Capt. Richardson replyed, "By Order of y President and Councill." The Corporal, at my coming into y Factory, told me likewise that Mr Gough was under restraint, but I might freely speak with him.

### December 1684.

December 6.—This Afternoon President Gyfford and Councill sent to speak with me. When I was with them, they discoursed and examined me about several transactions. First, concerning Mr Thomas Hill's estate, who dyed at Rajmahal. I told them I had never any of it in my possession; that my Nephew Hedges had about 5000 Rupees of his which he would not suffer Mr Catchpoole (who was his Executor) to carry away with him; and for y same my Nephew would be accountable to them. Next they discounted

coursed me about Goolobray, and the sending James Price to Decca; about M<sup>r</sup> Johnson's ill-sorting of Goods, when Agent Beard teld me he had ordered M<sup>r</sup> Braddyll to put out of y<sup>o</sup> way one Bale of every sort of Goods, and protested he knew not what was become of them.

Tis observable, by yo way, that Mr. Beard confesses here, before yo President and Council, in a boasting way, that he had ordered Mr. Braddyll to tell a notorious Lye; whereas he always pretends to be more righteous than any other person, and that he would not willingly commit yo least sinne for yo greatest good in yo World.

President Gifford and Councill discoursed me likewise concerning Mr Gough and my going home by way of Persia. The President took great paines, with most impertment, rediculous arguments, to dis-swade me from going that way; but could not tell me the least appearance of Prejudice, or make out any damage that would come to ye Company by u and whereas he pretended the Company might have a great desire to speak with me (which argument he most enforced). I told him he had no reason to insist upon that, in regard the Company had permitted me to stay here, or at Fort St. George, another yeare if I pleased,—which stopt his mouth. After an houre & halfe or two hours' frivolous, impertment tattle, I tooke my leave of them.

This night, about 6 o'clock, y° President left y° Factory at Hugly, and lay at y° Dutch Gardens, about 3 miles down y° River.

December 7.—This being Sunday, the President diverted himselfe (as he told me the next day) with shooting and walking abroad in y\* fields.

December 8.—I went to visit President Gyfford at y Dutch Garden, & take my leave of him. After dinner, Capt. Richardson, Commandant of the Soldiers, told us that, passing by the Duch Shipps, they hailed y Boates, asking them "Whether they were going to Bantam with their Soldiers";

which so much enraged the President ythe vowed all manner of revenge that lay in his power when it should please God to bring him to ythe Fort, especially in regard ythe Duch had so much slighted and disrespected him at Hugly as not to take ythe least notice of him since his arrival in these parts, and had always shown themselves exceeding kind and respectful to me.

About 5 in yo Afternoon, finding my selfe somewhat indiaposed, I tooke my leave of yo President, wishing him a good voyage, and a safe returne to yo Fort.

I must needs say, for all the good he has done here, it had been greatly for yo Company's Interest that he had never come to yo Bay, not having done the least single action to compose and settle, but rather to disjoynt and embroyle, all their affaires, which will now very nardly be brought to run in their wonted channels for many yeares: which course was inconsiderately and imprudently taken on purpose to undee all that I had done, and enter upon new measures, thereby (if possible) to putt a Slur upon my conduct; whereas it was absolutely necessary for yo present state of yo Company's affaires to remaine in yo posture, and to be carryed on with the same method as begun—unless they had resolved to quarrel with yo Government.

December 14.—Mr. Haynes, coming from Cassimb, gave me a visit, and told me another fresh Perwanna was come from y Nabob, commanding y Fousdar of that place to send Mr. Charnock to Decea, or force him to pay y Merchants R. 45,000, for Ballance of all accounts due to them; whereas Mr. Charnock pretends y said Merchants are Debtors to y Company the Sum of R. 150,000: soe that by this account the Company will be prejudiced near two Lacks of Rupees. Besides, Mr. Haynes tells me (to his knowledge) Mr. Charnock has never adjusted accounts with y Merchants since Mr. Littleton's time, but has always continued to give out new Dadny without clearing of old accounts.

December 15.—James Price assured me that about 40 years since, when y Island called Gonga Sagur was inhabited, y Raja of y Island gathered yearly Rent out of it to the amount of 26 Lack of Rupees; and that y same Raja had a Country belonging to his Government extending from y River of Rangopula to the great River that comes from Rajamaul, which brought him in yearly 45 Lacks of Rupees. This country affords great Store of large Timber to build Shipps.

December 17.—Sig<sup>2</sup> Nicolo Parerez, a Portugall Merchant, assured me their whole community had wrott y\* Vice King of Goa, and besought him earnestly to send them 2 or 3 Frigates, with aid and assistance of Soldiers, to possess themselves of y\* Islands of Kegeria and Ingellee, for which purpose they had sent him draughts and large descriptions of

ye said Islands.

December 23.—James Price tolld me he had advice from your King's Court, that his hopes of getting a Phirmsun not to pay Custome is now frustrate, Mr. John Pownsett having given under his hand at Decca (and thereby become obliged) to pay Custome of 31 per cent.; whereas in all my time your Duan was afraid to receive money under you title of Custome, for fear it should be pretended by us hereafter that he forced it from us.

This afternoon I visited the Duch Director, & desired the favour of him to lett me have a Pilot to carry my Shippe through the new found Deepe by y Island of Gonga Sagur: which he faithfully promised, with many expressions of kindness and respect to me.

December 25.—This evening information was given me that Haggerston had advised y Foundar, from Decca, that he had visited Mirra Muzzufer and y King's Duan, who were both very kind to him; that they had brought him to speak, with y Nabob, who had assured him of his Ferriania to bring his original Board before him, and would dee him. There's

. If it came to this issue; I know very well been won Storm would fall, and therefore took a resolution to aboard Shippe the next morning as far as Barnagur, 20 miles below Hooghly, being well assured this wicked designs of morping of me proceeded from our own Nation, who should have protected me with all their power,—the saising of Haggers. ton's estate, which he ran away with all from Surat, being done meerly at y request of y two Presidents of Suret and Fort St George, for ye Nation's Honour & Service of ge Compr.; y present Agent Reard, Mr. Johnson, and Mr. W. Frenchfeild having signed to every paper, and acted with me joyntly in this affaire. Yett so barbarously malicious have they shewne themselves, as not only to use their utmost endeavors to stopp my Shippe and Goods, thereby frustrating my designe of going home by way of Persis, but , doe what in them lyes also to expose my person to y crust tythanny of ye Mogulls, who are very ready to embrace all. such opportunitys of getting money upon any account whatsoever: our people little considering that by these indirect, inhumane courses they make an example for themselves to be served hereafter, when occasion presents, & so by degrees bring all ye disputes and controversies arising betwirt ours selves to be determined by the Moor's Justice, or Who bids most? which will prove soone a severe Rodd to whipp our owne Briches.

December 26 .- This morning early I sent for Mr. Hendrick Ben, y Duch Domine, who had always profest himself my great friend, desiring him to present my Service to y Directore, and tell him ye reason of my suddain Departure to pray him to lett me wear his Flag in my Budgero downs the River, and to assure him, though I had not time to take my leave of Agent Beard (not thinking it safe), yett his house being in my way, I resolved to waite upon him.

Here y Duch Boor showed himselfs in his natural colours (I believe it impossible to know a Holland

people and naturall harred to an English men same In the total other part of r world as in India). So sagge as he thank I was in dauger of falling the trouble harreds me words by r same Messenger. He durat not land me Fleng not assist me in anything whatsoever; and as for my Visit, if a pleased, he accepted of r will for r deed." This I locked upon as so ungentile & clownish a message that I pethes tooks my lasve of him nor applied my selfe to him any more for a Pilots, hearing he had publickly declared in could not, nor should, not, goe out of Bengall without his assistance.

About 10 o'clock this morning I laft my house in Hughy, and went in a Budgero a board y Recovery at Barnagur, a Village ranted by y Duch, where (I blesse God) I arrived in

sefety about 5 this Afternoon.

This night I received a letter from my Cousin, Nathanael Letter, from Hugly, advising that, just as I was out of sight, he received a letter from my Nephew Hedges to lett him know there was a Horseman sent to y. Factory gate, but could not understand his measage. Y. Agent & Council met immediately, to consult and give him, an answer warly believed he was sent by y. Foundar about Haggerston's business.

December 31.—We weighed anchor, and fell down to threat.

Tanna and lay there this night

[End of 1684, though this date is carried on until Local Day of 1685 in the original manuscript.]

Baranegar is immediately to the north of the sity of Calogue put the same bank. TY

Apparently not 1 Testant as at 1 162 hearm 177 178. Y

# JOURNEY HOME VIA MUNIC

## January 1685.

January 1.—About 7 in y morning we weighed another and fell down a little below Jan Pardo, where we arrived goone, and there came to an Anchor.

January 2.-We fell downe below Tumboles River

January 3.—We anchored at the Channel Trees and May here ye 4th and 5th for want of a gale to carry us over to

Kedgeria.

Juniary 6.- A gale sprung up, & we gott over to Kengari Point, and a little before Sunsett went off in a Budgero, with designe to row round the two Islands of Redgeria and Toget lee, and meet ye Shipp at ye entrance of Theelice River.

A little before it was darke we came to a great Godowne where Busrook Omed Chan (the Nabob of Pattana), this nabob's Son, has laid in a vast quantity of Salt. Here we found divers great Patellos taking in their lading for Patting this being one of the most convenient places in all these parts for that purpose. Our Dandees (or boatmen) boylod. their rice, and we supped here. About 8 6 clock we rowed on, and by one or two in yo morning (January 7) gott sound to Ingeliee Towns, where we stayed some hourse; and having supplied ourselves with fresh provisions, mest our Shipp about 12 o'clock, newly come to an Anchor over against lagellee River.

Topumy 8. This morning by breake of day we weighter Anchor, and by 12 at moon came to an anchor upon y edge or Entirios, on y' Westwardniest Brace, having trought the Selt, Rivor Tree to bear North of us; when it low water of

had no more than 16 Foot, and our Ship drew 15 Foot. At slack water we weighed, and stood downe between the two Braces, steering South and S. by E. about 2 Leagues.

Here we mett with George Herron, yo Company's Chief Pilott, returning to Hugly, who came on board and carryed us over yo Brace, for which I presented him with R. 50. Att first he seemed unwilling to undertake yo business, or so much as afford us yo least advice or assistance, fearing Agent Beard and Councill at Hugly might be see displeased with him for shewing any kindness to me as to turne him out of yo Service; but considering, on yo other side, yo promise of see great a reward, adventured on it.

It hath thus pleased God to deliver me from youndleast malice of all my Enemies, who have taken greater paines to prejudice one by endeavoring to frustrate my Voyage to Persia, than ever they did to hinder you Interlopers, whom they have dayly caressed and favored (contrary to the Company's expresse orders) upon all occasions.

This night about 12 a Clock we anchored on y Westward edge of y Outward Brace.

January 9.—This Morning early we weighed anchor, and stood into Ballasore Road, steering W. b. N. and W.N.W.; but ye Wind taking us short, we were forced to anchor before we gott to ye Ships.

January 10.—About 8 in yo Morning we gott into Ballasore Read passing the Bengall Merchant, Capt. Goldsborough (who was a' Hugly). His Chief Mate, Mr Hall, sent off his beat to know our Shipp's name, and who was in her (but had not yo manners to give us a Gun by way of Salute). Our Shippe wanting a Pinnace, I desired yo Coxon to tell yo mate Hall I entreated him to lend me his beat to goe on board yo Defence, which he very courteously sent me; but Capt Heath's Chief Mate, Mr Henry Sharpe, coming aboard, assured me his Captain would send me his Pinnace immediately.

which he performing, I returned Capt. Goldsborough's beat, with many thanks, and gratifying the Crew.

The next Shippe we passed by was the Ann, Capt. Browne, who was not so courteous as to give us a Salute; but coming near Captain Heath in yo Defence, he gave us 9 Guns. I answered with as many more; he returned thankes with 7, & soe answered each other with 2 lesse, till we came to One Gun.

Capt. Heath sending his boat to me, I went on board his Shippe to give him thanks for his Civility. After halfe an houre's stay on board, as I was going ashore in yo Pinnace, I mett Mr. Fitz Hugh coming off to me in one of yo Company's new Sloopes, with my bales of Goods. I brought Mr. Fitz Hugh aboard with me without going ashore, and having taken my goods aboard, lay for yo Ebb and a Breeze off yo Shore, which springing up about 12 o'clock at night, we weighed anchor, and stood out of yo Road, where I first arrived on yo 17th July 1682, being 2 years and a halfe, wanting 7 dayes.

✓ I blesse my God, ye Creator of Heaven and Earth, who has been graciously pleased to carry me through so many troubles and afflictions of divers kinds, to see this joyfull day: maugre all yo Plots and contrivances of my implacable enemies. President Gyfford, Agent Beard, Mr. Charnock, and ve rest of that wicked confederacy, out of whose hands He hath been pleased to give me Deliverance.

About 8 o'clock this night Mr. Archibald, Chirurgeon of yo Ann, brought letters aboard to Mr. Fitz Hugh from ye Agent and Councill of Hugly, with a Protest from them against me, Mr. Dowglasse, my cousin Letter, and Mr. Hampton (ye Master of our Shippe), for carrying Mr. Gough & my Nephew

Hedges, for all damages to yo East India Company, being a

<sup>1</sup> President Beard, the "Agent" Beard of this Diary, survived to witness the "interlopers" become the "English Company", and the two companies to coalesce, under the style and title of the \*\*United" Company. Mr. Beard died at Madras, July 7, 1706. - Bruce, Annals, vol. in, 602.

Paper stuffed up with most impudent and notorious untruths, for which, if they had the least graine of that Religion or goodness in them which they professe, they would have blushed to subscribe it.

The Copy of y' Protest follows, Verbatim:

"Whereas William Hedges, Esqre, late Agent in Bengell for Affaires of yo Honble. yo Govr. & Company of Merchats. of London, trading to ye East Indies; Mr. Nathanael Letter. Merchat, and Mr. Robert Dowglasse, Chirurgeon, late Servants to yo Honble. Company in Hugly, being all Three owners of y Shippe Recovery, and all embarked on her for a Voyage to Persia or Bussora; which Shipp is commanded by John Hampton as Master under them, and is manned with severall English Officers and Seamen, besides the Natives of this country; and Whereas Rd. Gough, who came lately out of England as one of yo Agent's Councill for yo said Honble. Company's affaires in this place, & Robert Hedges, late Factor for said Honble Company's affaires at Rajamaul, both Servants to ve said Honble. Compy, the latter not having cleared or given any account of his Trust, but is indebted to the said Honble. Compy in a very great sum of Money,both of them, contrary to yo trust reposed in them, and without cause given by Us, have been deluded by the said Wm. Hedges, Esqre, Nathanael Letter, Merchnt, & Robert Dowglassy, Chirurgeon, and others, to run away from the said Houble Company's Service, and they are now, both of them, run away from ye said Service, and are entertained aboard the said Shippe Recovery, by yo said Wm. Hedges, Nath. Letter, Robert Dowglasse, & John Hampton, & Officers and Seamen, to yo great damage of the Gov. & Company aforesaid, & of our selves and others:

"Wee, therefore, the Agent and councill for Affairse of you Honele Gov" and Company aforesaid in Bengall, doe, in benalfe of you said Gov" and Company, and their Successors, and in behalfe of ourselves, and of all and every porson or

persons herein concerned, make this our kewfull declaration and protest against you, the aforesaid W. Hedges, Esquis. Nathanael Letter, Mercht, Robert Dowglasse, Chirurgeon, John Hampton, Master, and all the officers and Seamen now serving under them in ye said Shippe, and against ye said Shippe Recovery, and her owners & Cargo, and also against the Persons of ye said Richard Gough & Robert Hedges, and against all other persons aiding, abetting, and assisting ye said Richard Gough & Robert Hedges in their soe running away; and Declare all' and every one of you, joyntly and severally, liable to make full satisfaction unto ye said House Gov. & Company & their Successors, and to us, and to every other person for said Gov. & Company concerned, for all such losses and damages as now are, or hereafter shall be, suffered any ways by yo said Governor & Company, or their · Successors, or by ourselves, or by any other person what ever, by reason of ve flight of Richard Gough and Robert Hedges aforesaid, or by any other wayes or means whatsoever thereunto belonging.

"Dated in Hugly, this 5th day of January 1684-85.

- "JOHN BEARD.
  - " FRANCIS ELLIS.
  - " RICHP. FRENCHFEILD.
  - " EDWD. OXBOROUGH.
- "Signed and published in Hugly Factory, this 5th day of January 1684-85, in presence of
  - "JOHN GOLDBOROUGH.
  - "JOSETH TAFFORD.
  - "SAM" PINE.
  - "JOHN BEARD, JUNE.
- "Signed and delivered in presence of us, at Ballasore Road, 10th January 1684-85,
  - "WILLIAM FITZ HUGH. "EDW. TENCH.
  - "CHARLES ARCHIBALD. "EOW" HULLEY.
  - "HENRY STANLY."

To which Protest I returned for Answer, that it was a paper stuffed up with notorious untruths, and when it pleased God to bring me into England, I would give an answer to it, and so would the rest of the persons concerned in it.

This night we weighed anchor, and sailed out of Ballasore Road, which (as I am informed) lyes in the Latitude of 21° 35′ N.<sup>1</sup>

January 11, 12, 13.—These 3 days we had little wind, and that Variable, which caused us to steer divers Courses from y° S.S.E. to y° S.W. Latitude by Observation, 20° 35′ N.

January 14, 15, 16, 17.—These 4 dayes continued little Wind, and that Contrary, forcing us much to yo Eastward. Lat<sup>40</sup> by Observation, 19° 26′ N.

January 18.—The Wind came up fair at North-East, our course South and South by East. Lat., 18° 32' N.

January 19.—The Wind continued Fair. Latitude by Obs., 17° 38' N.

January 20.—Fair Wind. Course, South. Lat. by Obs., 17° 20' N.

January 21.—Fair Wind and weather. Course, South. Lat. by Obs., 16° 57′ N.

January 22.—Fair Wind and weather. Course, S. b. W. & S.S.W. Let., 16° 50' N.

January 23.—Fair Wind. Course, S. b. W., S.S.W., & S.W. Distance run, 92 miles. Latda by Obsa, 16° 7' N.

<sup>1</sup> The Balance Buoy, which is as close to the coast as ships can approach, is now in about 21° 25′ 10″, and the Flagstaff is in 31° 28′ N. The "Road" must be considered between these two positions; and the error is probably due to the defective instruments and tables of Mr. Heroes period—though it is possible his informant spoke of the loss 'aslf, which is in 21° 25′ 33″ N., a considerable distance up a very winding river.

January 24.—Fair Wind. Course, S.W. b. W. Distance run, 97 miles. Lat. by Obs., 15° 5' N.

January 25 .- Fair Wind. Course, S.W. b. W. Dist. rung 73 miles. Lat. by Oba., 14° 18' N.

January 26,-Little Wind. Course, W. b. S. Distance run, 35 miles. Lat. by judgemt, 13° 50' N.; horizon hazy; a bad observation.

January 27.-Little Wind, Course, W. by S. Distance run, 36 miles. Lat. by Obs., 13° 40' N.

January 28. Little Wind. Course, W. b. S. Lat. by Obs., 13° 23' N.

January 29 .- Little Wind. Course, W. b. S. Lat. by Obs., 13° 6′ N.

January 30.—Fair Wind. Course, W. b. N. & W.N.W., having found the Current setting us strongly to yo Southward. Lat. by Obs., 12° 30' N.

January 31.-Fair Wind. Course, W. b. N. and N.N.W. Distance Run, 99 miles. Lat. by Obs., 13° 40' N.

#### February 1685.

February 1.-Fair Wind. Course, W. b. N. Distance Run, 87 Miles. Lat. b. Ob., 13° 27'.

The former part of this night shortened Sail, for fear of falling in too close upon yo Land. About Midnight we sounded, and had 20 Fathoms Water; then made sail, and came to an auchor in 11 fathoms.

February 2.—This Morning early we saw Fort St. George, about 3 or 4 Leagues to the Northward of us, and St. Thome. bearing N. 4 W. Our Commander was much troubled to find the violence of the Current (which usually setts to the Northward at this time of the Year) had sett him so far to leeward of his l'ort.

About 10 o'clock this morning 2 Black Fellows on a Cattamaran came off to us with a Note from Mr. John Stables,

Secretary of yo Fort, desiring to know yo Shipp and Commander's Name; from whence they came, and for what place they are bound.

By your return of this Cattamaran I wrott to President Gyfford, desiring his Honor to permitt a boat & a Cattamaran to be sent off to me, that I might wait on him ashore.

February 3. This morning two Musoclas & two Cattamarans came off to yo Shippe, one of each sort for me, and yo other for Mr. Robert Dowglasse and his Lady. About 2 o'clock in yo Afternoon, Mr. Dowglasse & yo Lady and I got into yo Mussoola, when a most unfortunate accident bofell us. The Seamen, handing a small Scritoire into yo boat, in which were Gold Mohurs and Rupees to yo value of R. 2036: 11 for account of Mr. Charles Chamberlan, and R. 3307: 9 more for account of Mr. Alford of Madras, the said Scritoire dropt into the Sea, striking on yo Shipp's Side, broke yo Scritoire, and the money dropt out into yo Sea.

This unhappy accident, together with ye greatness of ye Sea and Surf ashore, caused us to come aboard again, and defer going ashore till ye next morning.

Being gott on board again, I advised President Gyfford of this mischance, desiring him to send Divers aboard, to search and (it possible) to recover the money—the value of 2036: 11 for account of M<sup>r</sup> Chamberlan being consigned to his Honor.

We tooke care to sinke downe a parcell of great shott made up in a strong bag, with a rope and a Buoy to it; but notwithstanding all our endeavors whilst I was at y° Fort, no Divers could be found to undertake y° business; so left y° care of y° affaire to Capt. Francis Willshaw, so soone as

This Mr. Stables, when Chief of Vizagapatam in 1689, was killed with four others, and the Company's effects, plundered, when Aurungzebe ordered the expulsion of the English from India.—Bruce, Annals, ii, 600.

Divers could be procured, & ye Sea growne calme for them to search for the money.

February 4.—This morning by 8 o'clock I went ashore. So soone as we came near y Surfe, two men leaped into the Sea, and hung at two ropes fastened to the boat's Stern to keep her right before the Sea, and managed their business with so great skill and dexterity, that we dime through all the Surfe without any one Sea breaking in upon us. In my Boat were likewise Mr. Dowglasse & his Lady & his Son.

On yo shore we found 3 Paiankeens and 3 horses—one Palankeen with 12 Peons, sent by President Gyfford to waite upon me; a second for Mr. Dowglasse; and a 3rd for his Lady and child, sent by Dr. Heathfield, Chirurgeon of yo. Fort. The 3 horses were mounted by my cousin Letter; Mr. John Whitmore, & Mr. John Innes, & sent by yo President.

We landed about 8 miles to the Southward of S<sup>t</sup>. Thome, and 10 miles from y<sup>e</sup> Fort. On our way we mett with M<sup>r</sup>. Jersey, M<sup>r</sup>. Alford, and another Gentleman, who came to meet us. The day before there had been givers more of y<sup>e</sup> English, who came to Welcome ashore and accompany us to the Fort.

Being gott near ye Fort Gate, I was mett by Mr Gray, they youngest of Councill, sent to conduct me to ye President, who mett me at his Chamber door, and bade me Wellcome, & drinking to me, fired 15 Guns. His Honor invited me to dinner, and made me promise to sup with him.

After dinner I went to Mr. Wm. Jearsey's, and tooke up my quarters at his house, where I was entertained with so much respect and kindnesse as could possibly be showne to me.

This Afternoon I received divers visits from Mr. Elihu Yale, Mr. Lucas, Mr. Nicks, & Mr. Gray, all of Councill, as also from Mr. Bridgier, Mr. Field, Mr. Griffith, Mr. James Wheeler, Mr. Ramsden, Mr. Fleetwood, and divers others.

1

Towards evening Capt. Willshaw accompanyed me to the Company's Garden-house, and showed me great part of y'owne. Afterwards he went with me to visit Mr. Littleton & y' rest of y' family.

February 6.—This afternoon I went to see St Thomas his Mount (about 10 miles from yo Fort), accompanied with Mr Jearsey, Mr Dowglasse and his Lady, and my cousin Letter. At yo Mount we mett a Portuguese Fryer, educated at Rome; and speaking Italian, entertained me with great civillity and respect. We returned against this Evening, having been just 6 hours absent from the Fort.

February 7.—About 5 this Afternoon I took leave of President Gyfford, Mr. Jearsey, and ye rest of my Friends at Madras,—where I was entertained with greater demonstrations of respect and kindness than could be expected, from all persons except ye President, whose commands from Sir Josia Child to be rude and disrespectfull to me (as I am credibly informed), more than his own naturall inclination, caused him to carry himselfe with so clownish and ungentle a behavior towards me,—and gott aboard ye Recovery (who was come nearer the Road) before it was darke, Capt. Willshaw doing me ye kindness to lend me his pinnace, and send his son Jonah with me to see me well aboard.

At my coming off the Shore yo Fort fired 15 Guns, & Capt. Willshaw's Shippe, the *Resolution*, fired 9, which were all answered when we came aboard the *Recovery*.

This night we sett sail for Muscatt and Gombroon, God-send us a prosperous Voyage,

I have hitherto forgot to note, in its due time and place, that about you middle of September last, soon after President Gyfford's coming to Hugly, he and his Councill gave orders to Mr. Pownsett to demand of Mr. Charles Crosse of Decca (and in case of refusall to seize and secure by force) all the Letters he had ever received from me, of Publick or

Private concerne; which order being produced and shown to Mr. Crosse (who was well assured violence would have been used in case of refusall), he readily submitted, and delivered up all my letters (in number 52) to Mr. Pownsett, to be conveyed to yo said President & Councilí for their perusall, who were possessed with an opinion there lay a greater Juggle (as they were pleased to terme it), or mystery designed, in our correspondence than they were able to apprehend.

Upon perusall of all my letters, nothing was found in them on which their malice could cast the least reflection, save only an expression to this purpose: "That Mr. Crosse should tell James Price (my Vekcel), If ye Nabob should ask him any questions concerning the differences between Mr. Charnock and his Picars and Merchants, he should say, 'he knew nothing of it'. 'That James Price would write to me, and acquaint ye Nabob with my answer.'" Which being condemned for a crime, I shall make this reply:

First. No such question was ever asked by the Nabob, and so no prejudice could arise to y' Company by it.

Secondly. I had no reason to appear in yo business till notice given me of yo Grievance. The fault (if any) was therefore wholly in Mr. Charnock, who contrary to his duty in all such cases, gave me not the least advice of any difference depending betwist him and his Merchants—I mad it only from general report; nor was it any wise proper for Mr. Charnock (being subordinate to yo Agent and Councill of Hugly) to contenue and despise my authority and character given me by yo Company in so high a degree as not to judge me worthy of being made acquainted with all yo Company's concernes, especially of such vast importance; whereas it is well known (by the Merchants' and said Picars' frequent addresses to one) I could have composed and accommodated yo differences betwist them for a small expence,

now so heightened by Charnock's indiscreet & imprudent management, that it is very improbable it should ever be adjusted with lesse expence than two Lacks of Rupees, together with Mr Charnock's being dismist yo Company's Service, without which latter the Merchants will never be satisfied.

And as for yo Juggle pretended to be discovered by my letters to Mr. Crosse, I wish those now in power prove no worse Jugglers for yo Company than they have found me during my two years' management in Bengall.

What I principally reflect on is the injustice of Mr. Beard, who thought it an unpardonable fault in me to be privy to the opening of his Letter, but esteemed it no offence in himselfe to seize & peruse 52 of mine.

I cannot apprehend for what reason it comes to be more lawful in him to seize upon and read so many of my letters, than it was in M<sup>r</sup>. William Johnson to open one of his, and me to read it, when showne to me, and found my selfe reproached and abused in it: which I humbly submit to ye opinions of better judgements to determine.

February 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13.—We continued with little wind; what we had was fair; our course S.S.E. and S.E., sometimes S.E. b. E., the current setting us strong to the Northward, so that in these Sixe dayes past we gott no faither to ye Southward than to ye Latdo of 12° 20′ N.

February 14, 15, & 16:—These 3 days very little wind, but that fair; our course S.E., and Latitude by Observation, 13° 17′ N., so that in these last 3 dayes we have been driven 57 miles to the Northward.

February 17.—These 24 hours a fine fresh gale, and at E. Course, S. b. E. and S.S.E. Latitude by Observation, 12° 45′ N.

February 18.—These 24 hours ye gale continued fresh at E. b. S. Course, S. b. E. Latitude by Obs., 12° 3′ N.

February 19.—These 24 hours fresh favourable gale at E. and E. b. S. Course, S. b. E. and S.S.E. Lat., 11° 16′ N. by Observation.

February 20.—These 24 hours a fine gale. Course, S. b. E. Lat<sup>4a</sup> by Obs<sup>a</sup>, 10° 28′ N.

February 21.—These 24 hours a gentle gale. Course, S. Lat. by Obr., 9° 30′ N.

February 22.—These 24 hours a fine fresh gale at N.E. Course, S. and S.S.W. Distance run, 81 miles. Lat. by Observation, 8° 23′ N.

February 23.—This morning we caught a Dolphin more than 4 foot long: a soft Roe. We have caught divers others with hard roes. The difference of Male and female is plainly distinguished by the make of their heads, the Male's being much more upright and high than that of the Females, by which it is very apparent yo Dolphin is oviparous, and not viviparous, as some Authors have reported.

These 24 hours a fine fresh gale. Wind at N.E. Course, S.W. Distance, 80 miles. Lat. by Obs<sup>n</sup>, 7° 13′ N. This afternoon saw y° Island of Zeilon.

February 24.—These 24 hours a fresh gale of Wind at N.E. Course from 4 in y<sup>o</sup> Afternoon till 5 in y<sup>o</sup> Morning, South; afterwards, till 12 at noon, W.S.W.; then we saw Land againe. Dist. run, 102 miles.—Lat. Obs<sup>4</sup>, 6° 18′ N.

February 25.—These 24 hours a gentle gale of wind at E. and E.N.E. Course, y° former part of y° night, S.W.; from midnight till morning, W. b. S. and W.S.W.; from day light till noon, N.W. Distance run in 'y° whole, 93 miles. Lat<sup>da</sup> by Obs<sup>n</sup>, 5° 54′ N. No sight of land, by which we judge y° Current has set us farther to y° Westward than we expected.

February 26.—These 24 hours very little wind, and that contrary, at North West; by that we advanced little or nothing more than what ye Current drove us to ye Westward.

About 8 o'clock we saw a Sail standing towards us from Zeilon; by 11 we spoke with her. She proved to be the System Merchant, from Metchiapatam, whence she departed y 3rd Instant, freighted by Moors, to Gombroon and Cong. She has on her 106 passengers, men and women, and makes about Rup. 40,000 freight. Her Commander, Capt. Wooldham, dyed the day before she sailed from Metchiapatam. Her Chief Mate, Mr. Clerke, was now her Commander. We promised each other to keepe company, being both bound to y same Port. Her Commander, Mr. Brough, her supra cargo; Chirurgeon, and Purser caine aboard and dyned with us. Latitude by Observation, 5° 40' N.

February 28.—These 24 hours for ye most part quite calme. Lat. by Obs<sup>n</sup>, 5° 40′ N.

#### March 1685.

March 1.—About 10 o'clock last night there arose a suddaine Storme, accompanyed with much lightning and Thunder, and violent showers of rain, which made us hand all Sailes except y' Foresail. The violence of this Storme was not of one houre's continuance, and y' wind so large as helped us on our way. All the night after little wind. Course, W.N.W.

March 2.—These 24 hours a fresh gale. In ye night it Lightened and Thundered and rained so hard that we handed most of our sailes. Course, W. b. N. and N.W. Distance run. 72 miles. Lat. by Obs., 6° 40′ N.

March 3.—From 12 at Noon till 8 at night the gale continued fresh, all the night after little wind, and so this morning. Course, from y° N.W. to y° S.S.W. Latitude by Judgement, 7° 16' N.

March 4.—These 24 hours little wind and much role, with great Thunder and lightning. Course, N.W. The Bandar Kongas, Cong, or Congs. See notes at pp. 97, 208-117.

Sun not shining forth, had no Observation. Lat. by Fuse. 7\* 80' N.

March 5.—These 24 hours the wind has been variable and gusty. Lat. by Observ., 6° 25' M., by which we find ourselves much driven to the Sa.

The Syam Merchant came this day under our Sterne to speak with us.

March 6.—This morning, by breake of day, we found ourselves driven within 4 leagues of y Maldivia Islands, which bore W. b. S., W. b N., and West of us, so forcibly has y Current carryed us upon these Islands, contrary to our expectation. The weather has been exceedingly variable and gusty. Upon discovery of these dangerous Islands, we tacked, and stood to y N.E. Latde. 6° 2' N.

March 7.—Last night we stood again to yo N.W. This morning, by peepe of day, we were driven within a mile of yo Maldivia Islands; the Syam Merchant was much nearer; so that in lesse than an houre more we must of necessity have been cast away upon one or forced to goe through them, as God in his Providence should have directed and disposed of us.

So soone as we espyed them (being all very low land, full of Trees) we tacked, and stood to ye Eastward, when the weather grew so dirty, with violent gusts of rain and Wind, that we could have no observation. We observed by ye stars in ye Night, Lat. 6° 37' N.

March 8.—Last night it blew hard at N.E., with violent gusts of Wind and raine. We stood off to E. and S.E. till 3 in yo morning, when seeing ourselves again driven near you Islands with yo force of yo Current, we tacked, and stood N.b. E. and N.N.E., the wind at that very instant favouring of us. We fired 2 Guns and showed two lights (as by agreement), to give our Consort notice of our Tacking: it seems he did not thinke convenient to follow our example, being 4 or 3 insures asterne of us in your morning by daylight. We stood out that

made what sails we could storing North. About 16 morning we lost night of the Syam Merchant. The Wind they vary fresh at East; and seeing divers Islands ahead of the which we could not weather, and those to y Westward standing very open and stragling, not much nearer (in my opinion) than those in y Archipelago in the Mediterranean Sea, our Captain asked my Councill what course he were best to steer. I advised him (in the name of God) to venture through, and so bere up, steering due West, when we saw the openest passage, having a Man always standing at y Main Top mast head to direct and con us y broadest way. By Noon we judged ourselves at least 12 miles within y Islands. The Latitude by Observation, 6° 40' North.

March 9.—Yesterday, in yo Afternoon, we sailed neer divers fine, green, pleasant Islands, full of Coco-nutt and other trees; and finding fine, white, gravelly, clean ground between them at 16, 18, and 20 fathoms, thought good (to prevent greater danger in passing in yo night) to drop Anchor, which we did neer one of them, where we saw two boats going into harbour.

We putt out a peece of a Red Ancient, to appear like a Moor's Vessell, not judging it safe to be known to be English, our Nation having lately gott an ill name by abusing you Inhabitants of these Islands; but no boat would come neer us, hough divers rowed and sailed by at a distance to view and make what discovery they could of us.

At the West end of this Island was a Point of Sand and Rocks, which ran out near halfe a mile, with yo Sea breaking apon it; & so had most of yo other Islands to yo Westward. About 4 or 5 miles to N. Westward of this Island I saw with my Telliscope a Parcell of 15 or 16 houses upon a Sand, which seemed 5 or 6 miles long. The sea broke very high apon 44.

This Morning early (no bost coming off to us) we weighted station, and perceiving y fairest Changel Lay N.E. station

this Marth Rast for some time, and attenuable North. Having, gott y' Island under which we anchored seteras 5 boats putted from y' North End; 3 of them ran ahead of the seiling very swiftly; [from] the other two, after great coremany and cantion (all our Europeans hiding themselves except y' Captain, [and] the Mogulls, who were passengers, and Blackman, only appearing in sight), divers of them came aboard, one of which (having a finer Clout than ordinary about him, and a pretty, neat knife at his (virdle) was a Governor's Son of one of these Islands.

. Our Captain telling him there was a person aboard who could speak Arabick, he desired to see him. Notice being given me. I came out of ve Round house, and saluted him in Arabick; to which, not returning a ready and proper Answer, I found he spoke so little of y' Lauguage that no Discourse was to be held with him, so applyed myselfe to a Portuguese mariner wito spoke Indostan (ye current language of all these Islands), to which he returned me evasive and unestimatory answers, bending his whole discourse to advise our anchoring near his Island this night, & then he would bring us off Wood, Water, and Hens, as much and as many as we should desire. All that I could get of information from him (showing him yo Compasse) was that, after we had passed those sands and rocks now in sight of us, there was a fair Channel before us to ye North West; and that if we would stay this night, to-morrow morning he would send a Pilott and Boats to sail before us out of the Islands. But the Wind coming un a fine fresh Gale at S.E., I presented the young Governor's Son with a fine Amber handled knife and a bag of Rice. and told him I was resolved to make no further delay. but to make ye best of our way and detayne him no longer; upon which they all got overboard immediately into their boat, seeming to be afraide we should detayse them is force.

Amought other Questions, I asked them whether they

remembered in what part of these Islands a great English Shippe was cast away about 15 or 16 years since. He told me it was upon y° great Sand where I saw the Houses, which were Magazines for y° Cowries that were taken for y° King. These Islands are so full of Inhabitants and boats, that we thought this the chief place from whence the King gets all (or greatest part) of his Cowrees. This Sand is in 6° 40′ Latitude. At Noon we were in Latitude 7° 0′ N. by Observation, and saw no land to y° N.W. of us.

March 10.—These 24 hours a fine, constant, gentle gale at S.E. Course, yesterday in yo Afternoon, N.W. till 4, then steered N.N.W. We saw divers small Islands about 20 miles to yo Northward, but no further; so conclude ourselves in yo 8 degree Channel, whose last Islands are in 70 10' N.

Distance run by Log, 50 miles. Lat. by Obs., 7° 40′ N.; and saw no more sight of Land. The most Northerly of these Islands are exceeding full of Coco-Nutt and other sorts of Trees, so very pleasant and delightfull to y° Eyes, that we could not imagine them so unhealthy as those are knowne to be to the S<sup>4</sup>, especially that on which the King resides; it is said he does it on purpose that none might be in love with his habitation, and dispossesse bim of his kingdom. 'Tis believed, with great probability, that those larger Islands (about 17 in number), being between 9 and 12 degrees Lat., are a healthy and fertile lands as most in the World and would make a most advantageous seat for trade to any part of India.

March 11.—These 24 hours little wind; what we had was at S.E. till 8 o'clock this morning, then it came at ye W.S.W. Our Course, N.N.W., without sight of Land. Latitude by Observation, 8° 7′ N.

March 12.—These 24 hours very little wind. Course, N.N.W. No sight of Land. Latde by Obs., 8° 36′ N.

March 13.—These 24 hours yo winds were very variable, accompanied with smart gusts of Wind and rain. Distance,

run, 37 miles. Course from y. W. to y. N.N.W. Latitude by Obs., 9° 2′ N.

March 14.—These 24 hours fine fresh gale. Course from N.N.E. to N. b. W. Distance run, 60 miles. Lat. by Obs., 9° 46′ N.

March 15.—These 24 hours little wind. Course, N. and N. b. E. Lat. by Obs., 9° 55' N.

March 16.—These 24 hours little wind. Course, N. and N. b. E. Lat. by Obs., 10° 8′ N. The winds being small and faint, we tacked, and stood W. and W. b. S., sometimes W.S.W., in hopes of meeting stronger winds to y° Westward.

March 17.—These 24 hours a fine fresh gale. Course, West and W. b. S. and W.S.W. Distance run, 48 miles. Lat. by Obs., 9° 28' N.

March 18.—These 24 hours little wind. Course, till towards morning, W. b. S. and W.S.W.; afterwards, N. b. W. till 10 this morning, then W.S.W. again. Lat. by Cbs., 9°.

March 19.—These 24 hours little wind. Course, divers, from y° North to W.S.W., as we could make y° Ship lye. We judge a great current sets us to y° Southward. Latitude by Obs., 8° 38′ N.

March 20.—These 24 hours little or no wind. Course from N. to N.W. We hoisted out our boat, and found y° Current setting more than one mile an houre to y° Southward. Lat. by Obs<sup>n</sup>, 8° 6′ N.

March 21.—These 24 hours no more wind than to keepe the Shipp's head to yo N.W. and N.W. b. W., yo Current driving us to yo South. Lat. by Obs., 7° 48' N.

March 22.—These 24 hours we have had a fine gentle breeze at N. and N. b. E. Course, W.N.W. and N.W. b. W. Distance run by ye log, 40 miles. Lat. by Obs. (which was imperfect, ye Sun being within 21 degrees of ye Zenith), 7° 53′ N. In ye night we observed divers Stars, and found our Latitude upwards of 8° 0′ N.

March 23 .- These 24 hours a fine fresh gale at North and

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N. b. W. Course, W.S. W. and W.N.W. Distance run, 60 miles, Latitude (taken with an Astrolabe), the Sun being within 2 degrees of our Zenith, 8° 16'; y Variation, 12 degrees [W.?].

March 24.—These 24 hours the Wind somewhat abated at N.E. and N.E. b. N. Course, N.W. b. N. and N.W. Distance run by yo Log, 64 miles. Lat. by judgement and observation of yo Stars, 8° 20′ N.

March 25.—These 24 hours a fine fresh gale at N. b. E. and N.N.E. Course, N.W. and N.W. b. N. Variation, 12° 18′ [W.?] Lat. by Obs., 8° 41′ N. Dist., 55.

March 26.—These 24 hours little Wind. Course, N.N.W. Distance run, 41 m. Variation, 13° 20′ [probably West]. Lat. by Obs<sup>m</sup> of Stars at 2 o'clock this morn\*, 9° 19′ N.

March 27.—These 24 hours little wind. Course, N.W. and N.W. b. W. Distance run, 54 miles. Lat. by Obs., 10° 0′ N.

March 28.—These 24 hours little wind. Course, N.N.W. and N. b. W. Distance run, 52 miles. Lat. by Cos., 10° 19′ N.

March 29.—These 24 hours little wind. Course, N.N.W. b. W. and N.W. by N. Distance run, 56 miles. Variation, 14° 20′ [W.?]. Lat. by Obs., 10° 52′ N.

March 30.—These 24 hours little wind. Course, N.W. b. W. and W.N.W. Distance run, 52 miles. Latitude by Obsp., 11° 12′ N.

March 31.—These ?4 hours little wind. Course, N.W. and

<sup>1</sup> Variation of the Compass.—In Sir Thomas Roe's voyage (1615), the magnetic variation is noted at Socotra as 17° 50' W., and at Damaun as 16° 17' W. In the year 1817, Yeates' Magnetic Chart gives the variation at Socotra as 6° 10' W., and at Damaun as 0° 80' W. In the year 1870, by Admiralty Chart, the variation at Socotra is 2° W., and at Damaun 1° E., and the Maldive Island: are now (1870) on the "no variation" line. I imagine, therefore, that at the date of this Log (1635), the magnetic variation to the westward of the Maldives, and in latitude 9° M., must have been westerly, as the curves would indicate; but M's curious that an observant mas like Mr. Hedges never noted which way it was —R. F. B.

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1685.] HOOGHLY TRAFFIC WITH THE INTERLOPERS.

N.W. b. W. and W.N.W. Distance run, 57 miles. Variation, 15° 28' [West?]. Lat. 11° 40' N.

#### April 1685.

April 1.—These 24 hours little Wind. Course, N.W.—N.W. b. W. and N.N.W. Distance run, 55 miles. Lat. by Obser. of y° Stars at 2 o'clock this morning, 12° 0′ N.

April 2.—These 24 hours little Wind. Course, N. b. E. and N.N.E. Distance run, 37 miles. Lat. by Obs. of y Stars, 12° 14′ N.

April 3.- These 24 hours little Wind. Course, N. b. E. and N.N.E. Distance run, 31 miles. Lat. by Obsn., 12° 20′ N.

April 4.—These 24 hours a meer calm till 4 o'clock this morning; since, little Wind. Course, N.W. b. N. & N.W. Dist. run, 17 m. Lat. by Obs. of y° Stars, 12° 57′ N.

April 5.—These 24 hours calm. Lat, by Obs., 13° N. This morning we saw a great Shippe standing Westward; by Sunset she was out of sight.

J April 6.—These 24 hours calme. Lather by Judgement, 13° 0' N.

The East India Company having ordered me not to give the least countenance to Interlopers, I shall here relate what passed in discourse this day between me and Mr. Dowglasse, who (in presence of Mr. Gough, Mr. Whitmore, & my Nephew Hedges) told, "That Mr. Beard mett and spoke with Capt. Alley and Capt. Read at his house, and had done the like at Mr. Littleton's; that Mr. Evans, our Minister, did irequently converse and associate with Capt. Alley, and was so intimate with him, that he carried his Wife to sup at Captain Alley's House; that Mr. Evans took his leave of Capt. Alley when he was going for England, and, to his knowledge, sent a packet of letters by him, and, he believes, Tokens also." Mr. Whitmore says Mr. Beard discoursed very kindly and civilly with Mr. Davies. Mr. Evans kept more

company with Capt. Alley, Mr. Davies, & Mr. Littleton than he did with those in the Factory.

April 7.—These 24 hours calme. Our Head lay W. and W. b. S. The Sun so near our Zenith, could take no Observation.

This morning we went to allowance of 3 Pints of Water for each passenger, and a Quart for the Mariners, both to drinke & boyle their rice.

April 8.—These 24 hours quite calme. Our head lay N.E. b. N. and N.E. Lat. by Obs<sup>n.</sup> of y<sup>o</sup> Stars, 12° 30′ N.; by which we find ourselves driven ½ a degree to y<sup>o</sup> Southward.

April 9.—These 24 hours a small breeze. Course, N.E. b. E., N., and N.N.E. Distance run, 18 miles. Lat. by Obs<sup>n</sup> of y<sup>e</sup> Stars, 12° 53′ N.

April 10, 11.—Very little Wind, and that Contrary. Course, W.N.W. and E.N.E. Distance run, 24 miles. Lat. by Obsnof ye Stars, 12° 48′ N. We have driven 8 miles to the Southward.

April 12.—These 24 hours Calme; ye little wind we had for ye most part contrary. Course from ye W. to W. b. S. & to N.E. Distance run, 20 miles. Lat. by Observation of ye Stars, 12° 51′ N.

This day Mr. Rd. Gough told me of an intended Mutiny & Conspiracy of ye Captain against me, when it shall please God to bring us near unto or in sight of, Gombroon or Cong, in ye Gulph of Persia: which conspiracy, the said Mr. Gough told me, was discovered to him by William Godman, our 2nd Mate, in manner following, with the reasons which (they pretend) induced them to it.

The night before we set sail from Ballasore Road, a Protest was delivered to me by Mr. William Fitz Hugh and Mr. Stanley, from Agent Beard and Council of Hugly, for carrying away ye said Mr. Gough and my Nephew, Robert Hedges, Passengers on this Ship Recovery.

Mr. John Hampton, Commander of yo Shippe, tooke this

opportunity to play ye Villaine, and behaved himselfe in a very rude and disrespectful manner towards us in the Voyage, especially since we came from Fort St George, telling us, "When God sent him to Muscatt, he would take no further Charge of the Shippe,"—at which we seemed little concerned; and blough M Dowglasse was then as much, or rather more, affronted than myself, & made him a sharpe reply, yett it seems all his malice and revenge is bent towards min, & not knowing better how to show it, the Divell has put this evill conspiracy and designe into his head, viz.:

"When it Pleased God to bring us to Muscat, he will not there discover his intentions, because (says he) yo Agent speaks Arabick (yo language of yo Country), and may probably be too hard upon us; but when we come over against Combroon or Cong, we will stand off with yo Shippe, and not come into port till we have forced him, the said Wm. Hedges, Mr. Gough, Mr. Letter, & Mr. Robert Hedges, to give us good security, and indemnifie us against any pretence that shall be made against us by ye said Agent Beard and Councill at our returne to Hugly in Bengall, by reason of ye said Mr. Gough and Mr. Robert Hedges going passengers on ye said Shippe." Which evill intention of ye Captain's, if he should continue to put yo same in execution, I apprehend it to be that fresspasse which is called a Barratry of ve Captain and marriners, the said Captain and all bis-Marriners being hired servants of mine and ye said Mr. Dowglasse's, during pleasure, and that all such damages as shall. be susteyned by me are to be borne (in proportion) by ve ensurers in England.

April 13.—Mr. Gough informs me farther that Win Godman told him likewise, Mr. Hampton designed to stopp our goods, and give us trouble in Persia; and before he entered into Port, resolved to stand out at sea, and force us to his owne terms before he would bring y Ship into any Port.

· I have now prevailed with Mr. Gough to give me the

words in writing (to yo best of his remembrance), as they were related to him by Wm Godman, our 2nd Mate, a Coppy whereof I have transcribed verbatim, as followeth.

"On board y' Shippe Recovery, 11th April 1685.

"This day, between 4 and 5 o'clock in y' Afternoon, discoursing with William Godman, our Second Mate, on the Quarter Deck and in y' great, Cabbin (in y' latter place M' Robert Hedges was present), he told me that about 3 weeks part he had some discourse with M' John Hampton, our Captain, who told him there was a Protest against this Shippe, himselfe, & all y' officers & Lascars (or Mariners), for carrying away one Richard Gough & M' Robert Hedges; and that he, y' said Captaine, did not designe to do anything at Muscatt, because Agent Hedges understood y' Arabian Language, and might disappoint him in his designe with y' Government there: but when he came to Gombroon, he would run off with y' Shippe, and seize upon y' Agent's goods, to secure himselfe, &c., for y' damage they were like to come to at their returne to Bengall; and that he would acquaint y' Company's Servants in y' Factory, and the Commanders of y' Europe Shipps, who would assist him in his designe."

Edward Walter (my Servant) declared this morning to Mr. Gough and me that he heard Mr. Hampton say, "He would make y' Divell to doe amongst us when he came to Muscatt."

These 24 hours calme; not any thing upon y° Log; the Lat. by Obsa of y° stars, 12° 40′ N.; so we conclude y° Current sets us to y° Southward.

M. Gongh, having further discoursed with W. Godman, told me as follows:

"On board Shippe Recovery, 13th April 1685.

"This day, between 3 and 4 o'clock in y Afternoon, I had this further discourse with William Godman, our Second Mate, on the Quarter Deck, when he tolld me y John Hampton, our Captain, had a designe when he came to Muscatt to take in more White men aboard y Shippe; and having 10 White men already aboard, with these, and what more he should there take in, resolved, when he came to Gombroon Road, to run off with y Shippe, and force y Agent and all of us to give him and his officers notes under our hands, or obligations, to save him, y said Hampton, and officers and Shippe, harmless from any damage they were take to come to for carrying me, Richard Gough, and M' Robert Hedges way from Hugly; and if we did not thus comply with him, he was

resolved to carry the said Agent Hedges & his Goods back 'again to Hugly: and this y' said W" Godman is ready to take his oath, when thereunto required."

April 14.—These 24 hours quite calme. The Shipp's head lay N. b. W., N.N.W., and N.W. b. N. Latitude by Observation of yo Stars, 12° 41′ N.

April 15.—Till aine o'clock last night quite calme; since then a fine small breeze, at S. b. E. and S.S.E. Course, North. Distance run, 21 miles. Latitude by Obs., 12° 50' N.

April 16.—Till 12 at night quite calme; since that a fine gentle breeze at S. b. E. and 3.S.E. Course, N. Distance run, 17 miles. Lat. by Judgement, 13° 20'.

April 17.—From yesterday noon till 9 at night Calme; since that a small breeze. Course, N. Dist. run; 28 miles. Lat<sup>do</sup> by Judgement, 14° 15′ N.

April 18.—These 24 hours calme, and light winds. Course, N. b. E. Distance run, 18 miles. Lat. by. Obs., 14° 45′ N. We find y° current now in our favour.

April 19.-[No entry.]

April 20.—These 24 hours a fine fresh gale at W. b. N., W.N.W., and N.W. Course, N. b. E. and N.N.E. Distance run, 64 miles. Lat. by Obs<sup>n.</sup>, 16° 30'.

April 21.—These 24 hours the Wind has blowne very fresh at W. and W. b. N. Course, from 8 last night till 4 this morning, N.E. and N.E. b. N., then N. and N. b. W. The Distance run, 76 miles. Latitude by Obs., 18° N.

April 22.—These 24 hours it has blowne as much wind as we could carry; our Topsails a little settled. Wind, W. b. S. Course, N.N.W. From 9 o'clock at night till 5 this morning shortened Sail and went with 2 Courses only, for fear of land. Distance run, 48 miles. Lat. by obs., 19° N.

April 23.—These 24 hours it has blown hard at W.S.W. and S.W. We lay by all night, for fear of land. Between 14 and 12 o'clock this morning we saw Land, which we tooks to be 2 Islands in a Say to yo West<sup>a</sup> of yo great Island Missipp.

<sup>1</sup> Mamera, off the coast of Oman -Y.

so stood off E and E.S.E. Lat. by Observation, 19° 50' N. We saw High Land again, which we took to be Miserie.

Lpril 24.—These 24 hours a very fresh gale. Wind, W.S.W. and S.W. Course various, at E.S.E., E., N.E., and N. b. E. Dist. run, 98 miles. Lat. by obs., 20° 30′ N.

April 25.—These 24 hours yo Wind continued fresh from S.W. to S.W. b. W. We lay by from 8 lest night till 5 this morning, then sciled N. b. W. and N. At 9 this morning saw land very plaine on yo Larboard bow and right ahead. Lat. by Obs., 21° 30′ N.

April 26.—These 24 hours a fine gentle gale. From 12 last night till 5 this morning we lay by, then made sail, and by 9 o'clock this morning got within Cape Rasalgate. Lat. by Observation, 22° 42′ N.

April 27.—These 24 hours little wind. Course, N. b. W. & N.N.W. Lat. by Obs<sup>a</sup>, 23° 21' N.

April 28.—These 24 hours very little Wind. Course, W.N.W. Lat. by Obs<sup>n</sup>., 23° 34′ N.

April 29.—About 10 o'clock this morning we arrived at Muscatt, where we found Capt. Edward Say with his Shippe Welcome, Capt. Smith, Commander.

Captain Say came aboard and shewed us great kindness and respect. We went all ashore with him to visit y Governor and Hogea Ishmael. The Governor bad us welcome, and assured us the freedom & Liberty of the Port.

Hogea Ismael has formerly been the only powerful and eminent person in this place. Lying lately very sick, the King first seized a great part of his Estate, and several of his Factors ran away with the rest; however, he is a person much esteemed and well reputed by yo Governor.

Captain Say tells us Sir Thomas Grantham passed by this

Or Resalgat, a corruption of the Arab. Rās-al-Hadd, "Cape of the Limit", or Extremity, being the extreme sesterly point of the Arabian coast.—Y.

<sup>&</sup>quot;.Muscat is in lat. 23" 36', long. 58' 40' E.

way about 3 months since, from Gombason to Suratt, a that he was very kind and civill to his people here ashore; that y said Sir Thomas Grantham sold Capt Say's Sarvants 10 great Guns with their Carriages, and transported 24 horses for [from] that to Suratt, giving them Bills of Liding; that Sir Thomas had taken in divers passengers and great quantity of goods at Gombroon, which he was obliged to carry to Suratt, and would be worth to him a considerable gam of money.

This Sir, Thomas Grantham is yo Person on whom yo Company chiefly relies for taking and destroying of Interlopers; and he has treated those he has mett of them with greater respect than any other of their Commanders.

Capt. Goldsborough, in y Bengall Merchant, sailed from this place towards Combroon on y 25th. Ult. During his stay here, which was but 4 or 5 days, he proffered to carry any goods for Interlopers to Persia,—a favour M Beard would by no means grant to me; though at y same time he permitted M Dowglasse (A declared Interloper) to lade 6 chests of cloth for his owne account at Hugly.

## May 1685.

May 7.—Finding my selfe feverish and indisposed, I left yo shore and went on board of yo Recovery.

May 9 .- I returned agains to Muscatt.

May 14.—This day, about Sunsett I took leave of Muscatt and embarked on yo Recovery, who rode without yo Castles.

May 15.—We waited yo coming off of some of our Mariners from yo shore, and employed ourselves in yo mean time in setting up our Rigging and putting ourselves in a posture to go to Sea.

This evening we sailed from Muscatt.

May 16.—The Wellcome (a Shippe Mr. Dowglasse and I hired to carry our goods to Bussora, for fear that we should not meet with a Conveyance at Cong) not appearing in sight, we tacked about and sailed towards Muscott. About 4

this Afternoon we came up with y Wellcome, and made y best of our way to Cong, having given them order to keep us company.

May 21.—We got sight of Cape Jasques, and passed by it very early this morning at a great distance, keeping much nearer to the Arabian than the Persian shore.

May 22.—We passed by Cape Muscandon.1

May 23.—We came up with the Islands of Ormus and Arack [Larek of Maps]; but having intelligence that a Squadron of 7 or 8 Duch Ships lay before Gombroon, we thought good to sail directly for Cong, and sent Mr. Dowglasse, and Mr. Richard Gough in the Wellcome's boat to manage our concernes at Gombroon, and to follow us as soon as they could to Cong.<sup>2</sup>

May 24.—This morning by 7 o'clock we saw a Shippe coming out from between Lareck and Ormus Islands, but she could not fetch us up; by 10 o'clock we saw 8 or 9 Shippes'at anchor close under y' Island Kishmish [i.e., Kishm], about y' middle of it, where another little Island makes a good Harbour.

May 27.—This Afternoon it pleased God to bring us in safety to Cong Road. I went ashore immediately to M. Brough's house (Supra Cargo of y. Siam Merchant), and lay there all night.

May 28.—I hired a house for myselfe and the rest of our Company for this Monsoou.

May 30.—It pleased God to visit me with so violent a fever that all men despaired of my recovery. Its rage and fury

C. Massendum, Ar. Ras Masandum, the point of Arabia (properly of a small island of the name) marking the entrance to the Persian Gulf.—Y.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> From a statement in Bruce's Annals of the East India Company, iii, 393, it would seem that in 1677 the Portuguese still kept up some pretence of rights in the port of Cong. But it is apparent, from circumstances mentioned by Chardin (ed. 1735, i, 348), that all foundation for such pretensions had ceased some years before.—T.

being past, I was taken with a relapse, which continued upon me full 2 months, and reduced me to a most feeble and weake Condition; during all which time I tooke no other sustenance but a little Rice and Water boyled together, which served me both for meat and drink too.

# July 1685.

Towards ye fines of July, I conceited the great heats of this place caused ye continuance of my indisposition upon me, and ye if I could be removed to a cooler Air I should soone recover; in order to which designe I hired 12 stout fellows for Mannoodies 200, and 35 Mannoodies for their Diett money, to carry me as far as Lar, in my Cott (Palankeen fashion), which they performed to my satisfaction.

July 29. This afternoon my Consin. Nathangel Letter, and I sett out from Kong towards Spahan, and travelled this night to a miserable poor Village (and a worse Caravan-Sarai) at ye foot of ye Hill, called "Champa". The Water here very stinking.

July 30.— We rese from Champa, and after an houre or an houre & halfe riding, we ascended an exceeding steep, scragged bull, which yett was not halfe so troublesome and difficult to us as its descent. I judged it the more difficult by reason of the loose Stones. My 12 Palankeen men at once fled all together, and were like to cast themselves and me downe a great precipice. We were not able to reach Obdeen-deen (ye usuall Mensill) but lay at a sorry Caravan-Sarai between ye hills called Dellayer Agaring Caravan-

<sup>1 100</sup> mahmudis = 1 toman. The toman at this time was worth £3 6s. 8d.; hence the mahmudi worth about 8d. (See Fryer's Travels, p. 211.)—Y.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Lar, formerly an important city, and the capital of a principality of that name, annexed to Persia by Shah Abbas about 1600. It is about eighty unles from Coog, as the crow flies.—Y.

Manzil (Pera.), stage, or halting-place.

Saraia, some 3 houres short of Obdeen-deen. Water indifferent good.

July 31.—We rose from Dellaver Agaring Caravan-Sarai and lodged at Char'ber keer—short of Cokeer, yo usuall Menzill. We got a kid at a neighbouring Village. The Water coolest and best I have yett dranke in Persia.

## August. 1685.

August 1.—We rose from Charber keer, and passing by Kokeer on ye right, arrived at Bustag before Sun rising. Here is plenty of Provision, but no good water.

August 2.—We rose from Bustag, and arrived at Sheackzur 4 hours before day. Here's store of provisions, and indifferent good water.

August 3:—We rose from Sheack-zur and lay at Possa-Chan, where we found divers of our hired Camels (with their lading) going towards Lar. Here is no want of provisions, but yo Water exceeding bad and Stinking.

August 4.—We rose from Possa-Chan and travelled this night to Nimma. Store of Provisions, but sorry water. Here I bought 5 live Partridges for 15 Cosbys, which is 4 pence \(\frac{1}{2}\) English money.

August 5.—We rose from Nimma & gett to Lar about 10 or 11 o'clock at night. We were no sconer arrived, but a Person at the Caravan-Sarai giving notice of my being there, the Gov<sup>r</sup> sent a Ser<sup>t</sup> to direct me to a house he had ordered for my reception.

August 6.—Our Servants informing us it was customary for ye English to lodge at ye Duch house, I removed thither, where the house keeper received me very courteously.

This Afternoon I went to visit y Governor, who had ordered us a house for our lodging. I wish we had continued

A small copper coin of obsolete name, called by travellers Cost, Gaaz, Coebbaque, Goebeck, Kan begie. The true form appears to be Ghaz-begi.—Y. in it, being much better than that of the Dutch to which we removed.

August 7.—I went to visit the Shabunder; but he was not ashore.

August 8.—The Shabunder came and gave me a visit at my lodging, with expressions of great kindness, and sent me a present of fruit and provisions.

August 9.—1 returned yo Shabunder his Visit; when he was pleased to present me with a stately line horse, valued at 8 tomans; and presented another of lesse stature (a very pretty nag) to my Cousin Letter. The camells with all our goods being gonne towards Spahan, I gave yo Shabunder a note under my hand, promising to present him 4 Bales of Sugar and some pieces of Cloth at Spahan, in recompense of his horse, with which he was well content. My Cousin Letter gave him the like note for 2 Bales of Sugar and some pieces of Cloth.

August 11.—I went to see y famous Castle of Lurr. Tis a most pitiful, sorry, ruinous building; the Walls (in many places) ready to drop downe. We past not above 5 or 6 Soldiers in all y Castle, whose business was chiefly to guard 5 Usbeque (Tartars) prisoners taken in War. They were stout, able-bodied persons, with good countenances; all of them spoke Turkish.

In this Castle of Larr are 5 large brass guns, all taken from y' Portuguese at Ormus, weighing from 31° to 44° weight a piece; some of them made Anno 1618 in Goa by y' Vice King, with y' King of Portugall's arms on them. The bore of one of them was inches 91 Diameter.

August 13.—We sett out from Larr (where we stayed dayes extra for want of mules) and lodged at Kuda-Poi-

Read probably "not at home". Lar is 60 or 70 miles from the sea. A Shah-handar was properly a port-officer; but the term was also applied, as inland marts, such as Lar was, to the officer superintending trade and duties.—Y.

cotall, a very large and convenient Caravan-Sarai, well stored with provisions.

August 14.—We dislodged from Kuda-Poicotal and travelled to Beeres, a pretty large Towne, and a spacious Caravan-Carai, the best I have yet seen on yo Road, except that at Larr. Very bad Water, but plenty of Provisions.

August 15.—We rose from Beeres, and passing through Benarroo, lay at Bocktearee, a pretty well seated village, where our Chief Muleteer lived, who invited and entertained us at his house very courteously. This Place is well watered (a rarity in this Country) with a fine running stream (the first and only one I have yet seen in this barren Country), conveyed to them by an Aqueduct under ground.

August ,16.—We lay here (being Sunday) all day, and accepted of our Muleteer's entertainement.

August 17.—We rose from Bocktearee and travelled this night to Mownescer, an old, ruinous Caravan-Sarai; and sorry Water.

August 18.—We rose from Mowueseer and lodged at Chatalkee, a spacious Caravan-Sarai, with plenty of good fresh water and provisions.

August 19.—We rose from Chatalkee between one and two o'clock in ye Afternoon, having divers steep scraged Hills, which required five hours' time at least (we made it more than 6) to pass over,—'twas most convenient to be done by day light,—and arrived at Jarroon a little within night. This is a great towne, and affords plenty of all things for ye use of a traveller in these parts.

August 20.—We rose from Jarroon and lodged at Moocack Sookta, a large, convenient Caravan-Sarai; good water, and no want of provisions. Here we had ye best musk melons that ever I saw of ye growth of Cossir.

August 21.—We rose from Moocack Sookta, and went 4. Farsanges or leagues out of our way to see Dottinan, situated

in the most pleasent and fruitful plains (as reported) is all Persis, where we ledged this night in a garden beloasing to je Duch (the same affording no Caravasarsi), reserved in the property of the same affording no Caravasarsi), reserved in the property of Figgs (ye least, but as good as I have seen), Grapes, Pomegranetts, Peaches, and Wall-nutts, all very good of their kind. The towns is full of Gardens, all plentifully watered with Cutts out of a River running by it, out of which we had brought us two good dishes of Fish, which cost but I Mamoodes: 2 of them were 20 inches long spiece. This is the most pleasant, fruitfull place I have yet seen in Persis. We are promised a guide on our way this Afternoon (God willing) to Cossir, who will show us certain great Vaults under ye Rocks, large enough, some of them, to hold 1000 men.

August 22.—We rose from Dottiuan, & passing by Cossir, lodged at Agatakee.

August 23.—We rose from Agatakee and lay at Mussaferce, a good Caravan-Sarai. Store of Water in a great plain.

August 24.—We rose from Mussafferee and lodged at Bobba Hadgee, in a fine plaine, well watered and stored with provisions. This is a long Stage. We satt out early, and travelled hard to be here 3 hours (or more) within night.

August 25.—We satt out by 1 o'clock in ye afternoon from Bobba Hadgee, and arrived at Shirash about Sunset, and lodged at the English house.

August 26.—I went to see y' Bazaars and public Buildings of y' City, which were most of them handsome, rich, and convenient for the heats of this Country.

This Afternoon Padre Agathangelo, a Carmelite Fryer, formerly resident for many years at Bussora, came to give

We have not found an accurate detailed itinerary of this road from Lar to Shiraz, whereby to identify all the names in Hedger orthography; but Pa-i-Kotal, Berez, Benare, Jahram, Chah-i-talkh ("Bijter Well"), Maghak Sokhta, Aga Taki, and Baks Haff, are recognizable. Dottinan is the Nadices of Tavernier (Bt. V, ch. mail), "one of the most delicious situations in all Persia."—Y.

me a visit. I delivered him a letter from Padre Marc Antonio Samuleci, chief of Jesuits order in Bengall, and he gave me another from himselfe to ye Superior of his Order in Spshan.

August 27.—This morning I rode about yo City of Shirash, to see divers parts that I had not seen yesterday; and returned yo Padre's Visit at their Convent, where I was most courtebusly entertained by them.

August 28.—I went to see ye King's garden, and that of ye old Khan of Shirakh, who tooke ye Kingdome of Ormus from ye Portuguese in ye time of ye great Shah Abbas.

This evening, at Sunset, we set out from Shirash and ledged at Zurgoon, a large and exceeding pleasant village, situated on the side of a high hill, overlooking a well watered plaine, full of vineyards stored with excellent good grapes, which the villanes carry every night to sell at Shirash.

This Village is in the way to Cheker-Minar (commonly called Chil-minar), the road to Spahan parting from it about 2 leagues distance from yo Village.

August 29.—We set out from Zurgoon, and passing over a very large plains with a river running through it, over which we rodd on a Bridge of 4 Arches, we arrived 2 hours within night at Emer-Cascoon (a towne within \$\frac{1}{4}\$ of a mile of Cheker-minar), and lodged there all night.

August 30.—We rose very early this morning, and went to see yo Ruins of Cheker-Minarl (which signifies 40 Pillars in yo Persian Language), antiently judged to be yo Palace of yo once famous Persepolis; and leaving Meer Cascoon, travelled this evening towards Moyeen (in a great plaine), where we arrived about 2 o'clock in the morning. This is a pretty Village, well watered, and stored with provisions.

August 31.—We sett out from Moyean: an hour within night we passed by Imaum Zade, a pretty Village, and lodged at Woc-John Between these two townes is a very high hill.

<sup>1</sup> Chihal Mindr ("Yorty columns") is a well-known name of the rules of Pemepolis.—Y.

## September 1685.

September 1.—We set out from Woo John and lodged at Assapos, a place well stored with good water.

September 2.—We set out from Assapos and Miged at Coskezar.<sup>1</sup>

September 3.—We set out from Coekezar and lodged as Deregherdoo.

September 4.—We set out from Deregherdoo and lodged at Yes-de-gas, a good Caravan-Serai, built in a vast great ditch, where ('tis credibly reported) formerly ran a river.

September 5.—This morning early a horseman met me with a present of Wine, strong waters of Rushia, Oyle, Achara, Rose Water distilled with muske, sugared Biskett, Caviare, and divers sorts of excellent good fruit, sent from Spahan by Signr Zacharia, the Armenian Father.

This Zacharia is a Merchant, who came passenger on your Recovery with me from Bengall, and was entertained by me and Mr. Dowglasse to assist us in your management of our business & concerns at Cong and Spahan.

We rose this morning from Yesdegas and lodged at Mack-sood Beigh, a sorry old ruinous Caravan Serai, and bad water. There is a good new Caravan Sarai within halfe a mile of it, but not much frequented, for want of provisions.

September 6.—We rose from Macksood and lodged at Comesha.

September 7.—We rose from Comesha and lodged at Moyar.

September 8.—We rose from Moyar, and about 10 at night
got to a Caravan Sarai in y Suburbs of Spahan.

September 9.—We entered the Citty of Spanian and went to yo English house, where I was kindly entertained (for a few dayes, till I could provide myselfe with a more convenient.

<sup>1</sup> For this and preceding names: Zargun, Mir-Khangun, Mayin, Aujan, Aspas, Khushki-sard, Yezd-i-Khast, Mak-ad-Begi, Kum-i-shah, Mayar.—Y.

A kind of pickle.

Lodging) by my old friend, Mr. Daniel Edwards, at present (by yo death of Mr. Darnelly) Chief for yo Honble East India Compro Affaires in Persia.

Soptember 10.—I received visits from the two Orders of the Carmelites & Dominican Fryers, and likewise from divers of y French Nation, as Jewellers and Watchmakers (some of them my acquaintance in Constantinopie), Servants to the King of Persia.

September 11.—I went to see Julfa, where all Armenians live. In our way we passed over a large handsome Bridge. In this towne (for more conveniency) I tooke a house for 3 months, and Warehouses for my goods, in ye Queen mother's Caravansarai, called Gidda.

September 12.—I returned a visit to yo Padri Carmelitani. They have a handsome large Convent, with a pretty Chappell, and Library well stored with books, amongst which were divers in English, with an English Bible.

This Afternoon Sig. Fabricius, yo King of Swedeland's Envoy, gave me a visit. He was born in Holland, and bred a Soldier in Sweden. He is a most courteous, civill, ingenious person, and gave me divers invitations to his quarters.

September 14.—This afternoon Sigr. Van Havell, ye Duch Commissarius, as he is called, gave me a visit, excusing himselfe, with many compliments, that he had not done it sooner. He was well attended by divers persons well mounted: a Trumpeter riding, and 2 Soldiers in Crimson Velvet coats going before him, with Musketeers. He has lived 15 yeares in Persia.

September 15.—This morning I removed, for better conveniency and management of my business, from yo Company's Factory in Spahan to yo house I had taken in Julfa, but left my goods at Gidda Caravansarai in Spahan, except 86 Bales of Sugar, which were brought hither.

September 17.—I returned visits to yo Dominican and Augustine Fryers.

September 18 .- I went to see yo King of Persia, Sha Sollman, ride abroad to take ye aire. The person that gave me intelligence not coming in time to see his Majestie take horse, I waited at yo Bridge foot (where he was to passe) till his returne. I was advised to salute him by pulling off my hatt, after the Furopean manner, which he expects from all Franks. So soon as the King saw me, he turned to yo Vezier to know who I was, not having seen me before. The Vesier not being able to informe him, the King sent one of his Shatirs,2 or Footmen, to Monsieur Sein (a French Jeweller who has served this King and his Father many years), standing near me, to enquire who I was. The Monse made him answer, I was an English gentleman lately come to towne from India to see yo Court. He looked very chearfully, and gave me a gentle nod, telling me in Turkish "I was Wellcome",-which is esteemed an exceedingly great honor; indeed, the generality of mankind here are more respectfull and civill to Strangers than they are (for the most part) in any Citty in Christendome.

September 20.—I received a Visit from yo Emperour's Ambassador (a learned, grave Bishop). He lived many yeares at Legorne, and was well acquainted with divers of our Nation there.

September 23.—1 received a Visit from yo Pope's Nuncio, Monor Sampson, a French Priest.

September 24.—I returned a Visit to ye Emperor's Ambassador.

Suptember 27.—1 mett ye Compte De Soria, the King of Poland's Ambassador, on ye Bridge at Spahan. After divers compliments, he desired ye favour of a Visit, which I promised him.

A Shah Sulaiman, great-great-grandson of Shah Abbas, reigned from 1668 to 1691, --Y.

Shater, "a courier, a footman."-Y.

September 30.—I visited ye King of Poland's Ambassador, who received and entertained me with great Courtesy and respect.

#### October 1685.

October 2.—I returned a visit to Monsar Sampson, ye Pope's Nuntio.

October 10.—Sigr Fabricius, the King of Sweden's Ambassador, gave me a Visit.

October 20.—I met the King of Persia in ye Choar Bog, or Long Walke. I satt a horseback till he past by. Seeing me salute him, [he] returned me a conteous nodd.

October 27.—I visited Sigr Fabricius, yo Swedes' Ambas-sador.

October 30.—Mons. Varine, a French watchmaker, carried me to see the King of Persia's Pallace, built by Sha Abbas yo Great & Sha Sefee, his Successor.

#### November 1685.

November 6.—Mons<sup>t</sup> Varine accompanied me to see y<sup>e</sup> Pallace built by this King of Persia, Sha Soliman, called Hesti-be-hest.<sup>2</sup> Some days before, Hogea Kiragoos shewed my cousin Letter and me y<sup>e</sup> King's great garden, called Hazar-jerib.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> The Chahār Bāgh (lit. "Four-Garden"), the great public garden or square; but the name was also applied to the long avenue which led to it.—Y.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Kaempfer says: "The garden Bulbul... has been so improved and adorned by the multitude of promenades, avenues, palace-buildings, and works of topiary and hydraulic artists, that it is said nothing so beautiful is to be found in the whole kingdom, especially since the last master-touches have been put to the palace in the middle of it... and from the king himself it has received the magnific name of Hister below, i.e., of the Eighth Paradise." (Amenicates Exotice, 190-191.)

<sup>\*</sup> Hesser-jarth, "One thousand (square) chains". I do not know how much the l'ergian jurth, or square chain, was — Y.



#### December 1685.

December 1.—I hired 125 Camells to carry mine and M. Robert Dowglasse's Bales, at Mahmoodies 80 for 100 Maunds Tauris, to Bagdat, and 13 mules to carry our luggage, at Mahmoodies 90 per 100 Maunds Tauris.

December, 13.—This day I left Spahan, and began my journey towards Aleppo, by way of Bagdat.

I came out in company with Mr. Dowglasse, my Cousin Nathanael Letter, and my Nephew Robert Hedges. Mr. Daniel Edwards (then Chief for yo Honble Compy's affaires in Persia) and Mr. Henry Lawrence (another of yo said Compy's Servants) favored us with their good company to Mahmoot-Alli-Beig's Caravan-sarai, about 2 hours' riding from Julia. Divers French Protestants (Servants to yo King of Persia) obliged us likewise to [? let them] come with us to this place, viz., Monser Sein, M. Letuall, M. Varein, M. Jurt, M. Pere Grange, M. de Fino, M. Teudor, and one Frenchman more, whose name I cannot call to mind.

December 14.—This afternoon Mr. Edwards took his leave of us and returned to Spahan. We lay here till our Camell and Muleinen had discharged all their debts at this place and at Spahan.

December 15.—We rose from Mahmoot-Alli-Beig's Caravarasarai and lay at Challisea, where yo present Veseir, Sheck-Alli-Chan, is building a new large Caravansarai. Here we we were forced to compound with yo Rattaree-men for yo

Radder. A transit duty collected on the pretext of prefection afforded to traffic, that often very arbitrary, and little better than black-mail. T.

The Mann (or maund) Tabrizi is called by Fryer = 64 lb. English; and Princep gives it at 6 lb. 5 qz. 7.2 dr. Mr. Wollaston, however, in this English-Persian Dict., gives "from 74 to 74 lb, avoird." For the makenadi, see p. 203.—Y.

Dutys on our goods, which, for all our Mules and camels, cost, us 85 Mahmoodies. This Manzeill is 7 houres riding.

December 16.—We rose from Challisea and lay at Dehal: 9 houres. All good way. About an hour short of this place we passed by a large town and a good Caravansarai. On ye road I received letters from Aleppo and Bagdat.

December 17.—Our Camells not coming up with us, we lay this day at Deha.

December 18 .- We lay still at Deha.

December 19.—We rose from Deha and lay at Deharaban: 9 houres riding.

December 20.—We rose from Deharaban and lay at Cogga: 6 houres. This day one of our Camells fell downe and broke his leg, which caused us to lye here 2 dayes.

December 23.—We rose from Cogga and lay at Macliana: 6 houres riding.

December 24 .- We lay at Mecliana.

December 25.—We rose from Mecliana and lay at Bog: 6 houres. A good large Caravansarai, & yº best water I have drank in Persia.

December 26.—We rose from Bog and lay at [ ]: 7 hours.

December 27.—We rose from [ ] and lay at Saroo:

December 28 & 29.—We lay still at Saroo, upon a hill, at a good Caravansarai: ye weather exceeding cold.

December 30.—We rose from Saroo and lay at Decembed: 5 hours riding.

December 31.—We rose from December and lay at Nana: 8 houres.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Challisea and Deha appear in Dupré (Voyage en Perse; i, 288, 287) as Thallisic and Dehak. He mentions a great caravaneersi at the tormer, but uscribes the building to the munificance of the grandmother of Futteh 'Ali Shan, then reigning.—Y.

## January 1686.

January 1, 2, 3, 4.—We lay at Nana, occasioned by the vast quantity of Snow that fell all these 4 days without intermission.

January 5.—We rose from Nana and lay at Faraspa: 10 hours riding. One of our Camel men, being sick, rode upon a Camel, and was found dead. We judge he was frozen to death.

January 6.—My Nephew Hedges and I rose from Farespa (leaving M. Dowglasse and my Cousin Letter with y. Camels) and lay at Kengauar. On y. road we were overtaken with a letter from my Cousin Letter, advising, since my departure they were robbed of all their money, to the sum of 4 Tomauns, and one Bale of Luckarees opened, out of which 36 Peices were stolen.

January 7.—We rose from Kengauar and lay at Sohana: 7 houres riding.

January 8.—We rose from Sahana and lay at Bisetoon yo best Caravan-sarai I have seen in Persia, near a very fine large fountaine issuing out of a Rock: 5 hours riding.

January 9.—We rose from Bisetoon and lay at Kirmansha.

January 10.—This morning, 2 hours before day, I despatched away Hogea Bureat with 5 Tomans, to many

<sup>2</sup> We find Laccowies among piece-goods of Bengal in Milburn's Or. Commerce. Possibly stuffs dyed with lac.—Y.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> We have now got into the direct route from Hamadan to Baghdad, and it is more easily followed. This is Kangāvar (Kongaver, etc.), a place of old note, the Κογκοβάρ of Isidore of Charax. The next stage is Sahāna, and then Birntūn (Bihir ūn, Baghistan, "the place of gardens", Bagiāvanvov or Bayávanny of the Greeks), the site of one famous spring, and of the rock-inscriptions in canciform, with which the name of Bawlinson is for over associated. The next stage is the well-known city Kirnānshāh. Then Pul.i-Shāh ("King's Bridge"), Mah-i-dasht, Harānābād.—Y.

M. Dowglasse and my Cousin Letter, and to hasten them hither.

Junuary 11 to 22.—We lay still at Kirmausha, occasioned by the tyrannical and arusive useage of y° Governor, Coole-Sha-Kan, Sheih Alli Har's Son, who caused divers bales of our goods and chests to be opened for Gold or Silver, which is forbid to 12 exported out of y° Country. To prevent his doing us greater mischief, we were forced to present him and his Servants to the value of 15 Tomans in money and goods.

January 22.—We rose (with much joy) from Poolesha (near Kermansha) and lodged at Moydasht: 6 hours riding.

January 23 & 24.—We lay at Moydasht.

January 25.—We rose from Moydasht and lay at Harnawar.

January 26, 27, & 28.—We lay at Harnawar, where you Aga of the Village carried us a Coursing, & killed 2 Hores.

January 29.—We rose from Harnawar & lay at Aslan Chesmesi, not being able to reach Gamber-Chesmesi by reason of the great depth of Snow, that made yo Road unpassable with Camels.

January 30.—We lay at Aslan Chesmesi. Here I saw Read made of Acorns and Barley.

January 31.—We rose from Aslan Chesmesi and lay at Gamber-Chesmesi: an hour & halfe Riding.

## Feormary 1686.

February 1 & 2.—We lay at Gamber Chesnesi.

February 3.—We rose from Gamber Chesmesi and lay at Mansooc, in the open fields, then covered with snow, under an oake.

February 4 .-- We rose from Mansoor and lay at Gilan.

This day we passed over a very great steep Mountain; 7 hours riding.

February 5 & 6.—We lay at Gilan, under a black haire

tent, as we had done divers nights before.

February 7.—We rose from Gilan and lay at Chamsura, a pitifull, poore Village: 8 hours riding. The first 3 hours passed over a great Mountaine; yo latter part exceeding dirty.

February 8 & 9.—We lay at Chamsura, a pittiful Village

of haire cloth tents,

Fibruary 10.—We rose from Chamsura, and were forced to take up our lodging halfway our Stage, where it rained all night. This day we passed between yo Mountains over divers violent rapid torrents; one of them carried away two of our Camells, with their loads, and we were in great danger to have lost both goods and Camells. An Asse was carryed away and immediately drowned. A mule, laden with a chest vof wrought Silke Stuffs, for account of Mr. Daniel Edwards of Spahan, and a bale of my best goods, were carried 2 miles down the river; and had it not been for yo great diligence of one of my Servants, they had both been lost.

February 11.—We rose from yo side of this rapid river and lay at Sambur, yo last town belonging to yo Persians.

February 12.—We rose from Sambur, accompanied with 6 or 7 Soldiers, who brought us to their bounds on yo top of yo hill, and tooke their leaves; and we lay at Mandali frontier town under yo Turks.

This pass is over the Anarish mountain to Jameer, where the roads from Baghdad by the Gilan and Tak passes diverge, X.

This is a pass across Mount Zagros, sometimes called the Pass of Allah Akbar, some 20 miles to the S.W. of the more usual pass between Kirmanshah and Baghdad, by the Tak-1-Girrah, or Crates of Zagros. Rennell supposed it to be the pass ascended by Alexander, identifying Gilan with the Kelonse of Diodorus; but this Rawlinson rejects. In the latter's famous paper in J. R. G. S. (ix, 44) will be found interesting particulars about Gilan. He speaks of the direct passes between Hartinshad and Gilan (viz., as followed by Hedges) as very difficult.— X.

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February 13 & 14.—We lay at Mandali. Here we paid Rattarree: an Abassee and 8 Cosbies for every Camell, and 1 Mahmoodies and 4 Cosbies for each mule.

February 15.—We rose from Mandali, accompanyed with y Governor or Aga, and 10 Soldiers with 2 Colours. We were not able to reach Belad-il-roos (our Manzil), and lay in y open holds.

February 17 & 18 .- We lay at Belad-il-Roos.2

February 19.—We rose from Belad-ii-Roos and lay at Bookoroos.

February 20.—We ferried our goods and Camels over ye River Deala. We rose about sun set, and lay at an old ruinous Caravansarai: 3 hours riding towards Bagdat.

February 21.—We rose from yo Caravansarai, and arrived about 12 o'cleck this day at Bagdat (God be praised), all in good health, having been 71 dayes on our Journey from Spahan to this place.

We were this night most courteously invited and entertained by Padre Georgio Di Vandosme, Superior of ye Capuchine Fryers at this place.

February 22 .- We lay at yo Convent.

February 23.—We removed to a house in yo towne, where we had large and convenient accommodation for ourselves, goods, and horses.

Here I mett with an Imperial Command, procured at Constantinople by Mr. Samuel Lannoy, and forwarded to me by my Cousin, Robert Wakeman of Aleppo, directed to ye Pasha, Janizary Aga, Customer, & all other persons of Public employment in this Citty, to be treated with respect and kindness, and to have no more exacted from me than was

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sambur and Mandali are Saunar and Mendall (still the Turkish frontier-town) of Rawlinson (J. R. Geog. Soc., ix, 46).—Y.

Bela-Droz (?) of Rich,-Y.

Beheruz, of P. della Valle (Letter I from lapahan) .- Y.

Diyalah.

allowable by our Capitulation with y' Grand Sig. However, yo Chief Customer here (as at all places in yo Empire where they are able) took the advantage of my great distance from ye Port, and forced me to pay 5 per cent. Custome for all my goods; besides, he was so unjust as to overrate all things so much, that in 'ruth I paid 8 or 9 per cent. for yo whole, one with another. But, to make me some kind of amends and satisfaction for this oppression, to give him his due, he was otherwise very kind and respectfull to me, not suffering any other person to be ye least injurious to me. Besides ye Chief Customer (by ye force of presents), I had ye favour of ye Shabender, a person in great esteem, especially emondst Merchants; being properly a Judge of all differences and disputes that happen betwixt them; and one that appears for them before yo Pasha, or Mufti, or Caddi, when they are opprest by yo Government. These two persons, the Chief Customer and Shabender, accompanyed me to ye l'acha's Seraglio a-horseback, where I was received in yo kindest manner, sitting before the Pasha (all other persons standing), being entertained with Coffee, Shirbet, and Pirfumes. I paid well for it by ye rich presents which I gave him; but, without this means and manner of addressing, with ye helpe of the Turkish Language, I judge if next to an impossibility for a Franke to passe this way with so considerable an estate, without being eaten up and ruined by yo Government. we sold a great quantity of Indian Cloth, &c., to defray our charges, not suffering any of our Gold to be seen which we brought from Spahan, for fear of being killed for it, but carryed it on with me to Aleppo.

Bagdat stands on yo Chaldean side of yo Tigris, yo Idver washing one side about a quarter part of yo Citty. It is a most pleasant, fruitful, healthfull situation, in yo degree of 33½. It rarely snows in this place, and when if does, it never lyes many hours on yo ground. It's a most yo same

I Le., on the left or eastern bank.

Latitude as Spaha, our course being due West all the way. Yet, by reason of your speat height of yountry and youst mountains we pass over in Persia, it is there exceedingly much colder in yo Winter than ever I felt it in England.

We had a robust, hardy Camel man that fell sick: & being forced to rice upon a Camel, between y Beles, was frozen to death, between Nana & Farossa, y 5th Ultimo. We thought it convenient to alight and walke two or three times in a morning, to prevent the freezing of our toes, fingers, & faces.

In Bagdat I fitted myselfe with store of provisions (as Biskett Rice, Butter, Spice, Coffee, Shirbett, &c.) for the continuance of my Journey to Aleppo.

I bought two large tents with 2, Posts apiece to cover my goods, and a Kitchin Tent for yo Cooke and servants. I had a very stately large tent for myselfe, which I brought out of Bengall, with yo Walls that stood about it high enough to prevent a horseman's looking over: 'twas as much as two Camels could well carry.

#### March 1686.

[No entry whatever in this month. Remaining at Baghdad.]

## April 1686.

April 11.—I left my lodgings in Bagdat and lay in my tent, pitched on yo Mesopotamia side of yo River Tigris.

April 13.—The Caravan rose and pitched at Emam-Zade, about 3 hours' riding towards Moosul or Ninave.<sup>1</sup>

April 14.—The Caravan lay still, and M. Dowglasse, M. Letter, my Nephew, and I went to see a great Tower called Nimrod, built of Sun-burnt bricks, about 2 hours' riding from

<sup>1</sup> Nipeveh.

The great run 11 miles west of Baghdad, salled Akarkuf, also known as Tel Nimrad, Minar-an-Nimrad, and Kasr-Nimrad ("The Tower, or Mound, or Falace of Nimrod").—Y.

Emam Zade; & this morning I returned to Bagdat Bridge, where I mett Padre Georgio di Vandosme, from whom I received a packet of letters from Consul Nightingale and my Cousin, Robert Wakeman of Aleppo. About 9 o'clock we sett out from yo Bridge, and arrived at our Caravan, lying at Tangoos, near yo River Tigris.

April 16.—We set out before day and travelled & Mansura: 6 houres.

April 17.—We set out by 5 o'clock and travelled through cornfields, and lay amongst them.

April 18.—We travelled 6 hours, and lay a little beyond Deegill.<sup>1</sup>

April 19.—We sett out by break of day and travelled 6 hours, and pitched by Usire-Beig's Tents, a Prince of your Arabs, who commands you country between Bagdat and Moosul; him we hired for P. 550 in money, and divers considerable presents, to conduct us with 50 horsemen to Moosul.

April 20.—We sett out a little after 4 o'clock and travelled till 11, and pitched upon ye banke of y° Tygris.

April 21.—We travelled 5 hours, and lay upon ye banke of ye River.

April 22 .- We travelled 2 hours to Tigrett.2

April 23.—We travelled 5 houres. These 4 last dayes journey was most of it through Cornfields.

April 24.—We rose very early, and travelled 3 hourse through the highest and finest meddows of 3 leaved grasse that ever I saw, intermixt with some thicketts of Tamarisk trees. It rained hard all the way. We pitched near an old Caravansarai.

April 25.—We rose before day, and travelled 9 houres to a place called Fina Su, which in Turkish signifies "Bad

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sumeighah, or *Dujetl*, 36 miles north of Baghdad, on the banks of an ancient canal bearing the latter name—" Little Tigris". (See J. R. G. S., ix, 444.)—X.

<sup>2</sup> Tekrit, on the Tigrid .- Y.

Water",1 taking its name from the brackishness of the water.

April 26.—We sett out by 3 o'clock and travelled 9 hours. We passed over a mountaine of exceeding white Marble, and pitched in a most pleasant, fruitful valley, near the river.

April 27. —We sett out by 5 this morring, and travelled over a most fruitful meadow of Rye Grasse, 3 leaved grasse, and sanfoin.

April 28.—We sett out at 3 o'clock and travelled 7 houres. About Sunrising we passed a Valley covered with a thick, Bitumenous substance of yo consistence of Pitch, of a strong Sulphurous Stench. About a muskett shot from hence we passed a small Rivulet; yo Water looked of yo colour of Brimstone. We judged it came from a mine of that nature. We pitched in a plaine opposite to yo mouth of yo River Zarbe.

April 29.—We sett out at 4, and travelled 7 hours over ye most pleasant, fertile Valley that we have yet seen, far exceeding any of yo former, being full of 3 leaved White, Red, and Yellow Honeysuckle grasse. We pitched our tents in another plaine, about a mile beyond yo hot baths, which proceed from these Sulphurous mines. Divers of our Company went into yo baths. Upon yo topp of yo Water (like a Gourn) they take off great quantity of a Black, Pitchy substance, which yo Natives chew in their mouths to fasten their teeth & for Wantonesse, which they call black Mastick.

April 30.—We arrived at Musul; its Latitude is 36° 15'.5

<sup>1</sup> Fand su .- Y.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These are the asphalt springs at Al-Kayvāra, or "The Pitch place", briefly described by W. Ainsworth in J. R. G. S., xi, 3.—Y.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Zab.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> These are the baths called Hammam'All, south of Mosul, also noticed by Ainsworth, i'id., p. 2.—Y.

Frue lat., 36° 25'.

This Citty stands on Mesopotamia side of y River Times. the River washing about a quarter part of its Walls. It is finely situated in a most fruitfull soile. The Citty is of large extent, about 3 miles in compasse; the walls, formerly very strong and thick, with a broad, dry ditch about them, fortified after yo old fashion, full of towers. On yo other side of yo River are to be seen vast Ruines of Buildings, which yo Natives say was Old Nineveh: this is on yo Caldea side. 4 miles (or thereabout) Westward of Musul stands a great old Church, to which yo Christians of this Citty, most of them of y's Nestorian Opinion, resort every Saturday, in yo Afternoon, and lye in yo Church, on carpetts, all night, to be early at their devotion in ye morning,-who are poor, ignorant creatures, for yo most part have little more knowledge of Christian Religion than yo strict observation of Lent, and their other fasts and festivals. Here is an honest, pcor Capuchin Fryer, a Frenchman, to whom we were much obliged for his civill respect to us, and information of all things remarkable in these parts.

Here our Arab Prince Usire tooke his leave of us, after he had consigned [us] to yo Pasha of Musul; and here we remained till yo 26th May, preparing ourselves for the prosecution of our Journey to Aleppo.

## May 1686.

May 12.—My Cousin, Nathanael Letter, having received letters from his Father, the same day he departed from Bagdat, to returne for Bengall in India. He came thus far with us on our journey, having provided all things necessary for that purpose, which could not be conveniently separated from ours till we came to stay at this place. Here he hired passage for himselfe and two servants for P. 15, on a Killet, which is a frame of wood buoyed up by a great number of goat-skins, blowne up as Bladders with wind, and fastened to the frame: with these devices they carry and transport to

Bagdat vast weights and great store of goods, with a small draught of water, and, the River being very rapid, performe their Voyage in 2 dayes and a halfe, which we were 15 days coming up by land. I tooke leave this evening about sunsett of my cousin Letter, upon his Killet, wishing him a prosperous Voyage for Bengal, and returned to my tents, about halfe e mile out of y Citty.

May 15.—I went to see the Nestorian Church, an hour's riding distant from Musull, where we were most courteously entertained by yo Christians.

May 17.—The Caravan of Camels (our Carryage was of Mules) pitched at yo North Gate of yo Citty.

May 18.—A new Mussellim<sup>1</sup> (a Pasha's Deputy) arrived at Musul, to whom we thought good to give some small presents, to prevent him doing us any mischief.

May 20.—The Mansoold' (or displaced) Pasha of Kirkookes (a Citty in Chaldea) arrived over against Musul, and pitched his tents there, to take yo opportunity and advantage of our Company, being on his returne for Constantinople.

May 26.—We left Musul, and ferryed over yo Tigris with all our goods very early in yo morning, and pitched on yo Chaldean side.

May 27.—We set out by 4 in y morning, and travelled 6 hours over a fertile, good Country, rull of grasse and cornfields, and pitched by a towne inhabited by Koords and Ezeedees. These people are said to worship the Devil.

May 28. We travelled 6 hours over a most delicious

<sup>1 &</sup>quot;Mussellim" is musallim used for mutasallim, "a lieutenant to a governor, sent before to take possession for his superior", but commonly used for a governor of a certain rank. "Mansool'd" is a quasi-English participle, made from ma'zūl, "displaced or superseden."—Y.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Kerkak, 60 to 70 miles east of the Tigris, the seat of a Pashalik, and famour for the great naphtha springs near it.—Y.

<sup>3</sup> Ainsworth describes a visit to the Yeards near Mosal, in J. R. G. S., vi, 21, seqq.; and Layard does the like in Ningock and its Remains, I, ch. ix.—Y.

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country, and pitched on yo top of a hill, near a delicate, large fountaine.

May 29.—We set out at 3, and travelled till 9 o'clock, through a pleasant and fruitful country, having passed over a small but exceeding rapid river.

May 30.—We rose by 2 in yo morning, and travelled over a great Plaine, 5 hours, to yo foot of a Mountain, where yo usual stage is for Caravans to repose; but our Mulemen, knowing yo straightness and difficulty of yo Passage, by reason of yo scraggedness of yo Recks, thought good to pass all difficulties this day, and lodged on a plaine halfe way over yo mountaine.

May 31.—We sett out early, and passed y° rest of y° mountaine, on y° skirts of which were many Arab Tents, and pitched at Zacloo,¹ on y° banks of the lesser river Caboor, in y° Bey of Amadee's territories, who is a Christian Prince of y° Nestorian Religion,² and is able to bring 20,000 Coords, all able Soldiers, into y° field, for his own defence.

#### June 1686.

June 1.—We rose at break of day and passed y bridge over y river Caboor, for which we paid 2 Bagdattees and for every horse, mule, or asse in our Company. About 3 hours after we passed this bridge we forded over the river Chissell, a very rapid stream. This river divides the country of Amadee and Gizra. We pitched near a Vidage wholly inhabited by Nestorians.

June 2.—We rose by 3 in yomorning, and travelled 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Read Zackoo. Zākhū ia on the (Kurdish) Khābūr, about 50 miles E. by S. of Jazīra. Sec Balgor, Nestorians, i, 70.—Y.

<sup>2</sup> Amadiya, formerly a great centre of the Nestorian or Chaldman. Christians, and seat of a hereditary Pashalik, about 60 miles N.W. by N. of Mosal.—Y.

<sup>3</sup> The Reiss or Khird, joins the Kurdish Khabur & little below Zakha. (See Ritter, ix, 716.)—Y.

hours, having the Mountaines of Coordistan on young the hand and you Tigris on you left. On the top of one of these Koordistan Mountains, the country people say Neah's Arke rested. We pitched in a rich plaine, full of all sorts of sweet Herbes and Mulberry trees.

June 3.—We set out by 3 in yo morning, and travelled over a hill which brought us in sight of yo City Gizra, where we arrived about an hour after Sunrising. It stands on an Island in yo Tigris, ever which, from yo Caldean or Assirian side, you are conveyed by a Bridge of boates to yo Citty, and on yo Mesopotamian side by a Stone bridge without Arches, over which are loose boards layed, to be taken up on a suddaine, to prevent yo incursion of Arabs. The City is walled, but now gone much to decay: here we payed a dollar for every load of goods; besides considerable presents to yo Governor and Customer. We were here refreshed with plenty of fruit, as Apples, Apricots, Cherrys, & black and white Mulberries. We continued several dayes at this place.

June 6.—We crossed the river and pitched on Mesopotamia side. This evening we went to see some pleasant Gardens on y side of a Hill to y Westward of y Citty, watered with divers large Fountains of excellent good water, full of watercresses.

June 7.—We sett out early, and travelled over a stony, morntainous Country full of springs, which, notwithstanding the stones, makes it full of grass; and in divers places are to be seen large fields of rice. This evening newes was brought us that we must returne to Gizra: Mehmet Usire (who commands y whole country between Moosul and Diarbekir), a Prince of Arabs, having sent a menacing letter to

<sup>1</sup> Ac., on Jibat Jūdi, a range of great height, 80 miles nearly due north of Yosul, generally believed by the Mahomedans to be the resting-place of North's Ark.—Y.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Jazira (ot Jezireh), i.e., "The Island", soni-stimes called Juzira-Ibn Omar, on the Tigris 90 to 100 miles above Mosai.—Y.

y Bey of Gizra, "if he permitted us to pass through his country that way, and came not downe towards Nisibeen to pay his duty which he demands of all Caravans, he would destroy all y subjects of Gizra, and villages belonging to them": to which command we thought it our safest course to yield obedience, after we had spent much money and loss of time to no purpose.

June 8.—We returned to Gizra againe. This night, Phettee Chellibea, a Nestorian, brought me assurance from Mehmet Usire (whom he had been to visit) that I should have safe passage through his country, and be kindly used by him.

June 9.—We sett out with y° Pasha of Kirkooke (being upon his returne to Constantinople from his government on Caldea side), with some 'merchant subjects of y° Grand Seignor that came in his company. Our Caravan now consisted of above 1000 Camells and Mules, with about 300 horsemen, and lodged always in the fields as near as we could where we might have y° greatest plenty of Water.

June 10.—We sett out very early, travelling through a pleasant country well watered with small rivulets, and grasse to ye horses' bellies. This day, yo Pasha of Kirkooke, seeing me on yo road, sent a person desiring to speak with me. I rode with him about 2 hours, discoursing of divers parts of yo world, especially of the East Indies: he is an ingenious, civill person, Nephew to yo famous old Vezier Cuperlee.

June 11.—We rose early and travelled 8 hours over a pleasant country, as was that of yesterday. This day we met with Mehmet Usire, the Prince of y' Arabs governing this part of y' Country. We pitched near his tents. He was accompanyed with about 200 horse, and 40 or 50 footmen with long guns. I went to wait on him, and a great carpet, being

Keperli, Pasha of Darassons, made Vistr by Mahomed IV in 1666, when already lighty years of age; a strong, segacions, and mercifications, died in 1661, and was succeeded by his son—Y.

spread, we sat down and drank Coffee, and were entertained with you sual ceremonies and civilities of the Country. These 2 days last past we had yo Mountain Sanjar in sight to yo Southward of us, out of which arises yo River called yo Great Caboor, which empties itself into yo Euphrates above Ana. The Arabs say Noah's Arke was built in this mountaine, and that it struck first in this place, and part of afterwards on yo mountaine in Koordistan (before mentioned) called Gibbal Jeude. This night we made our present to Mehmet Usire, yo Arabian Prince.

June 12.—This morning Mehmet Usire, out of some particular designe to enhance our dutys, caused us to raise our tents and pitch them againe about 2 hours' riding from y' Pasha of Kirkooke. All this day was spent in capitalisting with y' Arabs about payment of our dutys; but night came on before they could be adjusted.

June 13.—We were detained till 2 in y° afternoon by Mehmet Usire before we could make an end with him, and then were forced to pay him P. 1800 in money and goods. The Villaine would not permitt us to sett up our tents all this day, but forced us to lye broyling in y° Sun all this day to afflict us. Having procured his permission to depart, we made all possible haste to reach Nisibeen, where it pleased God to bring us in safety an houre within night.

A little before we rose this afternoone, Mehmet Usire, like a perfidious Thief, ordered his brother, with a party of 25 Horsemen, to goe before and lye in a convenient place undiscovered, a little distance from y\* road, on purpose to assault

<sup>1</sup> The Khabur, anc. Chaboras, joins the Euphrates at the site of ancient, C. cesium, a long way above Anah.—Y.

<sup>\*</sup> See p. 226.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The symbol in the copy is obscure, but seems to mean constructions. The Turkish plastre struck in 1757, was worth is 1042. In Hedgestime it probably meant a large sum, but it is difficult to assertate.—X.

me and drive away my Sisanall, or Sumter Horse, with many of my laden Mules as he was able to procure. But it having pleased God to put it into my thoughts to make greater haste than ordinary to reach and pass a Bridge over a good large River about 2 miles short of Nisibeen, to avoid ye crowd of mules which many times would force us to wait halfe an houre for an opportunity to pass over, coming to yo Bridge, notwithstanding yo great haste I made, a parcell of laden mules were got before me. I then ordered my Servant that led yo Sisen'll to ford the River, which he scrupeling, not knowing its depth, I tooke yo Sisenall in my owne hand and got safely over: which I had no sooner done but I heard a great noise, and 2 or 3 guns fired, and was presently told yo Caravan was assaulted by 25 Horsemen commanded by Mehmet Usire's Brother, who, missing of me in ye hurry (by Divine Providence), sett upon a Turk Merchant's goods, of Aleppo, and carryed away 2 mules' lading of fine Indian Cloth, and a Sisenall of provisions and other necessaries, which they supposed to be mine, and missed of their designe but a few minutes, I being providentially got over the river before the Spie2 employed by them could give them intelligence of my being got so near ye bridge.

The Turke Merchant that was robbed returned yonext day to Mehmet Usire, and 'amentably complayning at his unjust and unkind usage (having paid him all his duties, and being fairly dismissed by him), the perfidious Arab told him lie was exceeding sorry for his misfortune, his Brother's designe and his being only to take 2 or 3 mules' lading of my goods and Sisenall with Sapetts,3 which he thought were full of

There is a Pers. word Saiskhāna, a beast of burden, a bat-horse. And in Bianchi's Dict. (Turc-Français), 1835, we find that this in Turkish is commonly made into Saisnè (or Saisna). This must be the word used by Hedges, though we cannot account for the termination.—Y.

<sup>2 1.</sup>e., Spo'i, horseman, same word as sipahi, or sepoy.-Y

<sup>2</sup> Qu. sa. ad, "basket"?

money; but seeing he was so unfortunate, he should have all his goods restored to him: which he fully performed, save only a few trifles to a small Value taken by his brother,—so maliciously bent are these villainous Arabs to y destruction of Europeans,

June 14.—We sett out by 4 o'clock and travelled to Cara-Derry,¹ 6 houres, where we saw y⁵ ruines of exceeding costly and sumptuous buildings, well described by Mons. Tavernier. It is now a small town with pretty gardens on y⁵ back side of y⁵ hi'l, out of sight of travellers. Here we were mett by y⁵ Customer of Diarbekeer, who tolled our loads, and tooke y⁵ custom & dutys of all the 3 places of Nisibeen, Mardeen, & Diarbekir.

June 15.—As we were setting out early this morning by breake of day, we were overtaken by our Turke Merchant who was robbed of his 3 mules' lading of goods near Nisibeen; he came to us starke naked, with one person more in you like condition, having been robbed of his horse and stripped to his skin by 12 Arab horsemen, which he counted, and believes them more, who told him they came thither on purpose to surprize and set upon me as I was rising, but, meeting with him in youry nick of time, lost their opportunity to put their intended designe into execution, being informed by their Spie that I was mounted and following the caravan in so good order that they durst not adventure to assault me: so mercifully has it pleased God to shew himselfe in preferring me this second time. For both deliverances I beseech him to make me truly thankful.

¹ Kara Darah, or Dara, the lite of the famous Daras, or Dara, fortified first by Anastasius, and then by Justinian, as a barrier against Persia; taken, after a siege of five months, by Cuoarces (Naushivuan). See Gibbon, chs. xl and xlvi. Tavernier, 'in the passage which Hedges resers to (Ph. 11, ch. iv), calls the place Karasara. It is said, in the Dict. of Gr. and Rom. Geog., a.v. Daras, that "D'Anville has tried, but we think in vain, to find any town or ruins which may mark the site of Daras." But see Ritter, xi, 398, seqq.; and see Niebuhr, Vo. 196, ii, 872; Dupro, V. en Perse, ii, 86. Ainsworth, J. R. G. S., x. 526.—X.

June 16.—This day we travelled 5 hours to a small Christian Village under Merdeen, which Citty stands upon a steep.

Hill, and y Castle upon y top of it.

We rose about half an hour after 3 o'clock, not without apprehensions of some danger, being credibly informed 30 horsemen lay privately on the road to surprize us before we entered yo hills. I provided for them the best I could by keeping my servants in good order (expecting little or no helpe from the Caravan), but, God be praised, saw none of them. We lay in a pretty little valley between yo Hills. On the top of one of them was a vast rock, out of which were many great Grottos, curiously cutt out, with vast expence, and divers cisterns for water, besides great ruines, which caused us to believe it had been a most stately building.<sup>2</sup>

June 17.—We sett out at 3, and travelled 8 hours over divers small rising Hills and fine, pleasant, well-watered Valleys; y<sup>o</sup> Hills covered with Oaks, and the Valleys with plenty of grasse and corne. We passed by a pretty town, y<sup>o</sup> greatest part of it cut out of a Rock, called Sheck Zooly.<sup>3</sup>

June 18.—We sett out at 3, and travelled 2 hours over hills and valleys, and then came into a pleasant Downe 3 hours farther, and pitched in sight of Diarbekir.

June 19.—We travelled 4 hours, and pitched near a Christian Village called Alli Punar, about half an hour from Diarbikeer, which lies in ye Late of 38° N.4

June 20 .- I went into yo Cit, of Diarbikeer to visit yo

Mr. Ainsworth (1840) also "had intended not to go up the hill to Mardin, but await at Goi, a Christian village on the plain S., a little W., of the city" (J. R. G. S., x, 524).—Y.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The place seems to be the Shech Chan of Niebuhr, Voyaze, ii, 323.—Y.

<sup>3</sup> Sheikh Zuli, in Otter, quoted by Ritter, xi, 385 .- Y.

<sup>4 &</sup>quot;On a key de l'eau en abondance, en partie de la petite rivière adit pour, et eu partie des fontaines" (Niebuar, ii, 826). His route-map shows the village of Ali pour about half a German mire west from Diarbekr.—Y.

Peach Padres of y Order of St Francis, who received and quartelned me with great civility and respect.

Musellim of Distrikeer, y latter of which is y most insolent, proud fellow that ever I saw in Turkey, or any other part of y world where I have travelled. Here we continued till y 6th of July.

Diarbikeer is a large, well-built Citty, as full of Inhabitants as any in these parts, situate upon yo banks of yo Tigris, on Mesopotamia side, in a most fruitful valley.

## July 1686.

July 2.—This morning, a little before day, my two Muffrages,1 or large Portmanteaus, wherein my bedding was carryed, with all my wearing apparell, Sword, Pistols, Gold Watch, Yamerlook, and divers other necessaries, together with my two Servants' cloaths, were stolen out of my tent, as near as could be to my Bed's head, 6 or 7 Servants then lying round about met. So soone as I missed them in yo morning I gave notice of it to yo Voyvode, who commanded all my Servants before him. After strict examination he chose out 2 persons: the Chout,2 an Armenian, who had charge of watching my tent that night; and my Moscalagee,8 or person who carries yo light before me in yo night: these two he sent to y Massellim, who presently clapt them in chaines. This afternoon a Stranger that had been seen for two nights past to associate with y said Mossalagee, and entertained by him, was taken upon suspicion, and also clapt into Irons; and this night, I hear, were severely drubbed to confesse; but no discovery being made, are continued still in prison.

difrash, " travelling bag".-Y.

Should apparently be chous; s.c., T. chaush .- Y.

July 4.—This Stranger, being y° 8rd person clapt in prison, not discovering who stole my Muffragees, I caused them to be all taken out of chaines, which cost me, all charges, P. 40. The Mussellim was advised to drub y° Christian Chout¹ to death, assuring himselfe that would be a means to bring him in 2 or 3 purses of money to satisfie the Grand Seignor for y° death of his Subject,—such is y° Tyranny and Injustice of y° Turkish Governors in these parts.

July 6.—About 4 o'clock this morning we sett out from Diarbikeer, and, travelling 6 Foures, pitched near a fountaine of good water, in good pasture for our horses.

July 8.—I was taken with so violent a paine on ye inside of my thigh that it put me into a great fever.

July 9.—We arrived at Severick, a small towne near yeruines of an old Castle. The Aga of this place takes P. 4 on every load of goods, besides a present to his satisfaction. The 4 last dayes journey from Diarbikeer to this place are the most stoney and troublesome for cattell to passe that ever I saw, almost as inconvenient as yesteep hills of Cong in Persia. The pain of my thigh, and fever, continuing violent and strong upon me, I hired a Chamber in ye towne, to lye out of ye noise of ye Caravan.

July 10.—My thigh began to swell, ye paine and fever continuing.

July 11.—The swelling of my thigh increased and my Fever something abated. I am now assured my fever is occasioned by this excessive great paine in my thigh; and that, I conceive, may proceed from the growing of one of those dangerous Wormes which are bred by drinking those putrid and corrupt waters at Cong (two of our Company being afflicted with those kinds of Wormes at this present); or else I apprehend it has pleased God to strike me with a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See p. 232.

<sup>2</sup> Severek; S verok of Niebuhr (ii, 329), half-way between Diarbekr, and Orfa.

Plague Sore. His Gracious Will be done in all things: a little more patience will discover what it is. Blessed be God for so much strength and intermission as I enjoy at present, to sitt up and write this account of it. I have bespoke, and am promised a Horse Litter to carry me (if God gives me life) as far as Anlab.1

July 12.- The last night I took two lerge doses of Sal Prunello (in two hours' time), which caused me to sweat so freely that before morning it carried off my Fever (God be praised for it); but the swelling and paine of my thigh rather increased than any wise abated. This morning 1 got into my horse litter, and travelled 6 hours to ye side of a Hill, near a pretty little river, where we had store of good grasse for our horses. The swelling and paine of my Thigh, as also my fever, increased now to that degree that I was able to write no longer in my Journal, and, despairing of recovery, thought it impossible for me to hold out so long as to goe to Aleppo; however, contrary to my expectation, it pleased God so far to enable me that I arrived at Aleppo on ve 29th July 1686, being the very day 12 Months that my Cousin Nathanael Letter and I set out of Cong in Persia.

## August 1686.

August 2.- My thigh was lanced by my fellow traveller, Mr. Robert Dowglasse, who performed ye Operation with great judgement and dexterity. There issued out near a Pint of Corruption, and continued running very much till ye latter end of September.

> Ser tember 1686. [No diary.]

## October 1686.

October 26.7-I set out of Aleppo towards Scanderoon,

<sup>1</sup> This must mean Aleppo (Halab),-Y

accompanied with Consul Thomas Metcalfe and late Consultation. The French Consul, Mons' Julian, did me the konor likewise to send out 6 of his Nation to attend me, who came all together to a baiting place about 2 hourse riding out of Aleppo, where we parted (after yo usual manner) with our Aleppo Friends, and lay this night at Hangear, in compwith my Cousin, Robert Wakeman, Mr Arthur Browns (at whose house I lay at Aleppo), and Mr Darly.

October 27.—Mr Browne and Mr Darly returned to Aleppo. My Cousin Wakeman, Nephew Robert Hedges, and I continued our Journey, and lay this night at yo Coordeen Village, in yo Plaines of Antioch.

October 28.—We lay at Byland, 7 miles short of Scanderoon.

October 29.—About 9 o'clock this morning we arrived at Scanderoon. Mr Fisher, ye Vice Consul, and divers French Merchants mett us about a mile out of town. Here I was most courteously invited by Capt. Spence, Commander of the Levant Merchant, and lay aboard his Ship.

October 30.—Capt. Spence invited Mr. Fisher, Mr. Peter Renouf, Mr. Dowglasse, and my Cousin Wakeman aboard his Shippe to a noble entertainement.

October 31.—The same Company were all invited by Capt. Renouf, and dined aboard his Shippe, Junes y' Second.

## November 1686.

November 1.—This afternoon my Cousin Wakeman took his leave, and returned to Aleppo. My Nephew Hedges and I, in a short time after, went aboard the French Shippe, in whom we designed to take our passage for Marseilles, called yo Nostre, Dama della Guarda, commanded by Captain Corraill, of that Port.

November 2.—The Wind blowing fresh at South West, we continued in Scanderoon Road.

Nivember 3, 4, 5.—The weather continuing very stormy, with great gusts and violent Showers of raine from ye mountaines, we lay in Scanderoon Road. This day, 5th, ye Shippe Charles imported1 from Leghorne, consigned to Mr. Peter de Leau & Mr. Darly of Aleppo. The wind blew so hard this night that it broke one of our Cables, and had very near driven yo Charles ashore.

November 6.—The weather cleared up, and yo James yo Second & our Capt. Corraill set saile together about sunset for Cyprus.

November 8.—We arrived at Cyprus.

November 9.—Capt. Renouf arrived at Cyprus. This morning I went ashore at Solinus. Monst. Balthazar Sauuan (Consul for ye English, French, and Dutch Nations) sent me his horse to carry me to Larnica, where I was received and entertained with the greatest respect and civility imaginable till yo 15th ditto.

November 15 .- This evening I went aboard of Capt. Corrail. The Commander of yo Hollands Convoy did me the favour to carry me first aboard his owne Shippe, and after Supper sent me on board ye French man.

This night Captain Renouf sett sail for England; but our Commander, finding yo wind contrary, and like to be dirty weather, waited for a more seasonable opportunity.

November 13.—We sailed this morning from Cyprus. November 20 .- We lost sight of yo Island of Cyprus.

## December 1686.

December 7.—Being Tuesday, we had a violent Storm at North and N.E. off y west end of Candy, which put us into so great a terror that we broke and threw overboard our least

Mr. ledges uses this word for "came into port". See again mader heary 3rd, 22nd, and 23rd, 1687.-Y.

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boat, all our empty Water casks, and whatever else lay in your mariners' way upon the deck. It began about noone; you violence of it continued till Midnight, and then abated. We steered W. b. N. and W.N.W., under a Fore Course reefed and lowered halfe Mast. [il] Most of your Shipp's crew, as well as your Passengers, gave themselves up for lost. God be praised for this deliverance.

December 13.—This day about Noon we discryed yo Island of Sicilia.

December 15.—About Sunset we saw Cape Bono, and came up with it before morning.

December 16 & 17. Little wind, and that contrary.

December 18.—It continued all day calme, scarce so much wind as to govern the Ship. In younorning we had sight of Sardinia at a great distance.

December 19.—We came up with Sardinia, but yo Wind blowing fresh at West and W.S.W., were forced to saile on yo East side of yo Island. The wind increased this night to a Storme, but continued not above 2 or 3 hourse, and then grew calme.

December 20.—We came up and spoke with a French Settee of Marsels, wanting two months from Smirna: we spared them some bread for their relief. By breake of day this morning we discovered a small Shippe lying under the land, with her sails hauled up, which she soone let full and stood up to us. We displayed our Colours, and she putt out English Colours, but standing in againe close to ye shore. We took her to be a Corsaire.

December 21.—We came up with ye Island Corsica. In ye afternoon a Shippe lying close under ye shore stood out towards us, and perceiving she got much upon us, we hauled up our Main sail and Fore saile and stayed for her. Coming

<sup>&</sup>quot;A single-decked Mediterranean vessel with a long and sharp prowiting topmasts, and carrying lateen sails" (Adm. Smyth) Mord-book).—Y.

up with us, she proved an Argiers man of war of 20 guns and 150 men. Having peace with France, she only wished us a good Voyage, and stood towards Sardinia. She told us yo ship we saw yesterday was her Consort, belonging to Argiers. This night it blew very fresh, and carryed us about half the length of Corsica.

December 22.—By 6 o'clock this morning it blew a most violent Storme at North, insomuch that for divers hours we could carry no more than a little stay sail to keepe the Ship before the Wind; after some time they got out a little part of our Mainsail, which was all we were able to carry this day and all the night following.

December 23 .- The Storme continued without yo least intermission perceivable till towards 2 or 3 in ye afternoon. We continued our course due South; but fearing before day we might be driven upon yo Africa Shoare, lay by with part of our Fore saile. It pleased God that all this night yo wind was so favourable that we were able to lay our head to the weather.

December 24.—About break of day the storme returned to its former Violence and Rage; and being no longer able to lye by, bore up before it, making all yo sail we could to recover the Port of Tunis, which, by God's great mercy to us, we obtained, and anchored in yo Road (5 miles short of you sual place of riding) before it was quite so darke that I could not see my hands—for which great Deliverance I besetch ye Lord to make me truly thankful.

December 25 .- The wind blew so hard that we could not send our boats ashore.

December 26.—Our boat set me ashore at y Castle of Goletta, where I hired a horse and Guide for P. 11 to conduct m. w y. English Consul at Tunis, Thomas Goodwyn, Esq. who received me with demonstrations of ye greatest respect & civility that could be showne. He went with me to visit yo King, who made us sitt downe by him, and entertained

us with Coffee, enquiring after y affaires of Turky and Christendom. Having taken leave of y. King, we went and saw all ye Castle, which is well stored with excellent good Gunns of Brasse and Iron.

December 27 .- We continued at Tunis till our Scrivan, or purser, had made "Consolato" for yo damage done yo Shippe and goods in ye two stormes we have had since we left Cyprus. We mett here in Port y' ship Neptune, Capt. Milborne commander, and ye Ship Francis, Captain Fore commander. At ye Consul's house was Capt. Wickers, a person who came to seek employment.

December 28.-I took leave of Consul Goodwyn, Capt. Milborne did me the favor to lend me his boat, and accompanyed me himself to Goletta, and thence aboard his Shippe, where I was nobly entertained, and saluted with 13 Guns at our going off, yo Captain himself accompanying me on board of our Shippe, Capt. Corrail, who immediately weighed anchor and sett sail for Marseille, being about 4 o'clock in yo afternoon, with a fair wind; but as soon as we gott without yo Cape of Porta Ferine yo Wind chopped about and blew hard at North and N.W.

December 29 .-- We returned and anchored in y" Bay of Tunis, over against yo watering place, nearer yo Shipps than we lay before.

[No further entry till January 3.]

## January 1687.

January 3 .- The last night and all this day it hath blowne a very great Storme at North and N.N.W. About Noon a Ship imported with French Colors.

January 4.—The Storme continued exceeding violent all ye last night; our long boat at ye Sterne was filled full of water. About 12 at Noon ye rage of ye Wind and Sea somewhat abated; but ye waves ran still very high and violent, the Sky continuing much clouded.

January 5.—The Storme being much abated, Consul Goodwyn wrote me a most kind letter, and sent me a noble present of fresh Provisions by Capt. Milborne's bost, on which I went ashore ye second time to ye Consul's house at Tunis, accompanyed with my Nephew, Robert Hedges, Monstanesse, a Frenchman, and Sig. Clockner, a Hollander.

January 6, 7, 8, & 9.—The Wind blew a great Storm at W. and N.W. by W.

January 10.—The Wind coming up fresh at East and S.E., I tooke my leave of Consul Goodwyn, and came down in a Towne boat to the Castle at Goletta. The sea ran so high that the Boatmen would not adventure to carry us over the Barr; but Capt. Milborne discovering of us with his prospective Glasse, sent his Pinnace to bring us aboard; which it pleated God they performed, though with ye greatest hazard & difficulty imaginable, the Seamen being all, except ye Coxon, in ye Water as high as their Armepitts, to force ye boat & run her upon ye sand through ye Waves, which were very furious and lofty, as usuall upon Barrs. Capt. Milborne, perceiving ye Hazard, came off in his Yall to our assistance & see us safe aboard ye French Shippe, designing himselfe to goe ashore this night (if possible) to Tunis.

January 11.—The Storme increased to a great Violence all this day and you night following.

January 12.—This morning it rained hard, and y' Wind very much abated.

January 13.—The wind increased last night to a greater degree of Violence than it hath done since we came into this port; and this day if has cleared up to a calme from 8 o'clock this morning.

January 14.—The Wind came up a faire and gentle gale, 2. C. and E.S.E., as faire a Wind as could blow; but because it rained a small drizling shower our Hen-hearted Provinsa'ls, would not putt to sea till they saw 'le Weather better settled.

"The Acceptance (Agreet) for the property of the Acceptance of the

January 15.—The wind coming about last highly opiois to y N.E. and N. b. E. our Captain did not likely like to weigh his anchor, but lay still in y port of Tradition Winds this day being pretty moderate, Capt. Colleged camp absent and dyaed with us and invited me to discuss the wing to-morrow about his Shippe, y Numidia.

January 10.—The Wind springing up at E. b. N. this last milit we weighed Anchor, and set sail about halfe an house after I' of clock this morning. Being got as far out of y Bay of Marin as y Point of Ports Fering, the Wind encreased to a Boome, and so continued all night. Our course, W.N.W.; Wighte at East and R. b. S.

Jamery 17.—By 8 in y morning we saw the Island of Sardinia. By 10 this morning y Vind efforesed to a violent form. We bore away before it all y breadth of Sardinia, and before night undfored hear y Island Palma de sol, in West side of Sardinia is a good harbour.

Jestere 18.—We lay at anchor; wind at S.E., as falled a clay blows has our destardly reariness durat not adventable to Sea, for force; it should blow as hard abroad as it apprendent.

the way 19 -- We gon ander collecting marning by bear

\*14.77

ultimes, but sessing the weather a little more overnart swance soon passed over, with a small shower of range), day Magness hearts fainted, and we returned to anchor near y same passes from whence we weighted, and had steered N.N.W., y. days course for Marseilles.

Japanny 20.—A French Settes sailed by us y last night, and anchored near y bottom of y Bay. She came from Toulou, and bound for Tunis. Our boat vent ashore this morning to fill water and bring what provisions they can procure from y inhabitants. About noon y Winds came up fresh at N.W. At Sunsett the Settes sailed for Tunis.

January 21.—Our boat went ashore to buy provisions. Wind at N.E. A great Shame that we are not at Sea, to make y's best use of it. About noon a Settee coming from y's Eastward anchored at y's mouth of y's Harbour.

Markery 22.—This last night proving very clear and faire Wanther, our Captain for mear shame weighed anchor, and satt sail by daybreake, passing by y Settee that it ported yesterday: she spared us a Kintail of Biskett. She wanted 4 dayes from Marseilles, and is bound for Candia. Being gett without y Island Palma, we found the Wind N. and N. b. W—a fresh gale; and so returned and anchored before Noone ir y Galf of Palma, where another Settee spared us kind of Biskett & some salt Fish—provisions being very scarce with us.

January 23 & 24.—We lay in y Bay of Palma with very fairs weather. A Tartan' that imported y 22 - and from y Lovant sett sails about Midnight; we conceive her bound for Marseilles. About 2 o clock this afternoon a gentle gale sprung up a West; yett our Block-headed Captain and Mariners did not think fits to flett sails.

Jonathy 55.—The Wind coming up in 5° night at West, we got duder Saile this morning before day; by New gy

Wing seeing to re N.W., and abstitutes we have seen and that we were forced to our old Harbour of y-Spirit of pairing. This is our 3rd between God send us hepter fortupe y seem departure.

January 26.—The wind blew exceeding light all plant night, and companies see to do this morning at West. Our Deptain is of opinion it is y greatest Storms we have had since we came to see. God he praised, we are in a vary good Port.

Junuary 27.—Yesterday, towards evening, y Wind came, about to yo N.W. and N.N.W., and blew most violently y greatest part of last night till towards this morning, when it absted with a great Showere of Raine, and continues still at M.W.

January 28.—Last night it blew very hard, and this marning early it encreased to an exceeding great Storme, second that our Captain and Mariners (who ought to have hall p ore conrage) despaired of saving their lives, and gave all for lost, betaking themselves wholly to their prayers. The chief occasion of their fears was the Shipp's driving towards y Shore, though we had 3 anchors ahead, and ac least 2 miles drift.

About 2 o'clock in ye afternoon our Captain and mariners grew into great disorder and confusion; most were for cutting the Cables, and running ashore in the best Creeke we could find; others for cutting down ye Mainmast; and some few for ricing it and expecting God's providence—which extet course had been ye best; but it determined in cutting downers Mainmast, which was done about halfe an hour after two, when ye Storm began to abate, and before Smusett we had little Wind.

We then wisht agains (but too late) for our Main mast.
Our boat was sunke at our Sterne in y morning by naglect,
for not throwing out y water. In this discussion the
Mariners throw every thing everyoned that he was the said

Heate, Made at thouse as a few sticks of Wood to sive sever Meete, Sad a Top Gallant Man; or something like the remember I cutrosted hard to save y boat's Grappian.

God Almighty's Name be praised for thy great deliverance of grant I may never be necessitated to take my passage upon a Province of They are certainly y must despairing low spirited Maximus in y World when they are brought to any extremity.

January 29.—It was calme all y last night, and this morning we began to weigh our Anchors and clear our boat of y Water, intending to sails downs to y bottom of y Bay to realt y Shippe. God knows how long that may be.

At 9 o'clock this morning, observing two Settees sailing out of this Bay, I prevalled on y' Captain to make a West of his Antient and fire a Gun, in hopes that one of them at least (seeing our distresse) would come on board, pretending to send a letter to some Port of Italy or France. It pleased God that this designe tooke its desired effect. The jest of y' Settees bound for Mayorke, without lading, having only 2 Spaniards, passengers, aboard, came to our side, with whom I agreed for P. 325° to carry my Nephew and me, with y' rest of our passengers (we paying P. 200 of y' said money), to Marseilles. We would have embarked on y' Settee immediately, but her commander, Capt Guiran, was not then willing to receive us, pretending he would first clear his Cabbin of y' Spaniards, and (Wind & weather permitting) come to us y' naxt morning.

January 30.—The Settee came to us according to her Committeder's promise, and having taken leave of Capt. Correil (by whom I was most respectfully treated, and saluted with 7 Cans at my departure), I went on board y Settes, who setted immediately, and arrived at Ports Scolle, a small village.

A La., Majorca

Figures but seles plantes? Probably Sp. righters. Y

with a Tower for its defence, on The limit Substitution of the Second States of the Second Se

danuary 31.—This morning early we put yo Spanished schore, and by 8 set saile for Marseilles. By 3 in yo After soon (finding yo wind contrary at Sea) returned and anchored at St. Peter's Island, and by Sunsett (yo Wind coming up at East again) we set saile yo second time for Marseilles.

# February 1687.

February 1.—The Wind coming up last night about 12 o'clock at N.W., and blowing hard, we lay by all night and before 10 this morning anchored againe, in a Storms of Wind under St. Peter's Island.

February 2 .-- About 12 o'clock noone, came into this road a small fly-boat with English Colours, who had lost all her Masts. My Nephew and I went aboard with our Capt to see what she wanted in this miserable condition. She is called y Providence, Daniel Morley, Commander, belonging to Mr James Denn of Marke Lane, London, laden with sale from Jussy, bound for Villa France. She mett with the Storme on ye 24th and 25th Ultimo, which was so violent that ye first day it carryed away her Foremost and Boltaprit and yo next day her Main and Mizen Masts, leaving ber like. Wisek. The Sea frequently running over her Poope, once ren on high as to wash and endanger ye carrying away. a man from off ye Main Yard. It broke and washt away her two boats, strongly lashed in 9 places, and carryed away her Sheet Ancher from her bow. I knew her Gunner, one Jeremy Bascum, formerly servant to M. Nathannel Letter in London.

February 8.—This morning, by breaks of day, ye Shapes Providence ran apround her Commander designing to go between ye Islands Sardinia and Lulya da Sol, where ye English Platts and Wagehest make a large passing; but in truth there is none, the said two Islands being joined together by a Bridge. The right passage is octween Painia and St Peter's Island. Y shippe had been there understiedly lost, and r men in great hazard of their lives (if any had escaped), had it not been for y great Diligence and Industry of Capt Guiran, who (for my sake) went off to her in his boat, and carryed out her anchors (her awne boats being all lost in y Storme), and helped to throw out 5 tons of her salt to lighten y Vessell, by which means she got off into 5 fathoms of Water.

Our Ceptain likewise lent her Commander, Capt. Morley, P. 50, not having any money to buy him provisions in this life extremity (for which I was his Security), and gave his bill for yo Sum on Messrs. Goodwin & Martin, in Marseilles.

February 4.—We lay in Harbour.

Pebruary 5.—We sailed about 3 o'clock this morning with a very bare wind, & by 11 o'clock at night anchored in yo Bay of Oristan (in our Platts called Napoli), a most excellent good harbour, sufficient to containe 500 sail of Ships. Its entrance is 10 miles at least. We mett here a French Shipps wanting 20 dayes from Cyprus. She has lost yo head of her Boltsprit, and cracked her Fore Topmast in foul Weather: she has lain here 17 dayes for a fair wind to Marseilles.

February 6 & 7.—We lay in the Bay of Orestan [Oristano].

February 8.—This morning, by 3 o'clock, y wind coming up at S.S.E., our Captaine sett saile. Without y Port we found y wind freshen upon us on y same Point, and con-

i f.e., Charts and Sailing Directories. But the second word should be We, mers, from the humons Dutch author on Navigation, Lucas Tanas Wa, henser, whose work, Spieghel der Zecouert, was translated, and popular in the English marked under the name of the Mariner's Mirror. See Mr. Tiple's Introduction to Dr. Burnell's Lipschoten, p. gavii (link. Soc., 1884), and Smyth's Wordshook, s. v. Wagginer.—Y.

tinned a strong gale all y day. Our Course M. N.W. b. N.

February 9.—The gale continued fresh all ye last night. This morning at Sunrising the weather begin to gree dity and loggy, with frequent showres of raine. About 11 we discovered ye lales of Airer [Hyères], near Toulon, which we had no sooner cone, but on a suddaine the wind came about contrary at S.W. and then N.W., so that we liad some trouble and difficulty to get into the said Harbour of yo Isles of Aires, where we anchored about 2 clock this afternoone. At Sunsett we weighed again, and ye wind increasing to a Storms with a N.W. wind, put into Toulon before morning.

February 10 .- I went into yo Citty of Toulon, and thence

into yo Lazaretta.

February 18.—I was visited in ye Lazaretta by Capt. Say. Capt. Gibson, Commander of ye George, Mr. Packston, & Mr. Sandland, this latter accompanying Capt. Say to you Read

Indies by way of Aleppo.

February 19 .- This morning y Officer of y Sanila gave me I went ashore in Captain Gibson's boat, accom-Prattick. panyed with Capt. Waters, Comman of [ with them in Toulon. I was invited to supper by Mons Sabatory, an eminent French merchant, and to bear me company he invited likewise Mons. Bidau, a Captain of one of the King of France's Men-of-War.

February 20.—I left Toulon at 7 o'clock in yo morning (being carryed in a litter), and arrived at Liarseilles about 7 at night, and lay at Mr. Hastings' house till y 28 Instant.

February 28.—This Morning my Nephew, Robert Hedges, & I sett out in a litter from Marseilles towards Lyons Wa oyned at St. Port, and lay at Lambase [i.e., Lambere].

# March 1687.

March 1.- I dyned at Orgone [i.e., Orgon] and Avignon.

March 2., it figured at Orange (them erbands y Printer of Orange takes his hitle) and laye at Bouleire (Relikens)

Mar as 3,—I dried at Mountilimer [Monteliment] and lay at Lorioli

March 4.—I dyned at Vallence & law at St Valle [St. Valler].

March 5.—I dyned at Le Poige de Roshion [? Peage de Roshion] and Ley at Victors.

March 6.—I arrived by 11 in yomorning at Lyons, and lay this night at you 3 Kings—a goo. Inu. Here I discharged our Muleteer, having paid him Livres 66, of P. 22, and hired 2 Places in yo Diligence for Paris, for which each person is to pay 22 Crowns. Diet included.

March 7.—We departed from Lyons in a boat, and lay at Mascoon [Magon].

Match 8.—We embarked again very early, and about noon arrived at Challoon [Chalons]. Here we took coach (paying 5, Sole per pound for our Portmanteaus, except 10<sup>th</sup> presented), and lay at Shaue [7 Chagny].

March S.—We sett out at 4 in yo morning, dyned at Army The Dud, and lay at Resolio [? Saulieu].

March 10.—We dyned at Busele Forgis and lay at Vermonton [Vermenton].

March.11.—We set out at 3 in y morning, & at 8 dyned at Osser [Auxerre], & lay at Villenenf-le-Roi [se, V. sur Youne]

March 12—We dyned at Vilneuf le guerre [Elguiard] and lay at Mejun

Marck 18.—By 10 in y' Morning arrived at Paris, and lay at y' Wills d'Assjoy, in the Delphin's Effect.

March 26.—About 19 o'clock this marning buy Nephew . Hedge and I cooke Coach for St Denis, and there took post towards Callin

The Fr. Livic at that time was at in 661 trearly therefore ! I was the confirmation appearance in more at p. 244 — I

March 29.—This morning lawwest as come and the morning lawwest as come and the morning lawwest as the come and the morning lawwest as the come and t

## April 1687.

Packet boat & Callis for Dover.

April 4 -At I this morning I arrived (praised be God) as

Dover, and lay this night at Canterbury.

Apri. 5.—This Evening I mett my Cousin, Dr. Charles, Hedges, my two Brothers Vanacker, Mr. Webster, Mr. Sukers, Mr. Mayres, & Mr. Wallopp, at Rochester.

April 6.—My brother and Sister, Sr. Jersmy Sambroke & his Lady, Mr. William Johnson and his Lady, my Consultation of the Sister Newton, and my 3 children, did me the honor to meet me at Blackheath and accompany ms to London, where I arrived (blessed be God) in good health this Evening.

April 7.—I waited upon my Lord High Chancellor Jefferya. accompanyed with Sir Rob. Clayton & Sir Jeremy Sambrocks. His Lordship was pleased to bid me welcome home, and to tell me (amongst other discourse) he did not care if all y lindia Compy knew he had a greater kindness and respect

for me than he had for Sir Josia Child.

# July 1687.

July 21.—I marryed Madam Anne Scarle, y Widew of Col. John Scarle of Finchly. The Office was performed by D John Tillotson, Deane of Canterbury, in Bassishaw Charely We dyned at my Uncle Anthony's house in Coleman Street, and went to Finchly in y Evening.

#### March 1688.

Morah 6.—This Afternoon his Majus King James pleased (as a marks of his Royall fa our) to constant the hone of Knighthood in his Bedchamber [Este the Internal ends abruptly, without any signature. The remaining half of the page is blank, as also the "sec leaf"; then eight leaves, which may or may not have been minuscript, have been roughly torn out; then follow tracks lank teaves, and on the fly leaf at the end of the book (a folious tracks by 9) are some memorard as follows:]

The removall of Agent Dacres (being greatly favoured and beloved by you King of Bantam), together with Mr. Arnold Whice's rude and uncivill carryage towards him at his first Arrivall, is judged to have been the cause of the losse of Bartam.

Sept. 24, 1685.—I presented y Calenter (or Chief of y Armenian Merchants) of Giulfa with a bag of Sugar of Okes 35, and another Bag to Hegea Kiragoos, his Brother, of Okes 391.

| The Citty of Lar in Peraia  |      | ))<br>)) | , 29°      | 40' Ñ. |
|---|------|----------|------------|--------|
| Spahan "  |      |          | -          | 40' N. |
| From Gombroon to Lar are I<br>,, Lar ,, Shiras<br>,, Shiras ,, Spahan | ,, 6 | 4= ,,    | 192<br>219 |        |
|   | -    |          | -          | miles  |

The English were expelled from Bantam on August 89th, 1682.— Oppora Hat. Fragments, p. 118; Bruce's Annals, ii, p. 486.

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